

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2013 CITY OF FORT WORTH, TEXAS

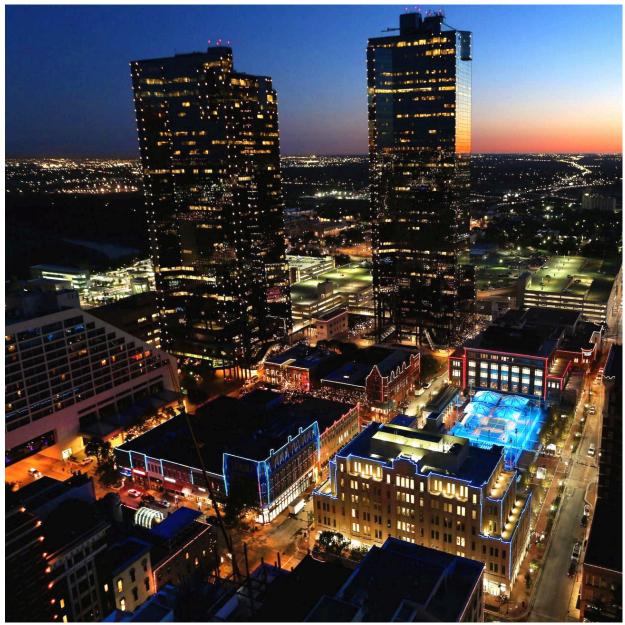


photo courtesy of Brian Luenser and Sundance Square

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2013

CITY OF FORT WORTH, TEXAS

ELECTED OFFICIALS

2013 CITY COUNCIL

Betsy Price, Mayor

Salvador Espino W.B. "Zim" Zimmerman Danny Scarth Gyna Bivens Jungus Jordan Dennis Shingleton Kelly Allen Gray Joel Burns

CITY MANAGER

Thomas Higgins

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

Aaron J. Bovos

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS
Deloitte & Touche LLP

Prepared by the Financial Management Services Department



CITY OF FORT WORTH, TEXAS

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION



March 18, 2014

Honorable Mayor, City Council, Citizens, and Stakeholders City of Fort Worth, Texas

We are pleased to present the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Fort Worth, Texas (City), for the year ended September 30, 2013. The City Charter Chapter X, Section 11 requires that an annual audit of all accounts of the City be made by an independent certified public accountant and an annual financial report be published by the City. This report is published to fulfill that requirement for the most recent fiscal year.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal controls established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

Deloitte & Touche LLP has issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on the City's financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2013. The Independent Auditors' Report is located in the beginning of the financial section of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the Independent Auditors' Report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the basic financial statements.

City of Fort Worth Profile

Fort Worth, incorporated in 1873, is a political subdivision and municipal corporation of the State of Texas, located in Tarrant, Denton, Parker, Wise and Johnson Counties. The City covers approximately 350 square miles and serves a population of 767,560.

Fort Worth operates under a Council/Manager form of government with a City Council comprised of the Mayor and eight Council members. The Mayor is elected at large and the eight Council members are elected from single-member districts. Both the Mayor and Council members serve two-year terms. In turn, the Mayor and City Council appoint the City Manager, City Attorney, City Secretary, City Auditor, and the municipal judges.

Services provided by the City under general governmental functions include public safety (police and fire protection), municipal courts, housing and economic development, planning and development, street maintenance, traffic control, code compliance, parks operation and maintenance, recreation, library services, public events, and general administrative services.

Water and sewer services, solid waste collection, golf courses, airports, city owned parking garages, and storm water utility services are provided under an enterprise fund concept, with user charges set by the City Council to ensure adequate coverage of operating expenses and payments of outstanding debt. In

FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT SERVICES DEPARTMENT

addition, the City provides water and wastewater treatment for several neighboring jurisdictions. Equipment maintenance, office services, temporary labor, information systems, and engineering services are provided through internal service funds.

As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), the financial reporting entity includes all funds of the primary government (the City), as well as the City's component units. Component units are legally separate entities for which the primary government is financially accountable. During Fiscal Year 2013, there were eight blended component units and twenty-four discretely presented component units.

The fiscal year of the City begins on the first day of October and ends on the last day of September. On or before the fifteenth day of August of each year, the City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed budget for the ensuing fiscal year. The budget shall provide a complete financial plan of all city funds and activities for the ensuing fiscal year. The budget is prepared by fund, organization unit or department, program, purpose or activity, and object. The City Manager may transfer resources within a department. Transfers between departments, however, require approval from the City Council.

Local Economy

Fort Worth is a Sunbelt city marked by its steady growth and diverse economy. Relocation of major firms to the greater Fort Worth area, renovation of many historical landmarks, shopping areas, and a host of public-private cooperative development ventures comprise Fort Worth's economic past. For the future, the ground has already been broken for ambitious commercial, retail, and residential developments. Fort Worth is one of two major cities in the Dallas/Fort Worth metropolitan area. The Dallas/Fort Worth metropolitan area contains a population of more than 6.7 million people.

Fort Worth continues to be a strong draw for new residents and businesses as shown by being named one of the country's fastest-growing cities according to 2010 census figures released by the United States (U.S.) Census Bureau. Fort Worth grew 38.6% to 741,206 residents from 2000 to 2010. Fort Worth is consistently ranked among the top places in the nation to live, work, and play. With a growing workforce, top educational facilities, low cost of doing business, high quality of life, and prime location and climate, the City is an attractive choice for companies looking to relocate or expand their operations. According to the U.S. Census Bureau, the median family income of Fort Worth was \$60,489; Texas was \$59,765, while the United States was \$62,527.

The Fort Worth-Arlington Metropolitan Division (MD) boasts a strong labor force of over one million that continues to grow. Although the recession has slowed growth across the United States, the Fort Worth-Arlington MD has experienced positive annual employment growth since the summer of 2010. The unemployment rate of 6.1% is still less than the 6.3% unemployment rate of Texas, and the 7.2% unemployment rate of the United States.

There are over 37,000 registered businesses in the Fort Worth-Arlington MD. Almost 50% of these entities are small to mid-size firms that employ anywhere from 1 to 249 individuals which highlights the continued importance of small business development. Large business firms with over 1,000 employees make up 28% of the area's workforce.

Manufacturing and distribution remains an important part of the Fort Worth economy. Over the last year, manufacturing has increased by 6.6%, adding over 6,100 jobs to the area. Oil and gas production, driven by the Barnett Shale, has provided a number of economic benefits from exploration, drilling, and related activity. Emerging economic sectors include financial services, semiconductor manufacturing, communications equipment manufacturing, corporate offices, and distribution. The City's industry clusters remain diverse with trade, transportation, and utilities making up the largest percentage of the

Fort Worth-Arlington MD industry composition at 23%. Government, education and health services, professional, business services, leisure, and hospitality are also large sectors, comprising 13%, 13%, and 12% of the workforce, respectively. Tourism is an important contributor to the local economy with over 5.5 million visitors per year. Coordinated efforts by Sundance Square and Downtown Fort Worth, Inc. have resulted in new entertainment, housing, and retail facilities throughout downtown Fort Worth. The Alliance Texas development in north Fort Worth continued its growth by adding more than 4,500 jobs over the past 18 months, one of its largest increases since the 2008 recession.

Due to a strong and healthy local economy and improved financial reporting, Fort Worth's general obligation bond rating was upgraded in 2010 to Aa1 from Moody's Investor Service, Inc. and AA+ by Fitch Ratings, and has continued to maintain those high marks.

Long-term Financial Planning and Major Initiatives

In February of each year, the City begins financial planning activities – a process designed to proactively deal with the many opportunities and challenges facing the community. This planning helps guide the activities of council and staff for the next five years. From this, a guide has been developed that we call "Fort Worth Strategic Goals."

The Mayor and Council strategic goals are:

- Make Fort Worth the nation's safest major city
- Improve mobility and air quality
- Create and maintain a clean, attractive city
- Strengthen the economic base, develop the future workforce and create quality job opportunities
- Promote orderly and sustainable development

The City continues to focus major efforts on our strategic goals. These goals drive decision-making and help the City Council further the City's mission and vision, and then translate that vision into an action plan. The City's limited resources are then prioritized to achieve that plan. The City's actions to implement the established strategic goals and address community issues are numerous and varied. However, the City continually addresses community issues through the best, most appropriate methods available.

Unrestricted fund balance (the total of the assigned, and unassigned components of fund balance) in the General Fund at the end of the fiscal year was \$66.4 million or 11.9% of total General Fund expenditures. This amount was higher than the policy guidelines set by the City Council (10% of the expenditures).

As expressed in the City's 2013 Comprehensive Plan, the City Council envisions that, "By the year 2020, Fort Worth will be commonly recognized as the most livable city in Texas. Residents will be able to enjoy Fort Worth's friendly atmosphere and the opportunities that are associated with a growing economy and diverse community. Fort Worth's public schools will produce well-rounded citizens and a skilled workforce to fill high-paying jobs in local businesses. Fort Worth's environmental quality will also be superior, meeting the highest national standards." Several values were also identified that refine the City vision. These values are preserved as part of the 2013 Comprehensive Plan: "Preservation of western heritage, a friendly small town atmosphere, quality and ethnic diversity of cultural life, the arts, neighborhood vitality, preservation of historic buildings and districts, efficiency and equity in delivery of quality public services, educational and economic opportunity, aviation history and technology, can-do attitude, promotion of free enterprise, protection of property rights, mobility, children and youth, conservation of natural resources, and inclusiveness and cooperation: 'The Fort Worth Way.'" In developing the 2013 Comprehensive Plan to reflect these common values and to help the City realize its vision, five major themes emerged: promoting economic growth, meeting the needs of an expanding population, revitalizing the central city, developing multiple growth centers, and celebrating the Trinity River. These five themes, which influence various elements of the Plan, guide the City in its decisions about the future.

The City develops a multi-year blueprint annually for planning the City's future capital expenditures, which coordinates and integrates community planning, development and financial capacity. This blueprint is the Capital Improvement Plan (CIP). The CIP's goal is to plan, program and implement the high priority, high quality capital improvements necessary to address infrastructure and facility issues related to city growth and increased service demands, facility age and condition, efficiency improvements, and/or risk issues. This strategic capital plan ensures that infrastructure needs projected over the next 20 years are identified, prioritized and addressed as funds or other business opportunities are available. To help in needs identification and plan development, a variety of planning documents and master plans developed in the various departments/funds are integrated to the maximum extent possible into the CIP planning process.

Over \$425 million in capital projects are planned for fiscal year 2014. The top four capital program areas (based on estimated costs for the fiscal year) include: Street and Transportation Infrastructure projects, totaling \$146 million; Aviation projects, totaling \$93 million; Water and Wastewater projects, totaling \$84 million; and Stormwater projects, totaling \$48 million.

Relevant Financial Policies

The City has adopted a comprehensive set of Financial Management Policy Statements to help ensure that the City's financial resources are managed in a prudent manner. The City shall strive to maintain the General Fund unassigned fund balance at 10% of the current year's budget appropriation for operations and maintenance. At the conclusion of the fiscal year, if the unassigned fund balance exceeds 10%, the excess must be specifically assigned for subsequent year expenditures or transferred to the Capital Projects Fund. The use of funds within the Capital Projects Fund shall be guided by the Capital Expenditures and Improvements Policy Statements.

Awards

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City for its CAFR for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2012. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the City had to publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR that satisfied both U.S. GAAP and applicable program requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is valid for a period of one year. However, we believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting Program's requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The City also received the GFOA's Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for its annual budget document for the fiscal year beginning October 1, 2013. To qualify for the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award, the City's budget document had to be judged proficient as a policy document, a financial plan, operations guide, and a communications device.

Acknowledgements

The preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the full support and involvement of the City Manager's Office, and all City departments who provided information and analyses contained within this document. A very special thanks is due to the staff of the Financial Management Services Department for their dedicated service to the City and to the citizens of Fort Worth. In addition, we acknowledge the thorough, professional, and timely manner in which our independent auditors, Deloitte & Touche LLP, conducted the audit. Finally, we express appreciation to the Mayor and City Council for their unfailing support for maintaining the highest standard and professionalism in the management of the City's finances.

Sincerely,

Tom Higgins City Manager

Aaron J. Bovos Chief Financial Officer

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Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

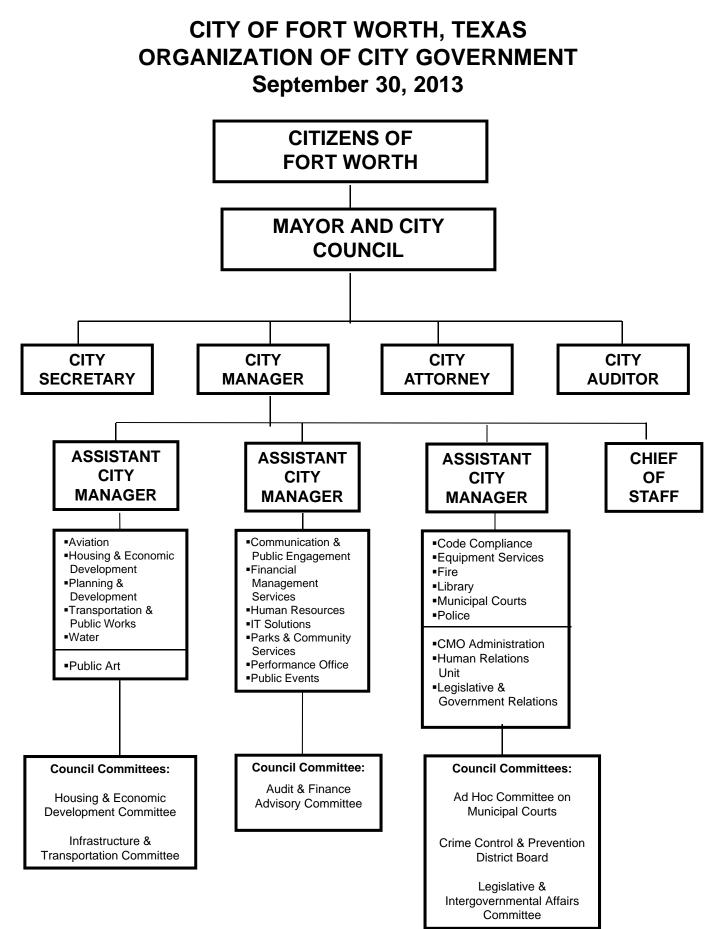
Presented to

City of Fort Worth Texas

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2012

Executive Director/CEO



Elected Officials City of Fort Worth, Texas Mayor and Council Members for Fiscal Year 2013



Betsy Price Mayor



Salvador Espino Council District 2



W.B. Zimmerman Council District 3



Danny Scarth Council District 4



Gyna Bivens Council District 5



Jungus Jordan Council District 6



Dennis Shingleton Council District 7



Kelly Allen Gray Council District 8



Joel Burns Council District 9



FINANCIAL SECTION



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Independent Auditor's Report

The Honorable Mayor and City Council Members City of Fort Worth, Texas

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate discretely presented component units and remaining fund information of the City of Fort Worth, Texas (the "City"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Employees' Retirement Fund of the City of Fort Worth as of and for the year ended September 30, 2013, (which comprises 99% of the net assets of the trust funds of the City). Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinions, insofar as they related to the amounts included for the Employees' Retirement Fund of the City of Fort Worth, are based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes

evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained and the report of other auditors is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate discretely presented component units and remaining fund information of the City, as of September 30, 2013, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, the budgetary comparison schedule for the General Fund, the Schedules of Funding Progress and Employer Contributions for the Employees' Retirement Fund of the City of Fort Worth and the Schedules of Funding Progress and Employer Contributions for Other Postemployment Benefits be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and introductory and statistical sections listed in the foregoing table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements listed in the foregoing table of contents are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements listed in the foregoing table of contents are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections listed in the foregoing table of contents have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 18, 2014 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Delaitte & Touche LLP

March 18, 2014



Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) provides a narrative overview of the financial activities and changes in the financial position of the City of Fort Worth, Texas (City), for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2013. The MD&A is offered here by the management of the City to the readers of its financial statements. Readers should use the information presented here in conjunction with additional information furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found in the Introductory Section of this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR).

Financial Highlights

The assets and deferred outflows of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows at September 30, 2013, by \$3,088,187 (net position). Of this amount, \$88,951 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

The City's total net position increased by \$76,405. This increase can be attributed to increases in property tax revenue, other local taxes, franchise fees, and charges for services for both governmental activities and business-type activities. These were offset by a decrease in operating grants and contributions and investment income.

At September 30, 2013, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$804,097, a decrease of \$4,250 in comparison with 2012. Approximately 48.2 percent of this amount, \$387,593 is available for spending at the government's discretion (\$247,135 committed fund balance, \$85,870 assigned fund balance and \$54,588 unassigned fund balance).

The City's total long-term liabilities increased by \$8,925 during the current fiscal year. The key factors in this increase occurred in Other Post Employment Benefits Obligation of \$56,455, the issuance of \$57,235 of certificates of obligation, \$37,130 of general obligation bonds, and \$18,443 of governmental energy effective loans. The City also made authorized draws on revenue bonds of \$9,765 during fiscal year 2013. During the year, long-term liabilities were reduced by principal payments of \$134,216. The City issued \$37,130 of general obligation bonds to refund \$27,065 of existing debt. The City issued \$18,443 of governmental energy effective loans to refund \$7,488 of previous governmental energy effective loans. Additionally, the City issued \$14,691 of business-type energy effective loans to refund the same amount of existing loans.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The reporting focus of this document is on the City as a whole and on individual major funds. It is intended to present a more comprehensive view of the City's financial activities.

The basic financial statements are comprised of four components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, 3) notes to the financial statements and 4) required supplementary information. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. These statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business. Both are prepared using the economic resources focus and the accrual basis of accounting; meaning that all the current year's revenues and expenses are included regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the City's assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, including capital assets and long-term obligations. The difference between the two is reported as net position. Over time, the increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating. Other indicators of the City's financial position should be taken into consideration, such as the change in the City's property tax base and condition of the City's infrastructure (i.e., roads, drainage systems, water and sewer lines, etc.), in order to more accurately assess the overall financial condition of the City.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. It focuses on both the gross and net costs of the government's various activities and thus summarizes the cost of providing specific governmental services. This statement includes all current year revenues and expenses.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities divide the City's activities into two types:

Governmental activities – Most of the City's basic services are reported here, including general administration, debt service, public safety, municipal courts, transportation and public works, parks and community services, public library, public events and facilities, planning and development, finance, and housing and economic development. Property taxes, sales taxes, and franchise fees provide the majority of the financing for these activities.

Business-Type activities – Activities for which the City charges a fee to customers to pay most or all of the costs of a service it provides are reported here. The City's business-type activities include water distribution and wastewater collection, municipal airports, solid waste collection and disposal, municipal parking, municipal golf courses, and stormwater utility.

Fund Financial Statements

The City of Fort Worth, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. These statements focus on the most significant funds and are used to report more detailed information about the City's most significant activities. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds – These funds are used to account for the majority of the City's activities, which are essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year for future spending. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

The focus of the governmental funds financial statements is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements. Therefore, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison. The reconciliation explains the

differences between the government's activities as reported in the government-wide statements and the information presented in the governmental funds financial statements.

The City maintains eighteen individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and in the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances for the General Fund, the Debt Service Fund, and the Capital Projects Fund, which are considered to be major funds. Data for the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation.

Proprietary Funds – When the City charges customers for services it provides, the activities are generally reported in proprietary funds. The City of Fort Worth maintains two different types of proprietary funds: enterprise funds and internal service funds.

Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the governmentwide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its water and sewer operations, municipal airports, solid waste, municipal parking, municipal golf courses, and stormwater utility. These services are primarily provided to outside or non-governmental customers.

Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses internal service funds to account for its office services, equipment services, temporary labor pool, information systems and engineering services.

Proprietary funds financial statements provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary funds financial statements provide separate information for the Water and Sewer and the Stormwater Utility Funds, which are considered to be the major proprietary funds of the City. The nonmajor enterprise funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements.

Fiduciary Funds – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The City reports one Trust Fund which accounts for the assets of the City's pension plan and post employment healthcare plan. Separate audited financial statements are available for the City's pension plan.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found directly following the Fund Financial Statements and prior to the Required Supplementary Information in this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Total assets of the City at September 30, 2013, were \$5,913,873 while total liabilities were \$2,807,930 and total deferred inflows of resources were \$17,756, resulting in a net position of \$3,088,187.

The largest portion of the City's net position, \$2,903,699 or 94.0 percent, reflects its net investment in capital assets. The City uses these assets to provide services to its citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City reports net investment in capital assets, the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the City's net position, \$95,537 or 3.1 percent, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of net position, \$88,951, may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

	Gover	nmental	Activities		Business-ty	pe A	ctivities		Total					
	<u>201</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>2013</u>		<u>2012</u>		<u>2013</u>		<u>2012</u>		<u>2013</u>			
Current and other assets	\$ 96	6,522	\$ 936,103	\$	683,011	\$	619,346	\$	1,649,533	\$	1,555,449			
Capital assets	1,58	86,628	1,663,699		2,587,791		2,694,725		4,174,419		4,358,424			
Total assets	2,55	3,150	2,599,802		3,270,802		3,314,071		5,823,952		5,913,873			
Long-term liabilities														
outstanding	1,44	9,570	1,514,853		1,079,570		1,023,212		2,529,140		2,538,065			
Other liabilities	12	24,384	121,081		144,684		148,784		269,068		269,865			
Total liabilities	1,57	3,954	1,635,934		1,224,254		1,171,996		2,798,208		2,807,930			
Deferred inflows			13,187				4,569				17,756			
Net position:														
Net investment in														
capital assets	1.00	5,900	1,053,547		1,715,508		1,850,152		2,721,408		2,903,699			
Restricted		26,397	25,172		69,634		70,365		96,031		95,537			
Unrestricted	(5	3,101)	(128,038)	_	261,406	_	216,989	_	208,305	_	88,951			
Total net position	\$ 97	9,196	\$ 950,681	\$	2,046,548	\$	2,137,506	\$	3,025,744	\$	3,088,187			

Condensed Schedule of Net Position

At September 30, 2013, the City of Fort Worth is able to report positive balances in net position, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities. There was a decrease in restricted net position reported in the City's governmental activities of \$1,225, which resulted from an increase in debt service payments of \$11,398. The governmental activities' unrestricted net position balance decreased by \$74,937, mostly due operating expenditures exceeding revenues by \$43,835 and the affect from the implementation of a new accounting standard of \$13,962.

Condensed Schedule of Changes in Net Position

	G	overnmen	tal /	Activities	Business-type Activities					Te	otal		
		2012		2013		2012		2013		2012		2013	
Revenues:													
Program Revenues:													
Charges for services	\$	68,572	\$	77,031	\$	443,358	\$	452,948	\$	511,930	\$	529,979	
Operating grants and contributions		47,644		45,173		-		-		47,644		45,173	
Capital grants and contributions		55,075		52,682		27,578		35,910		82,653		88,592	
General revenues:													
Property taxes		351,277		361,568		-		-		351,277		361,568	
Sales Taxes		161,247		173,220		-		-		161,247		173,220	
Other local taxes		27,637		30,197		-		-		27,637		30,197	
Franchise Fees		47,190		49,489		-		-		47,190		49,489	
Gas Lease and Royalties		15,758		10,834		7,440		12,377		23,198		23,211	
Investment income		7,793		3,149		6,666		1,661		14,459		4,810	
Gain (Loss) disposal of capital assets		-		1,316		-		-		-		1,316	
Other		16,595		16,069		5,936		22,228		22,531	_	38,297	
Total revenues		798,788		820,728		490,978		525,124		1,289,766		1,345,852	
Expenses:													
General Administration		108,632		114,575		-		-		108,632		114,575	
Public Safety		422,626		431,362		-		-		422,626		431,362	
Transportation and Public Works		133,691		129,820		-		-		133,691		129,820	
Parks and Community Service		60,089		62,626		-		-		60,089		62,626	
Public Library		22,102		21,736		-		-		22,102		21,736	
Public Events and Facilities		33,152		35,545		-		-		33,152		35,545	
Planning and Development		13,156		14,145		-		-		13,156		14,145	
Housing and Economic Development		24,382		20,388		-		-		24,382		20,388	
Interest and Service Charges		31,130		34,366		-		-		31,130		34,366	
Water & Sewer		-		-		306,476		302,447		306,476		302,447	
Municipal Airport		-		-		14,912		18,768		14,912		18,768	
Solid Waste		-		-		46,415		48,903		46,415		48,903	
Municipal Parking		-		-		6,580		6,621		6,580		6,621	
Municipal Golf		-		-		7,723		5,614		7,723		5,614	
Stormwater Utility		-		_		20,773		22,531		20,773	_	22,531	
Total expenses		848,960		864,563		402,879		404,884		1,251,839		1,269,447	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over													
(Under) Expenditures		(50,172)		(43,835)		88,099		120,240		37,927		76,405	
Transfers		28,427		29,282		(28,427)		(29,282)				, 0, 105	
Changes in net position										37,927		76 405	
Implementation of New Accounting Standard		(21,745)		(14,553)		59,672		90,958		51,921		76,405 (13,962)	
	1	-		(13,962)		1 086 976		-		-			
Net position - Beginning of Year		<u>1,000,941</u>	ф.	979,196	<u>م</u>	1,986,876	ф.	2,046,548	¢	2,987,817	ф.	3,025,744	
Net position - End of Year	\$	979,196	\$	950,681	\$	2,046,548	\$	2,137,506	\$	3,025,744	\$	3,088,187	

Overall, per the Condensed Schedule of Changes in Net Position, the governmental activities changes in net position totaled a decrease of \$14,553 as a result of current fiscal year activity, which is \$7,192 less than the decrease in fiscal year 2012. Factors that contributed to the governmental activities net postion decrease from the prior year were reductions in operating grants and contributions, capital grants and contributions, gas lease and royalties, and investment income totalling \$14,433. Operating grants and contributions and capital grants and contributions decreased largely due to \$4,865 of closed grants or grant projects nearing completion in fiscal year 2013. Gas lease and royalties decreased \$4,924 mainly due to decreased production of natural gas because retail gas prices were lower during the year. These decreases were offset by increases in revenue from property taxes and sales taxes of \$22,265. The property tax revenue increase of \$10,291 was due to an increase in taxable property values, while the increase in sales taxes of \$11,974 was due to increased consumer spending.

Business-type activities net position increased \$90,958 during the current fiscal year, which is \$31,286 more than the increase in fiscal year 2012. The major factors that contributed to the business-type activities net position increase were an \$8,332 increase in capital grants and contributions, a \$9,590 change in charges for services, and a 16,292 increase in other revenue. The increase in capital grants and contributions was due to an increase in the Municipal Airport Fund grant money received for several projects during fiscal year 2013. The increase in charges for services was due to utility services provided to new customers due to the City's population increase. The increase in other revenue was due to recoveries of prior year expense. This increase in business-type activities revenue was offset by an increase in expenses of \$2,005, the majority of which resulted from increased cost for Municipal Airport contractual services.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

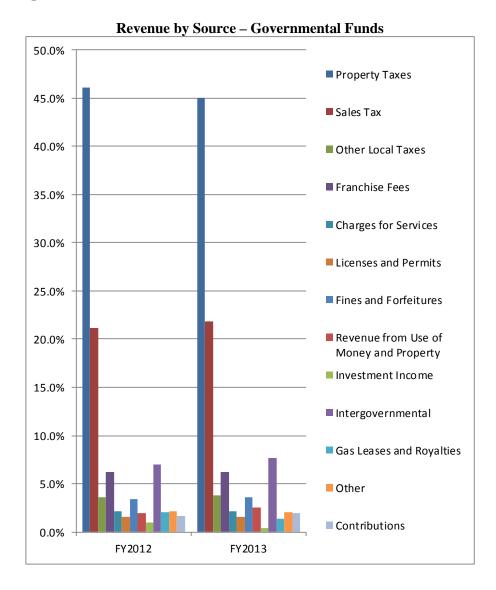
Governmental Funds – The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

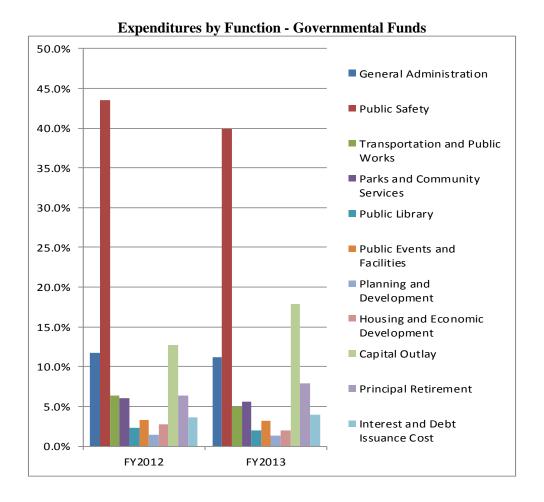
As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported total fund balances of \$804,097. Approximately 20.1 percent or \$161,335 constitutes the General Fund fund balance. As of September 30, 2013, the General Fund's nonspendable fund balance includes \$9,182 for advances to other funds and \$2,541 for inventories. The restricted fund balance of \$9,047 includes \$6,660 of certificates of obligation proceeds restricted for the purchase of fire equipment and construction of a new public safety training facility, \$1,600 for the Collective Bargaining Agreement between the City and the Fort Worth Professional Firefighters Association, and \$787 for risk financing. The committed fund balance includes amounts for risk financing of \$63,286, \$375 for purchase of new equipment, and \$10,516 for funding purchases in the next fiscal year totaling \$74,177. The assigned fund balance of \$8,005 includes amounts for subsequent year expenditures and capital projects. As of September 30, 2013, the General Fund had an unassigned fund balance of \$58,383.

The nonmajor governmental fund balance of \$133,135 is 16.6 percent of total governmental fund balance and includes nonspendable fund balance of \$1,671, restricted fund balance of \$59,590, committed fund balance of \$34,609, assigned fund balance of \$41,060, and an unassigned deficit of \$3,795. The Debt Service fund has a fund balance of \$17,419 or 2.2 percent of total governmental fund balance of which \$9,701 is restricted fund balance, \$7,694 is committed fund balance and \$24 is assigned fund balance. The Capital Projects fund has a fund balance of \$492,208 or 61.2 percent of total governmental fund balance of which \$802 is nonspendable fund balance, \$323,970 is restricted fund balance, \$130,655 is committed fund balance and \$36,781 is assigned fund balance.

As shown in the following charts for governmental funds for fiscal years 2012 and 2013, property taxes and sales tax were the primary sources of revenue for both years, while public safety and capital outlay were the largest expenditures by function. The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, fund balance of the General Fund was \$161,335. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare the unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance of \$58,383, represents 10.5 percent of total General Fund expenditures. The total fund balance of \$161,335 represents 28.9 percent of total General Fund expenditures. Fund balance in the General Fund decreased by \$7,090 The significant change in the General Fund was an increase in general administrative expenditures of \$8,075, or 8.5 percent.

Revenues and Expenditures – Governmental Funds





Financial Analysis of the Proprietary Funds

The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position for the City's major Proprietary Funds, the Water and Sewer Fund and Stormwater Utility Fund, were \$121,728 and \$22,770, respectively, at the end of the fiscal year. Total net position in the Water and Sewer Fund increased \$66,528. The increase in net position was primarily due to water charges for services of \$352,005, which exceeded operating expenses by \$70,106. Total net position in the Stormwater Utility Fund increased \$9,486. The increase in net position from operations was primarily due to utility charges for services of \$34,973, which exceeded operating expenses by \$13,824. Other business-type activities increased the City's net position by \$15,494.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Differences between the original expenditure budget and the final amended budget resulted in a \$14,747 increase in appropriations and is briefly summarized as follows:

- Budget carryforwards of encumbrances resulted in an \$6,772 increase. Significant increases included \$3,911 in Transportation and Public Works, \$652 in Planning and Development, \$876 in Parks and Community Services, \$225 in Internal Audit, and \$516 in Nondepartmental.
- Other appropriation increases to the original budget were made in the amount of \$3,366 during the fiscal year. Significant activities which necessitated these increases included \$640 for delinquent fines and collection efforts, \$484 for the public art program, \$848 for emergency communications services, \$317 for a performance management program and \$294 for a Lake Worth watershed study.
- At fiscal year end, \$4,609 of budget increases were approved for departments which had an excess of actual expenditures over their approved budget.

The City also increased budgeted revenues and other financing sources by a total of \$3,149. Of this amount \$1,550 was for increased transfers in that included \$484 for the public arts program and \$294 for the watershed study from capital project funds and \$317 for the performance management program from non-budgeted General funds. The total increase also included \$600 for increased fines and forfeitures revenues, and \$999 for other revenues, which included \$848 of contributions for emergency communication services and \$151 of other contributions and donations.

There were no significant variances between the final amended budget and actual expenditures. Actual expenditures were \$15,665, or 2.62 percent less than the final amended budget primarily due to salary savings.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets – The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2013, amounted to \$4,358,424 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, equipment, infrastructure and construction in progress. The total increase in the City's capital assets for the current fiscal year was \$184,005 (4.4 percent). Major capital assets events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- The completion of various street and drainage projects throughout the City added \$155,704 to capital assets, while governmental capital contributions were \$17,948.
- Construction in progress in business-type activities increased due to the continued expansion and enhancements of utilities throughout the City.
- Several street projects were initiated during the fiscal year that contributed to the increase in governmental construction in progress.

	 Goveri activ			Busine acti	ess-ty vities	-	Total							
	 2012		2013		2012 2013		2012		2013		2012		2013	
Land/Right of Way	\$ 156,910	\$	169,206	\$	101,209	\$	97,260	\$	258,119	\$	266,466			
Construction in Progress	271,713		298,152		425,045		412,449		696,758		710,601			
Buildings	201,001		185,260		71,123		68,487		272,124		253,747			
Machinery and Equipment	55,954		51,115		179,787		168,001		235,741		219,116			
Infrastructure	 901,050		959,966		1,810,627		1,948,528		2,711,677		2,908,494			
Total	\$ 1,586,628	\$	1,663,699	\$	2,587,791	\$	2,694,725	\$	4,174,419	\$	4,358,424			

Capital Assets, net of Accumulated Depreciation

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in note F.

Long-term Liabilities– At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had total long-term liabilities of \$2,538,065. Of this amount, \$781,165 comprises debt backed by the full faith and credit of the government, and \$992,361 represents self-supported debt issues.

Long-Term Liabilities Outstanding

	Governmental activities			Business-type activities					Т			
		2012	illes	2013		2012	vittes	2013		2012	nai	2013
General Obligation Bonds	\$	458,800	\$	439,080	\$	-	\$	-	\$	458,800	\$	439,080
Revenue Bonds		-		-		884,010		830,920		884,010		830,920
Certificates of Obligation		247,600		287,630		56,035		54,455		303,635		342,085
Installment Obligation		3,770		3,080		-		-		3,770		3,080
HUD Installment Obligation		6,034		5,282		-		-		6,034		5,282
Equipment Notes Payable		54,450		46,860		750		-		55,200		46,860
Service Center		19,515		18,980		-		-		19,515		18,980
Fort Worth Housing Corp		9,073		-		-		-		9,073		-
Fort Worth Sports Authority		8,476		8,386		-		-		8,476		8,386
Lone Star Local Govt Corp		31,617		31,617		-		-		31,617		31,617
Central City Local Govt Corp		872		347		-		-		872		347
State Energy Conserv Loan I & II		1,925		1,249		-		-		1,925		1,249
State Energy Conserv Loan III		3,102		2,590		-		-		3,102		2,590
ESPC Phase IV		7,820		-		-		-		7,820		-
ESPC PhaseVII		-		18,443								18,443
Wells Fargo Loan		78		-		-		-		78		-
Capital Leases		4,096		3,816		-		-		4,096		3,816
Trinity River Authority		-		-		6,656		6,100		6,656		6,100
ESPC Phase V		-		-		15,365		14,691		15,365		14,691
Unamort. Bond Discounts, Refundings, Premiums,												
net		39,703		39,763		33,583		28,848		73,286		68,611
Retainage Payable		2,104		3,519		-		-		2,104		3,519
Compensated Absenses		114,926		114,813		9,923		9,962		124,849		124,775
Claims Payable		37,528		39,707		-		-		37,528		39,707
Landfill Postclosure Cost		-		· -		4,164		4,482		4,164		4,482
Pollution Remediation Liability		-		-		6,939		3,409		6,939		3,409
Other Post Employment Benefits Obligation		346,447		395,144		53,914		61,672		400,361		456,816
Net Pension Obligation		51,634		54,547		8,231		8,673		59,865		63,220
Total	\$	1,449,570	\$	1,514,853	\$	1,079,570	\$	1,023,212	\$	2,529,140	\$	2,538,065

The City's indebtedness increased by \$8,925 during fiscal year 2013 mainly due to the issuance of bonds and notes in excess of principal payments made during the year. Also, the City's Other Post Employment Benefits Obligation increased \$56,455. For governmental activities, the City made payments of principal balances for bonded debt of \$29,785 and \$17,205 on its Certificates of Obligation. For business-type activities, the City made payments of principal for revenue bond debt of \$62,855, which included \$59,140 for Water and Sewer revenue bonds and \$3,715 for Stormwater revenue bonds.

In fiscal year 2013, the outstanding ad valorem tax supported debts of the City of Fort Worth are rated "Aa1" by Moody's Investors Service, Inc. ("Moody's") and "AA+" by Fitch Ratings ("Fitch"). The water and sewer system revenue debts are rated "Aa1" by Moody's and "AA" by Fitch.

The City is permitted by Article XI, Section 5, of the State of Texas Constitution to levy taxes up to \$2.50 per \$100 of assessed valuation for general governmental services including the payment of principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt. The current ratio of tax-supported debt to the assessed value of all taxable property is 1.66 percent.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in note G.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The overall economic outlook for the City is positive. Sales taxes have climbed steadily. Declining unemployment rates and continued population growth suggest these trends should continue well into 2014. Existing households are likely to continue spending at current rates, while new residents will add to the City's sales tax base. Population growth also supports improved property tax revenues. Property tax revenues will be slower to materialize than sales taxes, as homes built in 2013 are added to the tax roll in 2014 and actually do not begin paying taxes until 2015. However, this revenue growth is more certain than other sources.

The fiscal year 2014 budget maintains the City's property tax rate at \$0.8550 per \$100 net taxable valuation. The total appraised value of the City's property tax roll increased \$1.4 billion or 2.3 percent from the July 2012 certified roll to the July 2013 certified roll. Adjusted Net Taxable Value (which is the Net Taxable Value plus the value of incomplete properties and properties under protest), increased \$1.2 billion or 2.7 percent in the same time period across all properties in the City. Adjusted Net Taxable Value is the basis for the City's property tax revenue calculation.

In an effort to address the growing deficiency in capital budgeting, the decision was made to shift one additional cent (\$0.01) from the operating and maintenance (O&M) tax rate to the interest and sinking (I&S) rate, which supports long-term debt. This will result in a shift of \$4.2 million in revenue from O&M to I&S for fiscal year 2014. Subsequent to the reallocation of the one cent, the General Fund portion is expected to yield approximately \$286.3 million in fiscal year 2014 and is based on a levy amount of \$0.6759 per \$100 of assessed valuation. The debt service amount is expected to yield approximately \$75.9 million, which will allow the repayment of all current and proposed debt obligations, and is based on a levy amount of \$0.1791 per \$100 of assessed valuation.

Revenue from the City's one percent sales tax, exclusive of the one-half percent special use tax for the Crime Control and Prevention District Fund, is projected to equal \$120,934, an increase of \$12,136 or 11.2 percent from the fiscal year 2013 budget. This revenue is dependent on the level of wholesale and retail sales. Over the past ten years the City's sales tax collection grew from \$76 million in 2004 to the anticipated amount of \$121 million in 2014. This represents a 60 percent growth over the last ten years.

Revenue from the Use of Money and Property consists primarily of interest on investments and sales of abandoned vehicles. Revenue in this category is projected to increase by \$724 or 19.8 percent from the fiscal year 2013 budget. The increase is primarily due to higher sales of abandoned vehicles. This increase is based on higher volume of abandoned vehicles at the new auto pound.

Service Charges mainly consist of administrative service charges, housing and building related permits, auto pound fees, mowing fees, athletic fees and library charges. Revenues in this category are projected to increase by \$1,270 or 5.3 percent from the fiscal year 2013 budget due mainly to increased building permit activities and Gateway Park site reservation fees.

Other Local Taxes include revenue from communications providers, taxes on beverage sales and bingo game receipts. Revenues in this category are anticipated to increase by \$659 or 8.2 percent from the fiscal year 2013 adopted budget.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or request for additional financial information should be addressed to the Chief Financial Officer, 1000 Throckmorton Street, 3rd Floor Finance Department, Fort Worth, Texas 76102.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF FORT WORTH, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2013 (in 000's)

		I	Primary	Government		
	Governm Activit			iness-Type activities	Total	mponent Units
Assets						
Cash, Cash Equivalents, & Investments	\$	808,312	\$	115,002	\$ 923,314	\$ 30,104
Receivables, Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles:						
Taxes		7,186		-	7,186	-
Grants and Other Governments		48,963		-	48,963	-
Loans		5,823		-	5,823	-
Interest		1,257		208	1,465	28
Accounts and Other		17,057		61,524	78,581	321
Internal Balances		(10,772)		10,772	-	-
Inventories (at Cost)		4,373		3,389	7,762	-
Prepaids, Deposits, and Other		1,502		4	1,506	-
Long-Term Loans Receivable		12,482		-	12,482	-
Restricted Assets:						
Cash, Cash Equivalents, & Investments		90		361,776	361,866	-
Cash, Cash Equivalents, & Investments Held by Trustees		35,303		57,088	92,391	-
Grants Receivable		-		62	62	-
Interest Receivable		-		607	607	-
Capitalized Bond Issue Costs		4,527		8,914	13,441	-
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation:						
Non-Depreciable		467,358		509,709	977,067	-
Depreciable	1,	196,341		2,185,016	 3,381,357	 -
Total Assets	2,	599,802		3,314,071	5,913,873	30,453
Liabilities					 	
Accounts Payable		26,371		14,490	40,861	1,410
Escrow Accounts Payable		5,522		2,817	8,339	-
Accrued Payroll		12,954		2,098	15,052	-
Other		218		-	218	-
Unearned Revenue		40,136		1,674	41,810	-
Construction Payable		18,902		26,730	45,632	-
Accrued Interest Payable		16,978		4,692	21,670	-
Payable from Restricted Assets:				.,	,	
Customer Deposits		-		14,344	14,344	-
Unearned Revenue		-		81,939	81,939	_
Long-Term Liabilities:				01,959	01,959	
Due Within One Year		126,342		73,430	199,772	_
Due in More Than One Year		388,511		949,782	2,338,293	50,933
Total Liabilities		635,934		1,171,996	 2,807,930	 52,343
Deferred Inflows of Resources		000,701		1,171,550	 2,007,750	 52,515
		12 107		1 560	17 756	
Deferred Service Concession Arrangement Receipts Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		13,187		4,569	 17,756	 -
		13,187		4,569	 17,756	
Net Position						
Net Investment in Capital Assets	1,0	053,547		1,850,152	2,903,699	-
Restricted for:						
Debt Service		1,660		34,513	36,173	-
Capital Projects		23,512		35,852	59,364	-
Unrestricted		128,038)		216,989	 88,951	 (21,890)
Total Net Position	\$	950,681	\$	2,137,506	\$ 3,088,187	\$ (21,890)
Saa accompanying notes to the basic financial statements						

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

CITY OF FORT WORTH, TEXAS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013 (in 000's)

			Program Revenues			
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions		
Function/Program Activities						
Primary Government:						
Governmental Activities:						
General Administration	\$ 114,575	\$ 5,933	\$ 1,953	\$ 1,875		
Public Safety	431,362	25,339	15,025	1,150		
Transportation and Public Works	129,820	14,984	2,042	36,115		
Parks and Community Services	62,626	2,990	13,020	4,937		
Public Library	21,736	629	20	99		
Public Events and Facilities	35,545	10,814	-	-		
Planning and Development	14,145	11,497	232	4,491		
Housing and Economic Development	20,388	4,845	12,881	4,015		
Interest and Service Charges	34,366					
Total Governmental Activities	864,563	77,031	45,173	52,682		
Business-Type Activities:						
Water and Sewer	302,447	352,005	-	19,627		
Municipal Airports	18,768	4,662	-	16,034		
Solid Waste	48,903	50,344	-	29		
Municipal Parking	6,621	7,105	-	-		
Municipal Golf	5,614	3,859	-	35		
Stormwater Utility	22,531	34,973		185		
Total Business-Type Activities	404,884	452,948	-	35,910		
Total Primary Government	\$ 1,269,447	\$ 529,979	\$ 45,173	\$ 88,592		
Component Units:						
Public Improvement Districts	\$ 5,364	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
Taxing Increment Reinvestment Zones	52,763	-	-	7		
Total Component Units	\$ 58,127	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7		

Changes in Net Position:

General Revenues:

Taxes:

General Property Taxes

Other Local Taxes:

- Sales Taxes
- Hotel/Motel Taxes
- Other Taxes
- Franchise Fees
- Gas Leases and Royalties
- Investment Income
- Gain on Disposal of Capital Assets
- Other
- Transfers
 - Total General Revenues and Transfers
 - Change in Net Position
- Implementation of New Accounting Standard (Note A.15)
- Net Position, Beginning of Year
- Net Position, End of Year

	Primary Government		
Governmental	Business-Type		Component
Activities	Activities	Total	Units
\$ (104,814)		\$ (104,814)	
(389,848)		(389,848)	
(76,679)		(76,679)	
(41,679)		(41,679)	
(20,988)		(20,988)	
(20,988) (24,731)		(20,988) (24,731)	
2,075		2,075	
1,353		1,353	
(34,366)		(34,366)	
(689,677)		(689,677)	
	\$ 69,185	69,185	
	1,928	1,928	
	1,470	1,470	
	484	484	
	(1,720)	(1,720)	
	12,627	12,627	
	83,974	83,974	
(689,677)	83,974	(605,703)	
			\$ (5,364)
			(52,756)
			(58,120)
361,568	-	361,568	21,064
173,220	-	173,220	-
22,032	-	22,032	-
8,165	-	8,165	-
49,489	-	49,489	-
10,834	12,377	23,211	-
3,149	1,661	4,810	74
1,316	-	1,316	-
16,069	22,228	38,297	5,677
29,282	(29,282)	-	-
675,124	6,984	682,108	26,815
(14,553)	90,958	76,405	(31,305)
(13,962)	-	(13,962)	-
979,196	2,046,548	3,025,744	9,415
\$ 950,681	\$ 2,137,506	\$ 3,088,187	\$ (21,890)

CITY OF FORT WORTH, TEXAS BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2013 (in 000's)

	General		Debt Service		Capital Projects	onmajor vernmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
Assets									
Cash, Cash Equivalents, & Investments	\$	146,379	\$	17,060	\$ 521,556	\$ 115,718	\$	800,713	
Cash, Cash Equivalents, & Investments Held by Trustees		787		-	9	34,507		35,303	
Receivables, Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles:									
Taxes		5,610		1,576	-	-		7,186	
Grants and Other Governments		21,680		-	-	27,283		48,963	
Loans		-		-	-	5,823		5,823	
Interest		254		739	112	136		1,241	
Accounts and Other		12,843		-	666	3,535		17,044	
Due from Other Funds		200		-	-	-		200	
Inventories (at Cost)		2,541		-	-	888		3,429	
Advances to Other Funds		9,182		-	-	-		9,182	
Prepaids, Deposits, and Other		-		-	802	39		841	
Long-Term Loans Receivable		-		-	 -	 12,482		12,482	
Total Assets	\$	199,476	\$	19,375	\$ 523,145	\$ 200,411	\$	942,407	
Liabilities and Fund Balance									
Accounts Payable	\$	17,735	\$	231	\$ 11	\$ 5,721	\$	23,698	
Construction Payable		-		-	12,230	6,623		18,853	
Escrow Accounts		4,720		-	-	802		5,522	
Accrued Payroll		10,839		-	93	1,253		12,185	
Accrued Interest		38		408	284	489		1,219	
Other		147		-	-	71		218	
Advances from Other Funds		-		-	18,319	-		18,319	
Unearned Revenue		189		-	-	39,947		40,136	
Unavailable Revenue		4,473		1,317	-	12,370		18,160	
Total Liabilities		38,141		1,956	 30,937	 67,276		138,310	
Fund Balances:									
Nonspendable		11,723		-	802	1,671		14,196	
Restricted		9,047		9,701	323,970	59,590		402,308	
Committed		74,177		7,694	130,655	34,609		247,135	
Assigned		8,005		24	36,781	41,060		85,870	
Unassigned (deficit)		58,383		-	-	(3,795)		54,588	
Total Fund Balance		161,335		17,419	492,208	133,135		804,097	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	199,476	\$	19,375	\$ 523,145	\$ 200,411	\$	942,407	
~									

CITY OF FORT WORTH, TEXAS RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2013 (in 000's)

Total fund balancesgovernmental funds		\$ 804,097
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. These assets (including internal service fund assets of \$5,327) consist of:		
Land Construction in progress Buildings Machinery and equipment Infrastructure Accumulated depreciation Total capital assets	\$ 169,206 298,152 369,506 202,817 2,472,505 (1,848,487) 1,663,699	1,663,699
Some revenues in the governmental funds are not recognized because they are not collected within the prescribed time period after year-end. On the accrual basis, however, those revenues would be recognized, regardless of when they are collected.		18,160
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as office services, equipment services, temporary labor, information systems, and capital project services, to individual funds. A portion of the net position of the internal service funds is included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.		3,997
Deferred inflows of resources related to service concession arrangements are not reported in the governmental funds.		(13,187)
Some long-term assets and liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Those assets and liabilities (including allocated internal service fund compensated absences of \$3,773) consist of:		
Long-term claims payable Long-term compensated absences Net pension obligation Other post employment benefits obligation Accrued interest payable Unamortized bond issue costs Long-term debt, including premium/discount/loss on refunding Total long-term liabilities	$(39,707) \\ (114,813) \\ (54,547) \\ (395,144) \\ (15,759) \\ 4,527 \\ (910,642) \\ (1,526,085) $	(1,526,085)
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 950,681

CITY OF FORT WORTH, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013 (in 000's)

(In 000's)	General		 Debt Service	Capital Projects	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Gov	Total Governmental Funds		
Revenues:									
General Property Taxes	\$	287,112	\$ 70,561	\$ -	\$ -	\$	357,673		
Sales Tax		118,646	-	-	54,574		173,220		
Other Local Taxes		3,201	-	-	26,996		30,197		
Franchise Fees		49,489	-	-	-		49,489		
Charges for Services		10,112	-	1,117	5,464		16,693		
Licenses and Permits		12,179	-	-	-		12,179		
Fines and Forfeitures		18,233	-	-	10,013		28,246		
Revenue from Use of Money and Property		2,181	190	338	17,206		19,915		
Investment Income		815	1,268	493	553		3,129		
Intergovernmental		457	-	4,441	54,213		59,111		
Gas Leases and Royalties		1,165	-	5,868	3,801		10,834		
Other		5,482	-	7,509	3,078		16,069		
Contributions		134	-	10,055	7,019		17,208		
Total Revenue		509,206	 72,019	29,821	182,917		793,963		
Expenditures: Current:									
General Administration		102,865	-	1,546	2,496		106,907		
Public Safety		335,819	-	-	45,694		381,513		
Transportation and Public Works		30,089	-	782	16,727		47,598		
Parks and Community Services		40,609	_	28	13,246		53,883		
Public Library		18,971	-	- 20	20		18,991		
Public Events and Facilities		10,771	-	-	30,528		30,528		
Planning and Development		11,309	-	1,019	547		12,875		
Housing and Economic Development		4,753	-	1,019	14,506		12,875		
			-	142 410					
Capital Outlay		3,353	-	142,419	24,730		170,502		
Debt Service:		0.120	55.000	117	11 222		75 (11		
Principal Retirement		9,139	55,022	117	11,333		75,611		
Interest and Debt Issuance Costs		800	 33,407	263	3,047		37,517		
Total Expenditures		557,707	 88,429	146,174	162,874		955,184		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(48,501)	(16,410)	(116,353)	20,043		(161,221)		
-		(40,501)	 (10,410)	(110,555)	20,043		(101,221)		
Other Financing Sources (Uses):		1 0 0 0							
Proceeds from Long-Term Debt Issued		4,000	345	64,225	-		68,570		
Proceeds from Refunding Bonds Issued		-	25,795	-	-		25,795		
Premium on Issuance		-	1,980	3,170	-		5,150		
Proceeds from Loans		7,488	-	-	10,955		18,443		
Payment to Refunding Bond Escrow Agent		-	(27,286)	-	-		(27,286)		
Proceeds from Disposal of Property		122	-	-	8,968		9,090		
Transfers In		46,925	9,907	49,445	3,662		109,939		
Transfers Out		(17,124)	 -	(7,935)	(27,671)		(52,730)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		41,411	 10,741	108,905	(4,086)		156,971		
Net Change in Fund Balance		(7,090)	(5,669)	(7,448)	15,957		(4,250)		
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		168,425	 23,088	499,656	117,178		808,347		
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	161,335	\$ 17,419	\$ 492,208	\$ 133,135	\$	804,097		

CITY OF FORT WORTH, TEXAS RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013 (in 000's)

Net change in fund balancestotal governmental funds		\$ (4,250)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation and other transactions that impact capital assets in the current period. Contributed assets Capital outlay expenditures Transfer from internal service funds Depreciation expense Net adjustment	\$ 17,948 169,962 2,183 110 (103,989) 86,214	86,214
In the statement of activities, the gain on sale of capital assets is reported. In the governmental funds, the proceeds		
from the disposal of assets were reported as an other financing source. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the net book value of the capital assets.		(7,814)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. This adjustment is to recognize the net change in "unavailable" revenues. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are not recognized unless they are deemed "available" to finance the expenditures of the current period; accrual-basis recognition is not limited by availability, so certain revenues need to be reduced by the amounts that were unavailable at the beginning of the year and increased by the amounts that were unavailable at the end of the year.		6,706
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, certificates of obligation) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of long-term debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.		
Debt issued:		
General obligation bonds Certificates of obligation Other obligations Total proceeds Premium on debt issued Bond issuance costs	(37,130) (57,235) (18,443) (112,808) (5,150) 952	
Repayments:		
To bondholders To escrow for refunding	77,222 27,286	
Total repayments	104,508	
Amortization of refunding, premiums, discounts and issue costs Net adjustment	2,581 (9,917)	(9,917)
Net aujustinent	(9,917)	(9,917)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Increase in accrued interest on general obligation bonds &		
certificates of obligation	(1,718)	
Decrease in net pension obligation	(2,913)	
Increase in other post employment benefits obligation	(48,697)	
Decrease in estimated claims obligations	(43,057) (2,179)	
Increase in compensated absences liability	(2,179) (48)	
Net adjustment	(55,555)	(55,555)
Increases in revenues reported in the statement of activites related to service concession arrangements do not increase current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenue in the governmental funds.		775
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such office services,		
equipment services, temporary labor, information systems, and capital project services, to individual funds. A		
portion of the net revenue (expense) of the internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.		(30,712)
Change in pet position of governmental estivities		 (14,552)

Change in net position of governmental activities

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

\$ (14,553)

CITY OF FORT WORTH, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2013 (in 000's)

				Enterpris	se Fu	nds				
			<i>a</i> .			onmajor			-	
		ater and Sewer		Stormwater Utility		Enterprise Funds		Total		nternal vice Funds
ASSETS		Sewer		Ounty		runus		Total	Serv	ice runus
Current Assets:										
Cash, Cash Equivalents, & Investments	\$	56,756	\$	26,436	\$	31.810	\$	115.002	\$	7,599
Interest Receivable	Ŧ	115	Ŧ	40	+	53	+	208	Ŧ	16
Accounts and Other Receivables, Net										
of Allowance for Uncollectibles		49,577		3,350		8,597		61,524		13
Inventories (at Cost)		3,269		-		120		3,389		944
Prepaids, Deposits, and Other		-		-		4		4		661
Restricted Assets:										
Cash & Cash Equivalents		13,470		-		82,813		96,283		-
Total Current Assets		123,187		29,826		123,397		276,410		9,233
Noncurrent Assets:										
Restricted Assets:										
Cash & Cash Equivalents		151,875		85,913		27,705		265,493		90
Cash, Cash Equivalents, & Investments Held by Trustees		37,150		-		19,938		57,088		-
Grants Receivable		62		-		-		62		-
Interest Receivable		311		180		116		607		-
Total Restricted Assets		189,398		86,093		47,759		323,250		90
Advances to Other Funds						20,509		20,509		
Capitalized Bond Issue Costs		- 7,587		- 464		20,309 863		20,309 8,914		-
Capitalized Bolid Issue Costs		7,387		404		805		0,914		-
Capital Assets (at Cost):										
Land		23,222		9,829		64,209		97,260		1,123
Buildings		41,209		63		65,369		106,641		5,250
Improvements Other Than Buildings		2,483,887		43,827		235,467		2,763,181		1,054
Machinery and Equipment		361,088		10,139		10,134		381,361		17,946
Construction in Progress		314,758		52,894		44,797		412,449		-
Accumulated Depreciation		(884,751)		(12,472)		(168,944)		(1,066,167)		(20,046)
Net Capital Assets		2,339,413		104,280		251,032		2,694,725		5,327
Total Noncurrent Assets		2,536,398		190,837		320,163	_	3,047,398		5,417
Total Assets		2,659,585		220,663		443,560		3,323,808		14,650
									(0	continued)

CITY OF FORT WORTH, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2013 (in 000's)

			Nonmajor		
	Water and	Stormwater	Enterprise		Internal
	Sewer	Utility	Funds	Total	Service Funds
LIABILITIES					
Current Liabilities:					
Accounts Payable	\$ 5,863	\$ 1,453	\$ 7,174	\$ 14,490	\$ 2,673
Escrow Accounts Payable	2,817	-	-	2,817	-
Accrued Payroll	1,651	188	259	2,098	769
Due to Other Funds	-	-	200	200	-
Unearned Revenue	1,422	-	252	1,674	-
Construction Payable	17,719	5,266	3,745	26,730	49
Current Portion of Long-Term Liabilities	66,642	4,212	2,576	73,430	1,848
Accrued Interest Payable	3,473	980	239	4,692	-
Payable from Restricted Assets:					
Customer Deposits	13,470	-	874	14,344	-
Unearned Revenue	-	-	81,939	81,939	-
Total Current Liabilities	113,057	12,099	97,258	222,414	5,339
Long-Term Liabilities:					
Advances from Other Funds	-	2,190	7,996	10,186	1,186
Long-Term Liabilities Due in More Than One Year	741,586	141,174	67,022	949,782	1,925
Total Long-Term Liabilities	741,586	143,364	75,018	959,968	3,111
Total Liabilities	854,643	155,463	172,276	1,182,382	8,450
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred Service Concession Arrangement Receipts	-	-	4,569	4,569	-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	-	-	4,569	4,569	-
NET POSITION					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	1,615,321	41,409	193,422	1,850,152	5,327
Restricted for:					
Debt Service	32,041	1,021	1,451	34,513	-
Capital Projects	35,852	-	-	35,852	90
Unrestricted	121,728	22,770	71,842	216,340	783
	\$ 1,804,942	\$ 65,200	\$ 266,715	\$ 2,136,857	\$ 6,200

Augustinent to Reflect the Consolidation of Internal Service		
Funds Activities Related to Enterprise Funds	649	
Net Position of Business-Type Activities	\$ 2,137,506	
		(concluded)



CITY OF FORT WORTH, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013 (in 000's)

	Water and Sewer	Stormwater Utility	ise Funds Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Total	Internal Service Funds
OPERATING REVENUES		<u> </u>			
Charges for Services	\$ 352,005	\$ 34,973	\$ 65,970	\$ 452,948	\$ 64,607
Other	154	12	7,357	7,523	40
Total Operating Revenues	352,159	34,985	73,327	460,471	64,647
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Personnel Services	69,118	7,408	10,946	87,472	29,668
Supplies and Materials	20,234	1,385	2,466	24,085	15,265
Contractual Services	122,141	8,653	48,619	179,413	19,575
Landfill Closure and Postclosure Cost	-	-	318	318	-
Depreciation	70,406	3,703	12,639	86,748	1,241
Total Operating Expenses	281,899	21,149	74,988	378,036	65,749
Operating Income	70,260	13,836	(1,661)	82,435	(1,102)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
Investment Income	516	223	922	1,661	20
Gain (Loss) on Sale of Property and Equipment	(2,120)	36	(2,305)	(4,389)	40
Interest and Service Charges	(17,878)	(1,418)	(2,613)	(21,909)	-
Gas Leases and Royalties	548	-	11,829	12,377	-
Other Expense	-	-	(110)	(110)	(2,183)
Other Revenue	14,705	-	-	14,705	-
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	(4,229)	(1,159)	7,723	2,335	(2,123)
Income Before Transfers and Contributions	66,031	12,677	6,062	84,770	(3,225)
Transfers In	6,706	525	308	7,539	61
Transfers Out	(25,836)	(3,901)	(6,974)	(36,711)	(28,098)
Capital Contributions	11,924	185	16,098	28,207	-
Capital Contributions - Impact Fees	7,703	-	-	7,703	-
Change in Net Position	66,528	9,486	15,494	91,508	(31,262)
Total Net Position, Beginning of Year	1,738,414	55,714	251,221	2,045,349	37,462
Total Net Position, Ending of Year	\$ 1,804,942	\$ 65,200	\$ 266,715	\$ 2,136,857	\$ 6,200

Adjustment to Reflect the Consolidation of Internal Service Funds Activities Related to Enterprise Funds

Change in Net Position of Business-Type Activities

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

(550)

90,958

\$

CITY OF FORT WORTH, TEXAS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013 (in 000's)

		• •	e Activities ise Funds		
	Water and Sewer	Stormwater Utility	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Total	Internal Service Funds
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:					
Receipts from Customers	\$ 350,483	\$ 34,586	\$ 63,763	\$ 448,832	\$ 63,984
Receipts from Other Operating Sources	154	12	6,650	6,816	40
Receipts from Gas Leases and Royalties	548	-	11,829	12,377	-
Other Receipts	14,705	-	-	14,705	-
Payments to Employees	(62,370)	(6,602)	(9,869)	(78,841)	(29,693)
Payments to Suppliers	(20,307)	(1,385)	(2,478)	(24,170)	(15,184)
Payments for Contractual Services	(125,344)	(8,450)	(46,289)	(180,083)	(20,881)
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	157,869	18,161	23,606	199,636	(1,734)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:					
Transfers In from Other Funds	6,706	525	308	7,539	48
Receipts from (Repayments to) Other Funds	-	(2,859)	6,566	3,707	-
Advances from Other Funds	-	2,190	7,996	10,186	476
Transfers Out to Other Funds	(25,836)	(3,901)	(6,974)	(36,711)	(40,152)
Advances to Other Funds	-	-	(9,986)	(9,986)	-
Net Cash Used for Noncapital					
Financing Activities	(19,130)	(4,045)	(2,090)	(25,265)	(39,628)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activ	vities:				
Bond Principal Received	24,486	-	-	24,486	13
Proceeds from Sale of Machinery and Equipment	125	36	50	211	40
Contributions	1,055	185	15,916	17,156	-
Contributions - Impact Fees	7,703	-	-	7,703	-
Acquisition and Construction of Property, Plant					
and Equipment	(119,120)	(25,523)	(22,362)	(167,005)	(649)
Principal Paid on Long-Term Debt	(75,090)	(3,715)	(2,330)	(81,135)	-
Interest Paid on Long-Term Obligations	(31,648)	(5,646)	(2,951)	(40,245)	-
Bond Issuance Cost Paid	(62)	-	-	(62)	-
Net Cash Used for Capital and Related					
Financing Activities	(192,551)	(34,663)	(11,677)	(238,891)	(596)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:					
Purchases of Investments	(2,644)	-	(10,389)	(13,033)	-
Sales of Investments	2	-	9	11	-
Investment Income Received	497	236	809	1,542	22
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	(2,145)	236	(9,571)	(11,480)	22
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and			<u> </u>	× 1 1	
Cash Equivalents	(55,957)	(20,311)	268	(76,000)	(41,936)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	312,516	132,660	151,429	596,605	49,625
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$ 256,559	\$ 112,349	\$ 151,697	\$ 520,605	\$ 7,689

(continued)

CITY OF FORT WORTH, TEXAS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013 (in 000's)

	Business-type Activities Enterprise Funds									
	Water and Sewer		Stormwater Utility		Nonmajor Enterprise Funds		Total		Internal Service Funds	
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:										
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	70,260	\$	13,836	\$	(1,661)	\$	82,435	\$	(1,102)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:										
Depreciation		70,406		3,703		12,639		86,748		1,241
Gas Leases and Royalties Receipts		70,400 548		5,705		12,039		12,377		1,241
Other Receipts (Payments)		14,705				(707)		13,998		
Change in Assets and Liabilities:		14,705		-		(707)		13,990		-
Accounts and Other Receivables		(2,505)		(387)		(1,309)		(4,201)		38
Inventories		(73)		(307)		(1,30))		(4,201) (85)		81
Prepaids, Deposits, and Other Assets		(75)		_		(12)		(05)		(661)
Accounts Payable		327		203		2,330		2,860		(1,306)
Escrow Accounts Payable		(87)				_,		(87)		-
Accrued Payroll		6,748		806		1,077		8,631		(25)
Customer Deposits		1,070		_		62		1,132		-
Unearned Revenue		-		-		(961)		(961)		-
Landfill Closure Costs		-		-		318		318		-
Pollution Remediation Costs		(3,530)		-		-		(3,530)		-
Total Adjustments		87,609		4,325	_	25,267		117,201		(632)
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	\$	157,869	\$	18,161	\$	23,606	\$	199,636	\$	(1,734)
The Cash and Cash Equivalents are reported in the Sta	ateme	nt								
of Net Position as follows:										
Current - Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments	\$	56,756	\$	26,436	\$	31,810	\$	115,002	\$	7,599
Current Restricted - Cash and Cash Equivalents		13,470		-		82,813		96,283		-
Noncurrent Restricted - Cash and Equivalents		151,875		85,913		27,705		265,493		90
Noncurrent Restricted - Cash Held by Trustees		37,150		-		19,938		57,088		-
Less Gas Well Investments Held by Trustees	<u>ф</u>	(2,692)	<u>ф</u>	-	.	(10,569)		(13,261)		-
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	256,559	\$	112,349	\$	151,697	\$	520,605	\$	7,689
Noncash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities:										
Capitalized Interest	\$	9,313	\$	4,159	\$	305	\$	13,777	\$	_
Amortization of Bond Premium	Ψ	6,212	ψ	4,139	Ψ	505 67	ψ	6,477	Ψ	-
Capital Asset Contributions from Developers		10,876		-		29		10,905		-
Intra-Government Net Capital Assets Transfers				-		(110)		(110)		(2,183)
Transfer of Construction Payable to Governmental		-		-		-		-		(2,183)
Amortization of Bond Defeasement Loss		(1,742)		-		-		(1,742)		
		(-,. •=)						(-,, .=)		
See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements									(00	ncluded)

CITY OF FORT WORTH, TEXAS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2013 (in 000's)

	Othe Bend	Pension and Other Employee Benefits Trust Funds			
ASSETS					
Current Assets:					
Cash & Cash Equivalents	\$	15,050			
Cash & Investments Held by Trustees:					
Asset and Mortgage Backed Obligations		35,308			
Corporate Obligations		83,391			
Government Agency Obligations		72,531			
International Obligations		63,351			
Securities Lending Collateral		206,041			
U.S. Treasuries		78,091			
Short-Term Mutual Fund Investments		194,878			
Corporate Stock		716,857			
Alternative Investments		519,461			
Commingled Funds		318,496			
Less: Investments in Non-City Funded Staff Plan		(2,345)			
Total Cash & Investments Held by Trustees		2,286,060			
Prepaids		12			
Other Receivables		12,167			
Due from Broker Securities Sold		144,357			
Total Current Assets		2,457,646			
Capital Assets (at Cost):					
Land		405			
Buildings		3,422			
Machinery and Equipment		314			
Accumulated Depreciation		(605)			
Net Capital Assets		3,536			
Total Assets		2,461,182			
LIABILITIES					
Current Liabilities:					
Accrued Payable		129			
Obligations under Securities Lending		205,830			
Due to Broker Securities Purchased		239,731			
Total Current Liabilities		445,690			
NET POSITION					
Net Assets Held in Trust for Pension and Other Employee Benefits:					
Benefit Pension Plans		1,976,515			
Postemployment Healthcare Plans		38,977			

CITY OF FORT WORTH, TEXAS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013 (in 000's)

ADDITIONS\$32,717Less: Investment Management Fees and Interest Expense(6,578)Net Gain (Loss) in Fair Value of Investments159,804Other Income7,468Employer Contributions113,426Employee Contributions33,634Total Additions340,471DEDUCTIONS165,358Refunds3,995Administrative Expenses3,714Total Deductions173,067CHANGE IN NET POSITION152,560Postemployment Healthcare Plans14,844Total Change in Net Position167,404NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR1,823,955Postemployment Healthcare Plans2,4,133Total Beginning Net Position1,848,088NET POSITION - END OF YEAR1,976,515Postemployment Healthcare Plans1,976,515Postemployment Healthcare Plans1,976,515Postemployment Healthcare Plans1,976,515Postemployment Healthcare Plans1,976,515Postemployment Healthcare Plans1,976,515Postemployment Healthcare Plans3,8,977Total Ending Net Position3,8,971Total Ending Net Position5,2,015,492		Pension and Other Employee Benefits Trust Funds				
Less: Investment Management Fees and Interest Expense(6,578)Net Gain (Loss) in Fair Value of Investments159,804Other Income7,468Employer Contributions113,426Employee Contributions33,634Total Additions340,471DEDUCTIONS165,358Benefit Payments165,358Refunds3,995Administrative Expenses3,714Total Deductions173,067CHANGE IN NET POSITION152,560Postemployment Healthcare Plans14,844Total Change in Net Position167,404NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR24,133Benefit Pension Plans1,823,955Postemployment Healthcare Plans24,133Total Beginning Net Position1,848,088NET POSITION - END OF YEAR1,976,515Postemployment Healthcare Plans1,976,515Postemployment Healthcare Plans38,977	ADDITIONS					
Net Gain (Loss) in Fair Value of Investments159,804Other Income7,468Employer Contributions113,426Employee Contributions33,634Total Additions340,471DEDUCTIONSBenefit Payments165,358Refunds3,995Administrative Expenses3,714Total Deductions173,067CHANGE IN NET POSITIONBenefit Pension Plans152,560Postemployment Healthcare Plans14,844Total Change in Net Position167,404NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEARBenefit Pension Plans1,823,955Postemployment Healthcare Plans1,823,955Postemployment Healthcare Plans1,848,088NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR1,848,088NET POSITION - END OF YEAR1,976,515Benefit Pension Plans1,976,515Postemployment Healthcare Plans38,977	Interest and Dividend Income	\$ 32,717				
Other Income7,468Employer Contributions113,426Employee Contributions33,634Total Additions340,471 DEDUCTIONS 165,358Benefit Payments165,358Refunds3,995Administrative Expenses3,714Total Deductions173,067 CHANGE IN NET POSITION 152,560Postemployment Healthcare Plans14,844Total Change in Net Position167,404 NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR 1,823,955Postemployment Healthcare Plans24,133Total Beginning Net Position1,848,088 NET POSITION - END OF YEAR 1,976,515Postemployment Healthcare Plans1,976,515Postemployment Healthcare Plans38,977	Less: Investment Management Fees and Interest Expense	(6,578)				
Employer Contributions113,426Employee Contributions33,634Total Additions340,471DEDUCTIONS165,358Benefit Payments165,358Refunds3,995Administrative Expenses3,714Total Deductions173,067CHANGE IN NET POSITION152,560Postemployment Healthcare Plans167,404NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR1,823,955Postemployment Healthcare Plans24,133Total Beginning Net Position1,848,088NET POSITION - END OF YEAR1,976,515Postemployment Healthcare Plans1,976,515Postemployment Healthcare Plans38,977	Net Gain (Loss) in Fair Value of Investments	159,804				
Employee Contributions33,634Total Additions340,471DEDUCTIONS165,358Benefit Payments165,358Refunds3,995Administrative Expenses3,714Total Deductions173,067CHANGE IN NET POSITION152,560Postemployment Healthcare Plans14,844Total Change in Net Position167,404NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR1,823,955Postemployment Healthcare Plans24,133Total Beginning Net Position1,848,088NET POSITION - END OF YEAR1,976,515Postemployment Healthcare Plans1,976,515Postemployment Healthcare Plans38,977	Other Income	7,468				
Total Additions340,471DEDUCTIONS165,358Benefit Payments165,358Refunds3,995Administrative Expenses3,714Total Deductions173,067CHANGE IN NET POSITION152,560Postemployment Healthcare Plans14,844Total Change in Net Position167,404NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR1,823,955Postemployment Healthcare Plans24,133Total Beginning Net Position1,848,088NET POSITION - END OF YEAR1,976,515Postemployment Healthcare Plans1,976,515Postemployment Healthcare Plans38,977	Employer Contributions	113,426				
DEDUCTIONSBenefit Payments165,358Refunds3,995Administrative Expenses3,714Total Deductions173,067CHANGE IN NET POSITION152,560Postemployment Healthcare Plans14,844Total Change in Net Position167,404NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR1,823,955Postemployment Healthcare Plans24,133Total Beginning Net Position1,848,088NET POSITION - END OF YEAR1,976,515Benefit Pension Plans1,976,515Postemployment Healthcare Plans38,977	Employee Contributions	33,634				
Benefit Payments165,358Refunds3,995Administrative Expenses3,714Total Deductions173,067CHANGE IN NET POSITIONBenefit Pension Plans152,560Postemployment Healthcare Plans14,844Total Change in Net Position167,404NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEARBenefit Pension Plans1,823,955Postemployment Healthcare Plans24,133Total Beginning Net Position1,848,088NET POSITION - END OF YEAR1,976,515Benefit Pension Plans1,976,515Postemployment Healthcare Plans38,977	Total Additions	340,471				
Refunds3,995Administrative Expenses3,714Total Deductions173,067CHANGE IN NET POSITIONBenefit Pension Plans152,560Postemployment Healthcare Plans14,844Total Change in Net Position167,404NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEARBenefit Pension Plans1,823,955Postemployment Healthcare Plans24,133Total Beginning Net Position1,848,088NET POSITION - END OF YEAR1,976,515Benefit Pension Plans1,976,515Postemployment Healthcare Plans38,977	DEDUCTIONS					
Administrative Expenses3,714Total Deductions173,067CHANGE IN NET POSITION152,560Benefit Pension Plans152,560Postemployment Healthcare Plans14,844Total Change in Net Position167,404NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR1,823,955Postemployment Healthcare Plans24,133Total Beginning Net Position1,848,088NET POSITION - END OF YEAR1,976,515Benefit Pension Plans1,976,515Postemployment Healthcare Plans38,977	Benefit Payments	165,358				
Administrative Expenses3,714Total Deductions173,067CHANGE IN NET POSITION152,560Benefit Pension Plans152,560Postemployment Healthcare Plans14,844Total Change in Net Position167,404NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR1,823,955Postemployment Healthcare Plans24,133Total Beginning Net Position1,848,088NET POSITION - END OF YEAR1,976,515Benefit Pension Plans1,976,515Postemployment Healthcare Plans38,977	Refunds	3,995				
CHANGE IN NET POSITION Benefit Pension Plans152,560Postemployment Healthcare Plans14,844Total Change in Net Position167,404NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR Benefit Pension Plans1,823,955Postemployment Healthcare Plans24,133Total Beginning Net Position1,848,088NET POSITION - END OF YEAR Benefit Pension Plans1,976,515Postemployment Healthcare Plans38,977	Administrative Expenses					
Benefit Pension Plans152,560Postemployment Healthcare Plans14,844Total Change in Net Position167,404NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR1,823,955Postemployment Healthcare Plans24,133Total Beginning Net Position1,848,088NET POSITION - END OF YEAR1,976,515Postemployment Healthcare Plans38,977	Total Deductions	173,067				
Postemployment Healthcare Plans14,844Total Change in Net Position167,404NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEARBenefit Pension Plans1,823,955Postemployment Healthcare Plans24,133Total Beginning Net Position1,848,088NET POSITION - END OF YEAR1,976,515Postemployment Healthcare Plans38,977	CHANGE IN NET POSITION					
Postemployment Healthcare Plans14,844Total Change in Net Position167,404NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR1,823,955Benefit Pension Plans1,823,955Postemployment Healthcare Plans24,133Total Beginning Net Position1,848,088NET POSITION - END OF YEAR1,976,515Benefit Pension Plans1,976,515Postemployment Healthcare Plans38,977	Benefit Pension Plans	152,560				
Total Change in Net Position167,404NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEARBenefit Pension Plans1,823,955Postemployment Healthcare Plans24,133Total Beginning Net Position1,848,088NET POSITION - END OF YEARBenefit Pension Plans1,976,515Postemployment Healthcare Plans38,977	Postemployment Healthcare Plans					
Benefit Pension Plans1,823,955Postemployment Healthcare Plans24,133Total Beginning Net Position1,848,088NET POSITION - END OF YEAR1,976,515Benefit Pension Plans1,976,515Postemployment Healthcare Plans38,977		167,404				
Postemployment Healthcare Plans24,133Total Beginning Net Position1,848,088NET POSITION - END OF YEAR1,976,515Benefit Pension Plans1,976,515Postemployment Healthcare Plans38,977	NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR					
Postemployment Healthcare Plans24,133Total Beginning Net Position1,848,088NET POSITION - END OF YEAR1,976,515Benefit Pension Plans1,976,515Postemployment Healthcare Plans38,977	Benefit Pension Plans	1,823,955				
Total Beginning Net Position1,848,088NET POSITION - END OF YEAR1,976,515Benefit Pension Plans1,976,515Postemployment Healthcare Plans38,977	Postemployment Healthcare Plans					
Benefit Pension Plans1,976,515Postemployment Healthcare Plans38,977	Total Beginning Net Position	1,848,088				
Benefit Pension Plans1,976,515Postemployment Healthcare Plans38,977	NET POSITION - END OF YEAR					
Postemployment Healthcare Plans 38,977		1,976.515				
	Postemployment Healthcare Plans					
φ 2,010,122	Total Ending Net Position	\$ 2,015,492				

City of Fort Worth, Texas Notes to the Basic Financial Statements September 30, 2013

- **Note A:** Summary of Significant Accounting Policies
- Note B: Cash, Cash Equivalents & Investments
- **Note C:** Receivables and Interfund Balances
- **Note D:** Fund Equity
- **Note E:** Restricted Assets
- **Note F:** Capital Assets
- **Note G:** Debt Obligations
- **Note H:** Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Costs
- **Note I:** D/FW International Airport
- **Note J:** Employees' Retirement Plan of the City of Fort Worth, Texas
- **Note K:** Employee Benefits
- Note L: Commitments and Contingencies
- **Note M:** Condensed Financial Information for Component Units and Nonmajor Enterprise Funds
- **Note N:** Subsequent Events
- **Note O:** New Accounting Standards

NOTE A: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the City of Fort Worth, Texas (City) as reflected in the accompanying financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2013, conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) for local governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. A summary of the City's significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of the accompanying financial statements follows.

A. 1. FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY

In evaluating the City's financial reporting entity, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the financial reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, GASB Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units and* GASB Statement No. 61, *Financial Reporting Entity-Omnibus*. Organizations are included if they are financially accountable to the City, or the nature and significance of their relationship with the City are such that exclusion would cause the financial statements to be misleading. Inclusion is determined on the basis of the City's ability to exercise significant influence. Significant influence or accountability is based primarily on its operational or financial relationship with the City (as distinct from a legal relationship).

The City is financially accountable if it appoints a voting majority of an organization's governing body and is able to impose its will on that organization, or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the City.

Blended Component Units

Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are reported as part of the primary government because they meet the criteria above, as well as serve or benefit the City exclusively. The following blended component units are reported as part of the primary government:

Crime Control and Prevention District—The Crime Control and Prevention District (CCPD) was created in March 1995 by a vote of local residents, and renewed in 2000, 2005 and 2010. The vote for the next renewal will be on May 10, 2014; if approved the renewal will start in 2015. The CCPD is funded from sales taxes. Although it is legally separate from the City, the members of the board of the CCPD and the members of the City Council are substantively the same. Therefore, the CCPD has been blended in the City's basic financial statements as a Nonmajor Special Revenue Fund.

Fort Worth Housing Finance Corporation—The Fort Worth Housing Finance Corporation (FWHFC) was created pursuant to the Texas Housing Finance Corporations Act. The FWHFC was organized for the purpose of financing the cost of residential ownership and development of single-family dwellings for persons of low and moderate income. Although it is legally separate from the City, the members of the Board of the FWHFC and the members of the City Council are substantively the same. Therefore, the FWHFC has been blended in the City's basic financial statements as a Nonmajor Special Revenue Fund. Included in the FWHFC are its component units, The Villas of Eastwood Terrace, LLC and Race Street Lofts GP, LLC.

The Villas of Eastwood Terrace, LLC—The Villas of Eastwood Terrace, LLC (the Company), a Texas limited liability company, acting pursuant to Article 3.09 of the Texas Limited Liability Company Act, is owned solely by the Fort Worth Housing Finance Corporation. The Company was organized to provide decent, safe and affordable housing to very low-income, low-income, and moderate income residents of the City, by developing, owning, leasing, operating, renovating, financing and disposing of the Eastwood Terrace senior housing project, and doing all things incident to the ownership of the project. The Company

(continued)

has a December 31 year-end and its financial information as of the previous December 31 is included in this document. Separate financial statements can be obtained by contacting the Villas of Eastwood Terrace at 4700 East Berry Street, Fort Worth, Texas 76105. The Fort Worth Housing and Finance Corporation (FWHFC) sold The Villas of Eastwood Terrace, LLC in August, 2013.

Race Street Lofts GP, LLC— Race Streets Lofts GP, LLC (the Company), a Texas limited liability company, acting pursuant to Article 3.09 of the Texas Limited Liability Company Act, was created by the Fort Worth Housing Finance Corporation to be the general partner in the development of multifamily affordable housing. The Company was created for the purpose of (i) owning, developing, managing, and otherwise dealing with affordable housing apartment projects located in Tarrant County, Texas, under the low-income housing tax credit program of the Texas Department of Housing and Community Affairs; and (ii) becoming a partner or member of a partnership or limited liability company formed for such purposes. The resolution also authorizes a development agreement with NRP Holdings, LLC to act as a co-developer of the properties. The development was awarded tax credits by The Texas Department of Housing and Community Affairs (TDHCA). The company has a December 31 year-end. Separate financial statements can be obtained by contacting Novogradac & Company, LLP at 1110 Superior Avenue, Suite 900, Cleveland, Ohio 44114. The financial information of Race Street Lofts GP, LLC is blended into that of the Fort Worth Housing Finance Corporation.

Fort Worth Local Development Corporation—The Fort Worth Local Development Corporation (FWLDC) is a 501 (c) (3) organization and a Texas nonprofit corporation formed in 1987 by the City Council. The original purpose of the FWLDC was to administer a proposed low-interest rate program for business development in and around the Stockyards area in accordance with the Economic Development Administration Block Grant Program. However, the articles of incorporation are broad enough to allow involvement in almost any kind of city-wide economic development activities. Although it is a legally separate entity from the City, the members of the Board of the FWLDC and the members of the City Council are substantively the same. Therefore, the FWLDC has been blended in the City's basic financial statements as a Nonmajor Special Revenue Fund.

Lancaster Corridor Redevelopment, LLC— Lancaster Corridor Redevelopment, LLC (the Company), a Texas limited liability company, was created as a subsidiary of Fort Worth Local Development Corporation (FWLDC) pursuant to the Texas Limited Liability Company Act for the purpose of supporting mixed use redevelopment along the Lancaster Corridor. The financial information of the Lancaster Corridor Redevelopment, LLC is blended into that of the Fort Worth Local Development Corporation.

Alliance Airport Authority, Inc. —The Alliance Airport Authority, Inc. was created in 1989. It is an industrial development corporation created to benefit the City and to, among other things, issue bond, promote and develop new and expanded business enterprises in the City, promote and encourage employment, and otherwise to benefit the public in accordance with the Development Corporation Act of 1979.

Service Center Relocation, Inc.—The Service Center Relocation, Inc. was established under the provision of Chapter 431, Texas Transportation Code, and the general laws of the State of Texas, to aid, assist, and act on behalf of the City in the performance of the City's governmental functions and to provide a means of financing certain project costs in connection with the undertaking of certain public improvements within specified geographical areas of the City in furtherance of the promotion, development, encouragement and maintenance of employment, commerce, economic development and public facility development in the City. Although it is legally separate from the City, the members of the board of the Service Center and the members of the City Council are substantively

(continued)

the same. Therefore, the Service Center has been blended in the City's basic financial statements as a Nonmajor Special Revenue Fund (reported with the Other Blended Component Units).

Fort Worth Sports Authority, Inc.—The Fort Worth Sports Authority, Inc. (Sports Authority) was created pursuant to the provisions Section 4B of Article 5190.6, Vernon's Texas Civil Statues, which authorizes the Sports Authority to jointly assist and act on behalf of the City and to engage in activities in furtherance of the purposes for its creation. The Sports Authority is organized for the purpose of aiding, assisting, and acting on behalf of the City in the performance of its governmental functions to promote the common good and general welfare of the City and in the construction of projects on behalf of the City. The Sports Authority financed the purchase of the Texas Motor Speedway (Speedway) and the infrastructure in and around that property; however, it does not operate the Speedway. Due to the Sports Authority providing services almost exclusively to the City, the Sports Authority has been blended in the City's basic financial statements as a Nonmajor Special Revenue Fund (reported with the Other Blended Component Units).

Lone Star Local Government Corporation—The Lone Star Local Government Corporation was created pursuant to the provisions of Subchapter D, Chapter 431 of the Texas Transportation Code, and Chapter 394 of the Texas Local Government Code. The Lone Star Local Government Corporation is organized for the purpose of aiding, assisting, and acting on behalf of the City in the performance of its governmental functions to promote the common good and general welfare of the City and in undertaking and completing of projects on behalf of the City. Although it is legally separate from the City, the members of the board of the Lone Star Local Government Corporation and the members of the City Council are substantively the same. Therefore, the Lone Star Local Government Corporation has been blended in the City's basic financial statements as a Nonmajor Special Revenue Fund (reported with the Other Blended Component Units).

Fort Worth Central City Local Government Corporation—The Fort Worth Central City Local Government Corporation (FWCCLGC) was created pursuant to the provisions of Subchapter D, Chapter 431 of the Texas Transportation Code. The FWCCLGC is organized for the purpose of aiding, assisting and acting on behalf of the City in implementation of project plans for the Magnolia Green Development, including the construction of a parking garage to support the development of the area. Although it is legally separate from the City, the members of the board of the FWCCLGC and the members of the City Council are substantively the same. Therefore, the FWCCLGC has been blended in the City's basic financial statements as a Nonmajor Special Revenue Fund (reported with the Other Blended Component Units).

Discretely Presented Component Units

The following legally separate entities are reported as discretely presented component units of the City in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements because they are legally separate from the City, the City is financially accountable for them, and their relationships with the City are such that exclusion would be misleading. They are each designed to benefit the citizens of Fort Worth in specific areas but do not function as an integral part of the primary government.

Fort Worth Public Improvement District No. 1—The Fort Worth Public Improvement District No. 1 was created by resolution of the City Council pursuant to Texas Local Government Code, Chapter 372. In June 2004, the City Council approved the re-establishment of the District to include an area to the west of the District in addition to the area of District No. 10 which is to the east of downtown District No. 1. The purpose of the re-establishment of the District is to furnish additional security, landscaping, marketing and promotion of the District. Special assessments are levied on property within the District to pay for these improvements and services. Fort Worth Public Improvement District No. 10 is now accounted for with District No. 1.

(continued)

Fort Worth Public Improvement District No. 6—The Fort Worth Public Improvement District No. 6 was created in 1998 for a life term by resolution of the City Council pursuant to Chapter 372, Local Government Code. The purpose of the District is to provide supplemental improvements and services, including security patrol services in the Park Glen area. Special assessments are levied on property within the District to pay for these services.

Fort Worth Public Improvement District No. 7—The Fort Worth Public Improvement District No. 7 was created in 2000 for a life term by resolution of the City Council pursuant to Chapter 372, Local Government Code. The purpose of the District is to provide supplemental improvements and services, including security patrol services in the Heritage area. Special assessments are levied on property within the District to pay for these services.

Fort Worth Public Improvement District No. 8—The Fort Worth Public Improvement District No. 8 was created in 2000 by resolution of the City Council pursuant to Chapter 372, Local Government Code. On December 16, 2008, the City Council approved the re-establishment of the District for another ten (10) year term. The District is just outside the Cultural District along the Camp Bowie Boulevard corridor. It is a nine-mile commercial stretch along Camp Bowie Boulevard from University Drive to Loop 820 South. Funds are utilized for marketing and promotion of special events, communication and information programs, planned coordination of capital improvements, clean up, and beautification.

Fort Worth Public Improvement District No. 11—The Fort Worth Public Improvement District No. 11 was created in 2003 for a life term by resolution of the City Council pursuant to Chapter 372, Local Government Code. The purpose of the District is to provide maintenance and landscaping, promotions and marketing, security, transportation and parking, street and sidewalk sweeping, and related activities for the Stockyards area.

Fort Worth Public Improvement District No. 12—The Fort Worth Public Improvement District No. 12 was created in 2004 for a life term by resolution of the City Council pursuant to Chapter 372, Local Government Code. The district known as the Chapel Hill area includes 1,358.02 acres bounded by West Bonds Ranch Road, Business Highway 287 North and Boat Club Road. The purpose of the district is to provide additional services and improvements in this area to include maintenance, landscaping, promotions, marketing, security, transportation, parking, and street sweeping.

Fort Worth Public Improvement District No. 14—The Fort Worth Public Improvement District No. 14 was created on June 16, 2009 for a twenty (20) year term by resolution of the City Council pursuant to Chapter 372, Local Government Code. The purpose of the District is to provide management and improvement services for Trinity Bluff. Initial improvements and services to be provided include a maintenance program, a security enhancement program and a district management program.

Fort Worth Public Improvement District No. 15—The Fort Worth Public Improvement District No. 15 was created on August 21, 2012 for a twenty (20) year term by resolution of the City Council pursuant to Chapter 372, Local Government Code. The district know as Sun Valley includes 130.14 acres of land bounded by David Strickland Road on the north, area to the south of and along Mosson Road, area to the west of and along Marie Jones Road and east by Interstate Highway East Loop 820 South. The purpose of the district is the establishment of a security patrol program.

Taxing Increment Reinvestment Zone No. 2A—The Taxing Increment Reinvestment Zone Number Two A was created on December 19, 1995 pursuant to the Texas Tax Increment Financing Act, Tax Code, Sections 311.001 through 311.017, as amended. The Zone is set to expire on December 31, 2025. The purpose of the Zone is to promote the development of the Texas Motor Speedway.

(continued)

Taxing Increment Reinvestment Zone No. 2B—The Taxing Increment Reinvestment Zone Number Two B was created on December 19, 1995 pursuant to the Texas Tax Increment Financing Act, Tax Code, Sections 311.001 through 311.017, as amended. The Zone is set to expire on December 31, 2025. It is contiguous to the original speedway Taxing Increment Reinvestment Zone (TIRZ). The purpose of the Zone is to promote the development of the Texas Motor Speedway.

Taxing Increment Reinvestment Zone No. 3—The Taxing Increment Reinvestment Zone Number Three was created on December 19, 1995 pursuant to the Texas Tax Increment Financing Act, Tax Code, Sections 311.001 through 311.017, as amended. This Zone was previously Taxing Increment Reinvestment Zone Number One from January 1995 until December 1995 which was dissolved due to a lack of fiscal activity. The zone is set to expire on December 31, 2025. The purpose of the Zone is to finance public improvements to the downtown area such as construction of an underground parking garage and central park, as well as streetscape improvements along heavily traveled pedestrian corridors.

Taxing Increment Reinvestment Zone No. 3A—The Taxing Increment Reinvestment Zone Number Three A was created on December 19, 1995 pursuant to the Texas Tax Increment Financing Act, Tax Code, Sections 311.001 through 311.017, as amended. This Zone is an expansion of Taxing Increment Reinvestment Zone No. 3. The Zone is set to expire on December 31, 2025. The purpose of the Zone is to finance public improvements to the downtown area such as construction of an underground parking garage and central park, as well as streetscape improvements along heavily traveled pedestrian corridors.

Taxing Increment Reinvestment Zone No. 4—The Taxing Increment Reinvestment Zone Number Four was created on November 25, 1997 pursuant to the Texas Tax Increment Financing Act, Tax Code, Sections 311.001 through 311.017, as amended. The Zone is set to expire on December 31, 2022. The purpose of the Zone is to promote the development of the Southside Medical District.

Taxing Increment Reinvestment Zone No. 6—The Taxing Increment Reinvestment Zone Number Six was created on November 12, 2002 pursuant to the Texas Tax Increment Financing Act, Tax Code, Sections 311.001 through 311.017, as amended. The Zone is set to expire on November 11, 2036. This Zone encompasses the property that is home to Tarrant County College and the Tarrant County Courthouse. The purpose of the Zone is to provide infrastructure support for Tarrant County College and other private investment in this Riverfront Taxing Increment Reinvestment Zone (TIRZ).

Taxing Increment Reinvestment Zone No. 7— The Taxing Increment Reinvestment Zone Number Seven was created on December 9, 2003 pursuant to the Texas Tax Increment Financing Act, Tax Code, Sections 311.001 through 311.017, as amended. The Zone is set to expire on December 31, 2019. The purpose of this Zone is to support the completion of the North Tarrant Parkway interchange, ramps, frontage roads and extension to Rainy Lake Road.

Taxing Increment Reinvestment Zone No. 7A—The Taxing Increment Reinvestment Zone Number Seven A was created on December 9, 2003 pursuant to the Texas Tax Increment Financing Act, Tax Code, Sections 311.001 through 311.017, as amended. The Zone is set to expire on December 31, 2019. This Zone is an expansion of Taxing Increment Reinvestment Zone No. 7. The purpose of the Zone is to support the completion of the North Tarrant Parkway interchange, ramps, frontage roads and extension to Rainy Lake Road.

Taxing Increment Reinvestment Zone No. 8—The Taxing Increment Reinvestment Zone Number Eight was created on December 9, 2003 pursuant to the Texas Tax Increment Financing Act, Tax Code, Sections 311.001 through 311.017, as amended. The Zone is set to expire on December 31, 2024. The purpose of this Zone is to provide support for redevelopment efforts along the Lancaster Corridor in the southern portion of downtown.

(continued)

Taxing Increment Reinvestment Zone No. 9—The Taxing Increment Reinvestment Zone Number Nine was created on December 9, 2003 pursuant to the Texas Tax Increment Financing Act, Tax Code, Sections 311.001 through 311.017, as amended. The Zone is set to expire on December 31, 2044. This Zone was created to provide infrastructure support for the Trinity River Vision, which is a plan for redevelopment of the portion of the Trinity River in the downtown area into an urban lake.

Taxing Increment Reinvestment Zone No. 9A—The Taxing Increment Reinvestment Zone Number Nine A was created on December 15, 2009 pursuant to the Texas Tax Increment Financing Act, Tax Code, Sections 311.001 through 311.017, as amended. The Zone is set to expire on December 31, 2044. It is contiguous to the original development in Tax Increment Financing No. 9. This Zone was created to provide infrastructure support for the Trinity River Vision, which is a plan for redevelopment of the portion of the Trinity River in the downtown area into an urban lake.

Taxing Increment Reinvestment Zone No. 10—The Taxing Increment Reinvestment Zone Number Ten was created on June 15, 2004 pursuant to the Texas Tax Increment Financing Act, Tax Code, Sections 311.001 through 311.017, as amended. The Zone is set to expire on December 31, 2025. This Zone was created to provide infrastructure and public space support for a private investment by Cabela's Retail, Inc. mega store.

Taxing Increment Reinvestment Zone No. 10A—The Taxing Increment Reinvestment Zone Number Ten A was created on December 9, 2008 pursuant to the Texas Tax Increment Financing Act, Tax Code, Sections 311.001 through 311.017, as amended. The Zone is set to expire on December 31, 2025. It is contiguous to the original development in Tax Increment Financing No. 10. This Zone was created to provide infrastructure and public space support for a private investment by Cabela's Retail, Inc. mega store.

Taxing Increment Reinvestment Zone No. 12—The Taxing Increment Reinvestment Zone Number Twelve was created on July 18, 2006 pursuant to the Texas Tax Increment Financing Act, Tax Code, Sections 311.001 through 311.017, as amended. The Zone is set to expire on December 31, 2027. This Zone was created to provide infrastructure improvements (e.g. water, sewer, drainage, roads, sidewalks, etc.) associated with new development and redevelopment projects for the East Berry Renaissance along the East Berry Street corridor.

Taxing Increment Reinvestment Zone No. 13—The Taxing Increment reinvestment Zone Number Thirteen was created on November 27, 2007 pursuant to the Texas Tax Increment Financing Act, Tax Code, Sections 311.001 through 311.017, as amended. The Zone is set to expire on December 31, 2028. This zone was created to help fund infrastructure improvements (e.g. water, sewer, drainage, roads, sidewalks, etc.) associated with new development and redevelopment projects in the Woodhaven Area.

No separate audited financial statements are available for these component units. Unaudited financial statements for the individual component units may be obtained at the City's offices located at 1000 Throckmorton Street, Fort Worth, Texas 76102.

Pension and Retiree Healthcare Trust Funds

Employees' Retirement Pension Trust Fund of the City of Fort Worth—The single-employer defined benefit retirement system was established under legal authority of the City Charter and is administered by the City. As disclosed in Note J, this fiduciary fund of the City issues separate audited financial statements which are publicly available and can be obtained by contacting the Employees' Retirement Fund at 3801 Hulen Street, Suite 101, Fort Worth, Texas 76107.

(continued)

Retiree Healthcare Trust Fund of the City of Fort Worth—The single-employer defined benefit retirement health care system was established under legal authority of the City Charter and is administered by the City. No separate audited financial statements are available for this fiduciary fund of the City.

Related Entities

The following related entities are the more significant of those that do not meet the criteria for component units and are not included in the City's financial statements: Fort Worth Zoological Association, Fort Worth Botanical Society, Inc., Friends of the Fort Worth Public Library, certain Fort Worth library trusts, the Business Assistance Center Foundation, Inc., Fort Worth South, Inc., and the Trinity River Vision Project.

City officials are also responsible for appointing members to the boards of the following organizations, but the City's accountability for these organizations do not extend beyond making appointments.

Dallas/Fort Worth International Airport—Dallas/Fort Worth International Airport (DFW Airport) is a local government located between the cities of Fort Worth and Dallas. DFW Airport is governed by a 12-member board comprised of seven members representing the City of Dallas, four members representing the City of Fort Worth, and on an annual basis, one non-voting member from each of the neighboring cities of Irving, Grapevine, Euless, and Coppell. Refer to further information in Note I regarding the City's initial contribution to the infrastructure of the DFW Airport.

Fort Worth Housing Authority—The Fort Worth Housing Authority (Authority) is an independent organization, which has a scope of public service within the geographic boundaries of the City. Under Texas State Statutes, the responsibility for the administration and operations of the Authority is vested solely with the Authority's Board of Commissioners. The Authority is dependent on Federal funds from the Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) and, as a result, is not financially dependent on the City. In addition, the City is not responsible for any deficits incurred and has no fiscal management control.

Fort Worth Transportation Authority—The Fort Worth Transportation Authority (Transportation Authority) is an independent organization that provides public transportation services for Tarrant County and the North Central Texas region. Under Texas State Statutes, the responsibility for the administration and operations of the Transportation Authority is vested solely with the Authority's Board of Directors which is composed of nine-members appointed by the Fort Worth City Council and Tarrant County Commissioners Court. The Transportation Authority is dependent on State and Federal funds and user fees. As a result the City is not responsible for any deficits incurred and has no fiscal management control.

A. 2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Government-Wide Statements

The two government-wide financial statements, the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the City. Governmental activities, which include those activities primarily supported by taxes or intergovernmental revenue are reported separately from business-type activities, which generally rely on fees and charges for support. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the government's water and sewer and solid waste functions and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

(continued)

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the extent to which the direct expenses of a functional category are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific program. Program revenues include charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function. They also include operating and capital grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items properly excluded from program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

The City segregates transactions related to certain functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management activities and to demonstrate legal compliance. Separate statements are prescribed for governmental activities and for proprietary activities. These statements present each major fund as a separate column on the fund financial statements, while all nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

Internal service funds of the City (which provide services primarily to other funds of the government) are presented in summary form as part of the proprietary fund financial statements. Financial statements of internal service funds are allocated between the governmental and business-type activities columns when presented at the government-wide level. The costs of these services are reflected in the appropriate functional activity (General Administration, Public Safety, Transportation and Public Works, etc.).

The City's fiduciary funds are presented in the fund financial statements. Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party (pension and retiree healthcare plan participants) and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide statements.

The following is a brief description of the major funds used by the City. Major funds are defined as:

- (1) Main operating fund (General Fund)
- (2) Any fund that comprises at least 10% of assets and deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows, revenues or expenses of the total fund type **and** at least 5% of assets and deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows, revenues or expenses of total governmental and enterprise funds.
- (3) Additional funds deemed important by the City but not meeting the criteria of a major fund.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. The measurement focus of governmental funds is on the sources, uses, and balance of financial resources while the modified accrual is used for the basis of accounting. The City reports the following major governmental funds.

General Fund is the main operating fund of the City. The fund is used to account for all the financial resources that are not accounted for in other funds. All general tax revenues and other receipts that are not restricted by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. General operating expenditures, fixed charges and capital improvement costs that are not paid through other funds are paid from the General Fund.

Debt Service Fund accounts for the accumulation of financial resources for the payment of principal, interest and related costs on long-term obligations paid primarily from taxes levied by the City. The fund balance of the Debt Service Fund is reserved to signify the amounts that are restricted exclusively for debt service expenditures.

(continued)

Capital Projects Fund accounts for the City's purchase or construction of major capital facilities, which are not financed by other funds.

In addition to the major funds mentioned above, the City uses the following governmental fund types.

Special Revenue Funds - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources requiring separate accounting because of legal or regulatory provisions or administrative action.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds are accounted for using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The accounting objectives are determinations of net income, financial position and cash flows. All assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources are included in the Statement of Net Position. The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

Water and Sewer Fund accounts for the provision of water and sewer services to the residents of the City. Activities of the funds include administration, billing and collection activities, and the operations, maintenance, and construction of the systems. The fund also accounts for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of long-term principal and interest for water and sewer debt. All costs are financed through charges to utility customers with rates reviewed regularly and adjusted if necessary to ensure the integrity of the system.

Stormwater Utility Fund accounts for the operation of the Stormwater Utility and provides funding for storm drainage capital improvements and enhanced maintenance of the storm drainage system in order to reduce stormwater related pollutants from entering the City's waterways. The fund also accounts for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of long-term principal and interest for the stormwater debt.

Other Enterprise Funds is a summary of all the nonmajor enterprise, proprietary funds. These funds include: Municipal Airports Fund, Municipal Golf Fund, Municipal Parking Fund, and the Solid Waste Fund.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise funds and internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The Water and Sewer Fund also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Internal Service Funds

Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department to other departments within the City, on a cost-reimbursement basis. The City has five internal service funds, which include: Office Services Fund, Equipment Services Fund, Temporary Labor Fund, Information Systems Fund, and Capital Project Services Fund.

Fiduciary Funds

The Trust Funds account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and/or other funds. The City reports the following fiduciary fund type:

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Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds—For accounting measurement purposes, Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds are accounted for in essentially the same manner as proprietary funds. The Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds account for the assets of the City's retirement and post employment healthcare benefit plans. The Fort Worth Employees' Retirement Fund issues separately audited financial statements. Those statements can be obtained by contacting the Fort Worth Employee's Retirement Fund, 3801 Hulen Street, Suite 101, Fort Worth, Texas, 76107.

The fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide financial statements.

Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

A summary reconciliation of the difference between total fund balances as reflected on the governmental funds balance sheet and total net position for governmental activities as shown on the government-wide statement of net position is presented in an accompanying schedule to the governmental funds balance sheet. The asset and liability elements which comprise the reconciliation difference stem from governmental funds using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting while the government-wide financial statements use the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. A summary reconciliation of the difference between net changes in fund balances as reflected on the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and change in net position for governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, expenditures, and changes in fund balances in fund balances. The revenue and expense elements which comprise the reconciliation difference stem from governmental funds using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting while the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and change in net position for governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances. The revenue and expense elements which comprise the reconciliation difference stem from governmental funds using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting while the governmental funds using the current financial statements use the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting while the governmental funds using the current financial statements use the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting while the government-wide financial statements use the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

A. 3. MEASUREMENT FOCUS/BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities, all proprietary funds, and the fiduciary funds are reported and accounted for on the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of these activities are either included on the statement of net position or on the statement of fiduciary net position. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when liabilities are incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Nonexchange transactions, in which the City either gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange include, for example, sales taxes, property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from sales taxes are recognized when the underlying "exchange" transaction takes place. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been met. Contributions from members are recorded when the employer makes payroll deductions from Plan members. Employer contributions are recognized when due. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the Plan.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. This focus is on the determination of and changes in financial position. Revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current fiscal period. Revenues from taxes are generally considered available if received within 60 days after the fiscal year-end. Revenue from categorical and other grants are recognized when applicable eligibility requirements, including time requirements, are met and are

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generally considered available if received within 60 days after the fiscal year-end. Program revenues such as fines, licenses and permits, gas leases and royalties and other charges for services are generally considered to be measurable and available when the cash is received. Expenditures are recorded when the related liability is incurred and payment is due, except for principal and interest on long-term debt and certain estimated liabilities which are recorded only when the obligation has matured and is due and payable shortly after year-end as required by GASB Interpretation No. 6, *Recognition and Measurement of Certain Liabilities and Expenditures in Governmental Fund Financial Statements—an interpretation of NCGA Statements 1, 4, and 5; NCGA Interpretation 8; and GASB Statements No. 10, 16, and 18.*

A. 4. PROPERTY TAXES

The City's property taxes are levied each October 1 on the assessed value as of the previous January 1 for all real and personal property. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are due October 1 and full payment can be made prior to the following February to avoid penalty and interest charges. Taxpayers also have the option of paying one-half of their taxes by November 30 and the second-half by June 30 to avoid penalty and interest charges.

Property taxes levied for 2013 have been recorded as receivables, net of allowance for refunds and uncollectible amount. The net receivables collected during 2013 and those considered "available" at September 30, 2013, (i.e., property taxes collected within 60 days of year-end) have been recognized as revenues in 2013. The remaining receivables have been reflected as unearned revenue. In the government-wide financial statements, tax revenue is recognized in the year in which taxes are levied.

The State Constitution limits the tax rate to \$2.50 per \$100 of assessed valuation including debt service. However, the City Charter further limits the tax rate to \$1.90 per \$100 or \$19.00 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation including debt service (amounts are not in thousands). The property tax rate currently levied by the City is 0.8550 per \$100 of valuation.

A. 5. A. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, & INVESTMENTS

The City pools cash from all funds (excluding the Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds) for the purpose of increasing income through investment activities. Investments are carried at fair value based on quoted market prices in accordance with GASB Statement No. 31. Interest earnings are allocated based on cash and investment amounts in individual funds in a manner consistent with budgetary and legal requirements.

Investments purchased with pooled cash are classified as cash, cash equivalents, and investments in the accompanying balance sheet and statement of net position. The relationship of an individual fund to the pooled cash and investment account is essentially that of a demand deposit account. Individual funds can withdraw cash from the account as needed and therefore all equity that the fund has in the pooled cash and investment account is highly liquid. For the purposes of the accompanying statement of cash flows, the City has chosen to reconcile "cash, cash equivalents & investments," as all investments of the fund are regarded as cash equivalents.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use for the same purpose, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources when they are needed.

A. 5. B. INVESTMENTS OF THE EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT FUND (THE "PLAN")

Valuation of Investments—Investments are stated at fair value. Quoted market prices are used to value investments. Investments that do not have quoted market prices are priced from information received from the external manager. This information includes audited financial statements, quarterly valuation statements,

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adjustments for cash receipts, cash disbursements and securities distributions through September 30, 2013. Purchases and sales of investments are recorded on a trade-date basis. Interest income is recorded on an accrual basis. Dividends are recorded on the ex-dividend date.

The Plan's investment in limited partnerships are valued at estimated fair value based on the Plan's proportionate share of the partnerships' fair value as recorded in the partnerships' audited financial statements. The limited partnerships allocate gains, losses and expenses to the partners based on the ownership percentage as described in the partnership agreements.

There are certain market risks, credit risks, foreign exchange currency risks, or events that may subject the Plan's investment portfolio to economic changes occurring in certain industries, sectors, or geographies. Net investment income includes net appreciation (depreciation) in the fair value of investments, interest income, dividend income, securities lending income, and investment expense. Investment expense includes custodian and management fees, securities lending expense and all other significant investment-related costs.

Due to/from Broker—The balance due to broker securities purchased and due from broker securities sold in 2013 represents trades pending settlement and amounts due to foreign currency contracts.

Foreign Currency Transactions—The Plan is a party to financial instruments with off-balance-sheet risk, primarily forward contacts. Forward transactions are contracts or agreements for delayed delivery of commodities, securities, or money market instruments in which the seller agrees to make delivery at a specified future date of a specified commodity or instrument, at a specified price or yield. Entering into these investments involves not only the risk of dealing with counterparties and their ability to meet the terms of the contracts, but also the risk associated with market fluctuations. Notional, face, or contract amounts often are used to express the volume of these transactions, but the amounts potentially subject to credit risk are smaller.

Gains and losses resulting from foreign exchange contracts (transactions denominated in a currency other than the Plan's functional currency—U.S. dollars) are recorded by the Plan based on changes in market values and are combined with similar transactions in the accompanying statements of changes in plan net position and are included in net investment income. The Plan structures its foreign exchange contracts and enters into certain transactions to substantially mitigate the Plan's exposure to fluctuations in foreign exchange rates.

Investments and broker accounts denominated in foreign currencies outstanding at September 30, 2013 were converted to the Plan's functional currency at the foreign exchange rates quoted at September 30, 2013. These foreign exchange gains and losses are included in net appreciation in fair value of investments in the accompanying statements of changes in net position.

A. 5. C. INVESTMENTS OF THE RETIREE HEALTHCARE TRUST FUND

Valuation of Investments—Investments are stated at fair value. Quoted market prices are used to value investments.

A. 6. INVENTORIES

In governmental funds, inventories are valued at cost using the weighted average method of valuation. Inventories in the proprietary funds are stated at the lower of cost (determined by using weighted average cost or first-in, first-out methods) or fair value. In the Equipment Services Fund (an internal service fund) inventories consist of expendable supplies and automotive parts held for consumption and are accounted for by the consumption method.

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A. 7. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets, which include land, buildings, infrastructure, vehicles, machinery and equipment, and construction in progress, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements and in the fund financial statements for proprietary funds. Capital assets are recorded at original cost or estimated fair market value as of the date of acquisition or donation for contributed assets. Repairs and maintenance are recorded as expenses. Renewals and betterments are capitalized. Interest has been capitalized during the construction period for proprietary capital assets.

The capitalization threshold below is determined by the asset class except for water and sewer capital assets which are considered to be one system and will be capitalized at their cost.

- a) Land is capitalized regardless of the value or cost;
- b) Buildings, infrastructure and intangible assets must be capitalized when the useful life is at least 3 years and the cost is \$100 or more;
- c) Vehicles, Machinery and Equipment must be capitalized when the useful life is at least 2 years and the cost is \$5 or more.

Depreciation is recorded on each class of depreciable property using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. Estimated useful lives are as follows:

Water and Sewer Meters and Equipment	5-20 years
Water and Sewer Infrastructure	25-75 years
Buildings	30-60 years
Vehicles, Machinery and Equipment	2-20 years
Runways and Taxiways	20-30 years
Infrastructure	10-40 years

Included with the City's equipment capital assets, the City has capitalized an intangible asset: computer software. The City follows the same capitalization policy and estimated useful life for its intangible asset as it does for its equipment capital assets. The City also amortizes the intangible asset utilizing the straight-line method.

A. 8. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Transactions between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds," (the current portion) or "advances to/from other funds" (the long-term portion). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

A. 9. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

City employees earn personal leave, which may either be taken or accumulated until paid upon termination or retirement. Unused sick leave, accrued holidays, and compensated time may be accumulated to a specific maximum amount and is paid upon termination, retirement or death for Civil Service employees. All other employees are paid up to an established limit for personal leave upon retirement or death. Accumulated vacation and sick leave is accrued when incurred in the government-wide statement of net position and the proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental fund statements, only if they have matured as a result of employee resignation or retirements in accordance with GASB Interpretation No. 6. For accrued amounts that are paid through proprietary funds, an expense and liability for the total future liability is recorded.

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The amount of current year compensated absences related to both governmental and proprietary funds is budgeted annually as an expenditure or expense, as appropriate. Compensated absences related to the governmental funds are liquidated in the respective funds of the employees. The compensated absence portion of general long term debt amounts to \$111,039 and the balance of compensated absence included in proprietary funds is \$13,736.

A. 10. A. RISK MANAGEMENT

The General Fund accounts for the administration of risk management activities and programs in accordance with GASB Statement No. 10, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues*. These are as follows: third party liability claims and coordination with the Department of Law on litigation, property and casualty insurance, workers' compensation, group health and life insurance plan, unemployment compensation insurance and retired employees' group death benefits for certain retirees.

All funds of the City participate in the program and make payments to the General Fund based on estimates of the amounts needed to pay prior and current-year claims and to establish a reserve for catastrophic losses. Since the City is primarily self-insured, settlement amounts have not exceeded coverage in any of the prior three fiscal years. The budgeted premiums are recognized as reductions of claim expenditures in the General Fund and as expenditures or expenses in the governmental and proprietary funds, as appropriate under requirements of GASB Statement No. 10. However, if the total amount charged to the other funds exceeds total expenditures and liabilities, the excess amounts are reported as transfers. An accrual for unpaid claims and claims incurred but not reported is reflected in the government-wide financial statements as estimated claims payable. Claims expenditures and liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. The provision for claims incurred but not reported which are probable and reasonably estimable is based on City experience since the inception of the insurance programs. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 10, the estimated claims payables are based on the estimated ultimate cost of settling the claims.

The total estimated claims payable at September 30, 2013, is \$39,707, of which \$23,949 represents workers' compensation case reserve losses, and is reported as long-term liabilities in the government-wide financial statements.

	Balance at			Balance at			Balance at
	October 1,		September 30,				September 30,
	2011	Additions	Deletions	2012	Additions	Deletions	2013
Judgments and							
Claims	\$ 38,284	\$ 93,078	\$ (93,834)	\$ 37,528	\$ 104,772	\$ (102,593)	\$ 39,707

Provisions under each type of insurance are presented below:

A. 10. B. LIABILITY INSURANCE

The City largely self-funds the risk for most liability claims, lawsuits, and related expenses. However, there are separate commercial liability insurance policies for each of the following: aircraft and airport liability, liquor liability, pollution legal liability, herd, international center, and crime insurance. There were no significant changes in coverage limits for liability insurance.

A. 10. C. PROPERTY AND CASUALTY INSURANCE

An "all risk" property policy is provided by multiple commercial insurance companies for losses in excess of \$250 per occurrence for all covered perils. The City self-insures most property losses less than \$250. Boiler and machinery insurance, and crime insurance are also maintained on a commercial insurance basis. There were no significant changes in coverage limits for property and casualty insurance.

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A. 10. D. WORKERS' COMPENSATION

The City largely self-funds the risk for workers' compensation claims. Catastrophic loss protection for workers' compensation is provided by a commercial insurer on a policy with a self-insured retention limit of \$750 for any single occurrence. Coverage limits for workers' compensation are the statutory limits required by the Texas Workers' Compensation Act. In addition, the policy provides Employer's Liability coverage with limits of insurance set at \$1,000 per occurrence. The policy also provides General Liability coverage with limits of insurance set at \$1,000 per occurrence and an aggregate limit of \$3,000.

A. 10. E. GROUP HEALTH AND LIFE INSURANCE

The City maintains a group health insurance plan for active and retired employees and their eligible dependents through a self-insured point of service (POS II), a self-insured indemnity-type plan, a fully insured Medicare Advantage Preferred Provider Organization (PPO) or Health Maintenance organization (HMO) plan of benefits. In 2013, the self–insured POS II plan was added. This is a high deductible health plan (HDHP) with a Health Savings Account (HSA). Contributions to the fund are provided by both the City and participating employees and retirees. The group life insurance and Accidental Death and Dismemberment insurance (AD&D) plans only cover active employees for \$10 and is provided by a commercial carrier. The specific stop loss insurance assumes the risk for claims on any individual in excess of \$750 paid during a calendar year.

A. 10. F. UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION

The City is a reimbursing agency for Unemployment Compensation. The Texas Workforce Commission (TWC) sends quarterly reports to the City concerning claims paid on behalf of the City to eligible former employees. A third party administrator reviews the claims and files reports to TWC accordingly. There were no significant changes in coverage levels for unemployment compensation.

A. 11. DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until that time. The City does not have any items reported as a deferred outflow of resources in the current fiscal year.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City reports a \$4,569 Deferred Inflow of Resources in its Business-Type Activities and a \$13,187 Deferred Inflow of Resources in its Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position. The Deferred Inflow of Resources results from the City's two service concession arrangements (SCAs) for the Southeast landfill and the Fort Worth zoo. The City's SCAs are briefly described below:

In 2003, the City entered into an agreement with Allied Waste Systems (D/B/A Trinity Waste Services) to operate the City's Southeast Landfill. As part of this agreement, Allied Waste Systems is compensated by third party users of the landfill. The City owns the land for the landfill and retains ownership (residual interest) in the land at the end of the 20 year agreement. In 2003, Allied Waste Systems made an initial payment of \$9,600 to the City. This upfront payment is being amortized over the 20 year contract term. As of September 30, 2013, the City recognized a Deferred Inflow of Resources in the amount of \$4,569.

(continued)

In 2011, the City entered into an agreement with the Zoological Association of Fort Worth (Association) to operate the City's zoo. As part of this agreement, the Association is compensated by third party users of the zoo. The City owns the land and fixed capital assets and will retain ownership (residual interest) in the land and fixed capital assets at the end of the 20 year agreement. In 2011, the Association made a large capital contribution in the amount of \$15,514 to the City. This upfront contribution is being amortized over the 20 year contract term. As of September 30, 2013, the City recognized a Deferred Inflow of Resources in the amount of \$13,187.

A. 12. FUND BALANCE/NET POSITION

Net position is presented on the Statements of Net Position. Net position represents the difference between (a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and (b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any the acquisition, construction, or improvements of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are also included in this component of net position. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, laws, or regulations of other governments.

Fund Balance is presented on the Balance Sheet for Governmental Funds. The components of fund balance include the following line items: a) nonspendable fund balance, b) restricted fund balance, c) committed fund balance, d) assigned fund balance and e) unassigned fund balance. For further explanation of each fund balance component, please see the following:

- a) Nonspendable fund balance (inherently nonspendable) include the:
 - Portion of net resources that cannot be spent because of their form.
 - Portion of net resources that cannot be spent because they must be maintained intact.
- b) Restricted fund balance (externally enforceable limitations on use) include amounts subject to:
 - Limitations imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments.
 - Limitations imposed by law through constitutional provision or enabling legislation.
- c) **Committed fund balance** (self-imposed limitations set in place prior to the end of the period):
 - Limitation imposed at the highest level of decision making that requires formal action (passage of City Ordinance) at the same level to remove. For the City, the City Council is the highest level of decision making.
- d) Assigned fund balance (limitation resulting from intended use) consists of amounts where the:
 - Intended use is established by the body designated for that purpose (City Council).
 - Intended use is established by official designated for that purpose. The City's Financial Management Policy Statements establish the City Manager as the official designated for assigning fund balance.
- e) Unassigned fund balance (residual net resources) is the:
 - Total fund balance in the General Fund in excess of nonspendable, restricted, committed, and assigned fund balance.
 - Negative unassigned fund balance is the excess of nonspendable, restricted, and committed fund balance over total fund balance.

If there is an expenditure incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the City will consider restricted fund balance to have been spent before unrestricted fund balance.

(continued)

Further, if there is an expenditure incurred for purposes for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balance classifications could be used, the City will consider committed fund balance to be spent before assigned fund balance, and consider assigned fund balance to be spent before unassigned fund balance.

The City's Financial Management Policy Statements establish and document the City's policies concerning maintaining the fund balance and net position of the various operating funds at levels sufficient to protect the City's creditworthiness as well as its financial position. The policy provides for the following:

A. General Fund Unassigned Fund Balance

The City shall strive to maintain the General Fund unassigned fund balance at 10 percent of the current year's budget appropriation for operations and maintenance. After completion of the annual audit, if the unassigned fund balance exceeds 10 percent, the excess must be specifically designated for subsequent year expenditures or transferred to the Capital Projects Reserve Fund. (The use of the Capital Projects Reserve Fund shall be guided by the Capital Expenditures and Improvements Policy Statements.)

B. Net Position of Enterprise Operating Funds

In enterprise operating funds, the City shall strive to maintain positive net positions to provide sufficient reserves for emergencies, revenue shortfalls and operations. Specifically, in the Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund, Solid Waste Fund, Municipal Parking, Municipal Golf Fund and Storm Water Utility Fund, an operating reserve will be established and maintained at 20 percent of the current year's budget appropriation for operation and maintenance, which is defined as the total budget less debt service and capital project expenditures.

C. Use of Fund Balance/Net Position

Fund Balance/Net Position shall be used only for emergencies, non-recurring expenditures, or major capital purchases that cannot be accommodated through current year savings. Should such use reduce the balance below the appropriate level set as the objective for that fund, restoration recommendations will accompany the decision to utilize said balance.

D. Net Position of Internal Service Funds

The City shall not regularly maintain positive net position in excess of 20 percent of the current year's operation and maintenance expense in any internal service fund. Normally, when an internal service fund's net position exceeds 20 percent, the City shall reduce the charges for services provided by the internal service fund to other City operating funds.

E. Culture and Tourism Fund Assigned Fund Balance

The City shall strive to maintain the Culture and Tourism Fund assigned fund balance at 20 percent of the current year's budget appropriation, which is defined as the total budget less the annual transfer to the debt service funds, to pay for operations and maintenance costs during that fiscal year. If the unassigned balance exceeds 20 percent, the excess shall be designated exclusively for improvements and maintenance to the Public Events Department Venues and related Public Events Department responsibilities in either the current or any future fiscal year.

F. Debt Service Funds

The City shall maintain sufficient reserves in its debt service funds, which shall equal or exceed the requirements dictated by its bond ordinances.

G. Benefit and Insurance Funds

The City shall seek to maintain reserves in its benefit and insurance funds at the following levels:

1. Risk Management Fund—25 percent of projected annual operating expenditures.

(continued)

- 2. Worker's Compensation Fund—25 percent of projected annual operating expenditures.
- 3. Group Health and Life Insurance Fund—20 percent of projected annual operating expenditures.
- 4. Unemployment Compensation Fund—25 percent of projected annual operating expenditures.

Please see the following table for detail regarding the fund balance categories and classifications for the governmental funds which shows components of nonspendable fund balance, as well as the purposes for restricted, committed and assigned fund balance. The unassigned fund balance is also shown.

Fund Balance Categories and Classification										
Fund	General	Debt	Capital	Nonmajor Governmental	Total Fund					
Balance	Fund	Service	Projects	Funds	Balance					
Nonspendable										
General Administration	\$ 11,723	\$-	\$ 802	\$ -	\$ 12,525					
Housing and Economic Development	-			1,671	1,671					
Total Nonspendable	11,723	-	802	1,671	14,196					
Restricted										
General Administration	2,387	9,701	45,756	1,733	59,577					
Public Safety	6,660	-	63,839	33,997	104,496					
Transportation and Public Works	-	-	182,145	20,070	202,215					
Parks and Community Services	-	-	10,569	1,449	12,018					
Public Library	-	-	508	384	892					
Public Events and Facilities	-	-	21,153	125	21,278					
Planning and Development	-	-	-	9	9					
Housing and Economic Development	-			1,823	1,823					
Total Restricted	9,047	9,701	323,970	59,590	402,308					
Committed										
General Administration	64,834	7,694	36,317	900	109,745					
Public Safety	2,041	-	10,139	7,344	19,524					
Transportation and Public Works	5,491	-	57,464	1,472	64,427					
Parks and Community Services	991	-	25,111	9,044	35,146					
Public Library	50	-	247	967	1,264					
Public Events and Facilities	-	-	1,377	3,170	4,547					
Planning and Development	770	-	-	11,171	11,941					
Housing and Economic Development	-		-	541	541					
Total Committed	74,177	7,694	130,655	34,609	247,135					
					(continued)					

(continued)

Fund Balance Categories and Classification											
Fund	General		eneral Debt Capital		N	onmajor ernmental	Total Fund				
Balance]	Fund	Ser	vice	P	rojects	Funds			Balance	
Assigned											
General Administration	\$	8,005	\$	24	\$	15,514	\$	5,573	\$	29,116	
Public Safety		-		-		227		365		592	
Transportation and Public Works		-		-		15,250		2,623		17,873	
Parks and Community Services		-		-		5,565		1,278		6,843	
Public Library		-		-		25		930		955	
Public Events and Facilities		-		-		200		9,616		9,816	
Planning and Development		-		-		-		196		196	
Housing and Economic Development		-		-		-		20,479		20,479	
Total Assigned		8,005		24		36,781		41,060		85,870	
Unassigned											
General Administration		58,383		-		-		871		59,254	
Public Safety		-		-		-		(3,416)		(3,416)	
Transportation and Public Works		-		-		-		(1,295)		(1,295)	
Parks and Community Services		-		-		-		(175)		(175)	
Planning and Development		-		-		-		(1,690)		(1,690)	
Housing and Economic Development		-		-		-		1,910		1,910	
Total Unassigned		58,383		-		-		(3,795)		54,588	
Total Fund Balance	\$	161,335	\$ 17	7,419	\$	492,208	\$	133,135	\$	804,097	
								(con	cluded)	

The City set aside funds restricted for retiree health benefits as identified in the Collective Bargaining Agreement between the City and the Fort Worth Professional Firefighters Association. These funds are restricted but are not yet deposited into a formal trust. These funds total \$1,600 of the \$2,387 that is restricted for General Administration.

A. 13. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Long-term debt and other obligations for general government purposes are recorded in the government-wide statement of net position. Long-term debt and other obligations financed by proprietary funds are reported as liabilities in the appropriate funds and in the business-type activities on the government-wide statement of net position.

For the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund statements, bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the average bond balance method, which approximates the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Issuance costs are deferred and amortized on a straight-line basis over the term of the related debt. In addition, gains and

(continued)

losses on bond refundings are amortized over the term of the lesser of the new bonds or the refunded bonds life using the straight-line method. In governmental funds, all bond related items are recognized in the current period.

A. 14. USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the City's management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the basic financial statements and/or the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates, but the City believes that the differences will be insignificant.

A. 15. CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE FOR IMPLEMENTATION OF NEW GASB STATEMENTS

During fiscal year 2013, the City implemented the requirements of GASB Statement No. 60, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Service Concession Arrangements*. Statement 60 addresses how to account for and report service concession arrangements (SCAs), a type of public-private or public-public partnership entered into by state and local governments.

During fiscal year 2013, the City implemented the requirements of GASB Statement No. 63, *Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position*. Statement 63 provides a new statement of net position format to report all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position (which is the net residual amount of the other elements). This Statement requires that deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources be reported separately from assets and liabilities. This Statement also amends certain provisions of GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements -- and Management's Discussion and Analysis -- for State and Local Governments, and related pronouncements to reflect the residual measure in the statement of financial position as net position, rather than net assets. As such, the City modified its government-wide financial statement presentation to incorporate these requirements.

As a result of the implementation of GASB 60 and 63, the City identified two SCAs, the Southeast Landfill operated by Allied Waste Systems (D/B/A Trinity Waste Services) which resulted in the reclassification of \$4,569 from an Unearned Revenue to a Deferred Inflow of Resources in the Statement of Net Position and the Fort Worth Zoo operated by The Zoological Association of Fort Worth which resulted in a restatement of beginning Net Position for Governmental Activities due to a change in accounting principle in the amount of \$13,962.

NOTE B: CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, & INVESTMENTS

B. 1. POOLED CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The City maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds except the Employees' Retirement Fund and the OPEB Trust Fund. Each fund's portion of this pool is displayed on the Statement of Net Position as "Cash, Cash Equivalents, & Investments." The cash and investments of the Employees' Retirement Fund and the Retiree Healthcare Fund are managed and accounted for separately from those of the City.

The investment policies of the City (exclusive of the Employees' Retirement Fund and Retiree Healthcare Fund) are governed by State statute and Council adopted City Investment Policies, which include depository contract provisions and custodial contract provisions. Major controls stipulated in the Investment Policies include: depository limitations require FDIC insurance or 102 percent collateralization; depositories are limited to Texas banking institutions; repurchase agreements are restricted to primary dealers; all collateral for repurchase

(continued)

agreements and deposits are held by independent third party trustees; all settlement is delivery versus payment; all authorized investments are defined; and diversification guidelines are set as maximum maturity, maximum weighted average maturity, and maximum concentrations by both issuer and security type.

The City, as authorized by the City Council, engages in securities lending contract with Citibank whereby all of the U.S. Treasury securities and agency securities are available to be lent to an authorized primary dealer. The City receives defined collateral of at least 105 percent of market value of the underlying securities for Municipal securities and 102 percent for other securities. At no time is ownership on underlying securities transferred to the dealer. The City does not have the ability to pledge or sell collateral securities without borrower default. Therefore, in accordance with GASB Statement No. 28, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Securities Lending Transactions*, securities on loan are not presented on the City's financial statements. As of September 30, 2013, the fair value of securities on loan was \$447,281 and the fair value of collateral held against the loaned securities was \$456,226.

State statutes require all time and demand deposits to be fully insured or collateralized. At September 30, 2013, the carrying amount of the City's demand and time deposits and cash on hand was \$273,777. Of the \$269,928 bank balance, \$250 in each bank and the entire balance of each non-interest bearing account was covered by FDIC deposit insurance with the remainder being collateralized with securities pledged by the City's agent in the City's name. As of September 30, 2013, the City had no funds which were uninsured or uncollateralized.

State statutes and the City's Policies authorize investment in obligations of the U.S. Government, its agencies and instrumentalities, municipal obligations rated AA or better, repurchase agreements, A1/P1 commercial paper, AAA-rated public funds investment pools, and SEC-registered money market mutual funds. State statutes require that securities underlying repurchase agreements are limited to federal government securities having a market value of at least 102 percent of the cost of the repurchase agreement.

Section 2256.0202 of the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256, Texas Government Code (PFIA) allows for municipal funds from the management and development of mineral rights to be invested in accordance with The Texas Trust Code (Subtitle B, Title 9, Property Code). The Texas Trust Code allows for any security that a "prudent investor" would be willing to utilize. The City has adopted a separate investment policy statement for these funds which defines what constitutes an eligible investment and also reinforces the security of funds via diversification and maturity (when applicable) guidelines. In addition to the authorized investments allowed under the City's standard investment policy listed above, this separate policy allows these funds from mineral rights revenue to be invested in municipal obligations rated A or better, banker's acceptances, domestic and international bond mutual funds with a Morningstar rating of at least two stars, domestic and international equity and preferred stock mutual funds, U.S. and international stocks, real assets, complementary strategies, and corporate and asset backed securities rated A or better. The balance of these gas well revenue investment funds was \$26,221, comprising 2.23 percent of the total investment portfolio. Credit ratings for the fixed income portion of these investments are as follows:

Fixed Income		Sta	ndard and	Poor	r's Ratings						
Securities	 AAA		AA A			N/A			Total		
Government Obligations	\$ -	\$	2,473	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,473		
Mortgage Backed Securities	754		-		-		-		754		
Municipal Bonds	280		-		-		-		280		
Corporate Obligations	208		490		948		-		1,646		
Domestic Mutual Funds	-		-		-		1,971		1,971		
International Mutual Funds	 -		-		-		557		557		
Total Fixed Income	\$ 1,242	\$	2,963	\$	948	\$	2,528	\$	7,681		

(continued)

As of September 30, 2013, the City's investment portfolio including the discretely presented component units' investment portfolios (excluding bank deposits, local government investment pools, money market mutual funds, and amounts held by Trustees) were held by the City's custodians in the City's name under written agreements. The City's custodians are Citibank (securities lending) and JP Morgan Chase.

The money market mutual funds and pools are invested in a Wells Fargo 100 percent Treasury Money Fund. The balance of this account was \$39,814, comprising 3.39 percent of the total investment portfolio. All these funds strive to maintain a one dollar net asset value. The funds are rated AAA by Standard and Poor's.

All security investments are reported monthly at fair value priced by an independent source. Investments in local government investment pools and money market funds are reported at book value. The City generally holds all investments to maturity for investment and income, not speculation.

Interest Rate Risk—In order to limit interest and market rate risk from changes in interest rates, the City's adopted Investment Policy (excluding gas well revenue) sets general guidelines for maximum maturity dates and maximum weighted average maturity limits. The weighted average maturity (WAM) of the total investment portfolio is targeted to be a maximum weighted average maturity of two and one half (2½) years. The targeted maximum stated maturity of any security is five (5) years.

Maturity	Cash to 1 year	<u>1 - 2 years</u>	2 - 3 years	<u>3 - 4 years</u>	<u>4 - 5 years</u>
Day Range	0-364	365-730	731-1,095	1,096-1,460	1,461-1,825
Targeted Portfolio %	40.00	15.00	15.00	15.00	15.00
Actual %	33.05	20.33	15.35	16.13	15.14

As of September 30, 2013, in the City's Investment Portfolio (excluding gas well revenue),

- no holding had a stated maturity date beyond September 27, 2018;
- holdings maturing beyond one year represented 67 percent of the total investment portfolio; and
- the weighted average of the combined investment portfolio was 749 days on the total investment portfolio.

The gas well revenue Investment Policy sets guidelines for maximum maturity dates for each authorized investment type. The overall allowable maximum stated maturity is 20 years. As of September 30, 2013, no holding within the gas well revenue investment portfolio had a stated maturity date beyond December 21, 2026. The following schedule reports the fair values and maturities (using the segmented time distribution method) for the City's gas well revenue fixed income investments at September 30, 2013:

Fixed Income Securities	 ss than Year	1 - 5 Zears	-	- 10 ears	 e Than Years	Total
Government Obligations	\$ 151	\$ 1,644	\$	223	\$ 455	\$ 2,473
Mortgage Backed Securities	-	251		503	-	754
Municipal Bonds	-	280		-	-	280
Corporate Obligations	51	1,460		135	-	1,646
Domestic Mutual Funds	1,971	-		-	-	1,971
International Mutual Funds	557	-		-	-	557
Total Fixed Income	\$ 2,730	\$ 3,635	\$	861	\$ 455	\$ 7,681

(continued)

As of September 30, 2013, the investment portfolio managed by the City contained structured notes totaling \$573,134 as follows (the gas well revenue investment portfolio did not contain any structured notes):

		Call Date	Maturity Date			
Security	Coupon Range	Range	Range	Structure	Fair Value	WAM [*]
Discretely callable securities:						
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp (FHLMC)	0.350% - 1.400%	10/09/2013- 01/13/2014	11/26/2014- 08/30/2018	Quarterly, One-Time Call	\$ 109,938	36
Federal National Mortgage Assoc. (FNMA)	0.500% - 1.875%	03/09/2011- 03/06/2014	08/20/2015- 02/21/2018	Quarterly, One-Time Call	232,988	41
Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB)	0.375% - 0.960%	10/28/2013- 01/10/2014	07/30/2015- 09/27/2018	Monthly, Quarterly	159,244	39
Continuously callable securities:						
Federal Farm Credit Bank (FFCB)	0.280% - 0.930%	01/02/2013- 09/17/2013	09/02/2014- 11/27/2017	Continuous	46,196	24
Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB)	0.625% - 0.900%	01/23/2013- 10/24/2013	10/24/16- 10/23/17	Continuous	24,768	42
Total Structured Notes					\$ 573,134	•

* Weighted Average Maturity by Months

Credit Risk—The primary stated objective of the City of Fort Worth's adopted Investment Policy is the safety of principal and avoidance of principal loss. Investments are made primarily in obligations of the U.S. Government, its agencies or instrumentalities.

State statutes and the City of Fort Worth's adopted Investment Policies restrict both time and demand deposits, including certificates of deposit (CD), to those banks doing business in the State of Texas and further requires full FDIC insurance or collateralization from these depositories. Certificates of deposit are limited to a stated maturity of three (3) years. Collateral with a 102 percent margin is required and collateral is limited to obligations of the U.S. Government, its agencies or instrumentalities. Independent safekeeping at the Federal Reserve is required with monthly reporting. Securities are priced at market value on a daily basis as a contractual responsibility of the bank.

State statutes and the City's adopted Investment Policies limit repurchase agreements with defined termination dates executed with a Texas bank or a primary dealer (as defined by the Federal Reserve). The agreements require an industry standard, written master repurchase agreement and a minimum 100 percent margin on collateral as well as delivery versus payment settlement and independent safekeeping.

State statutes and the City's adopted Investment Policies restrict investment in commercial paper to dual rated, A1/P1 commercial paper. The City's Investment Policies also states that the maximum maturity for commercial paper is not to exceed 90 days.

Local government investment pools in Texas are required to be rated AAA, or equivalent, by at least one nationally recognized rating agency. The City Policy restricts investment in pools to AAA-rated local government investment pools.

As of September 30, 2013, in the Primary Government and Discretely Presented Component Units investment portfolio:

- investment in six AAAm-rated, SEC-registered money market funds managed by the City and held with Trustee represented 3.39 percent of the total investment portfolio;
- investment in collateralized certificates of deposit represented 3.41 percent of the investment portfolio;
- investment in equities represented 1.00 percent of the investment portfolio;
- investment in fixed income represented 0.65 percent of the investment portfolio;
- investment in real assets represented 0.26 percent of the investment portfolio;
- investment in complementary strategies represented 0.32 percent of the investment portfolio;
- investment in Municipal Obligations represented 1.01 percent of the investment portfolio; and
- the remainder of the investment portfolio (89.96 percent) was in United States Government or United States Government Agency securities rated AAA by Moody's and Fitch. On August 5, 2011 Standard and Poors, one of three nationally recognized raters of U.S. debt and securities, downgraded the rating of long-term U.S. and government sponsored entities sovereign debt from AAA to AA+ for the first time since 1941 with a negative outlook. The two other national raters, Moody's and Fitch, continue to have the highest ratings, but also have the debt on their watch lists.

See note B.3 for a listing of investments held by the City with weighted average maturity and credit rating information as of September 30, 2013.

Concentration of Credit Risk - The City of Fort Worth recognizes over-concentration of assets by market sector or maturity as a risk to the investment portfolio. The City's adopted Investment Policy establishes diversification as a major objective of the investment program and sets diversification limits and strategy percentage directives for all authorized investment types which are monitored on at least a monthly basis.

The City's balances and investment horizon are managed in accordance with cash flow needs, prevailing market conditions, and general economic factors. A policy defined maturity diversification schedule serves as a general guideline for making investment decisions. In this way, the investment portfolio will be able to take advantage of rising interest rates by re-investing maturing securities at higher yields. In falling rate environments, it will profit from having investments that were made at higher interest rates.

Custodial Credit Risk - To control custody and safekeeping risk, State statutes and the City adopted Investment Policy require collateral for all time and demand deposits, as well as collateral for repurchase agreements and security lending positions, be transferred delivery versus payment and held by an independent party approved by the City and held in the City of Fort Worth's name. The custodian is required to provide original safekeeping receipts and monthly reporting of positions with position descriptions including market value for both type transactions. All repurchase agreements and deposits must be collateralized to 102 percent (with the exception of collateral under one year at 101 percent) and agreements must be executed in writing. Depository agreements are executed under the terms of Financial Institutions Resource and Recovery Enforcement Act. The counter-party of each type transaction is held contractually liable for monitoring and maintaining the required collateral margins on a daily basis.

As of September 30, 2013, the investment portfolio contained certificates of deposit (\$40,000) but no repurchase agreements. All pledged bank collateral for demand deposits was held by the Federal Reserve and all positions in the security lending program were held at Citibank.

B. 2. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS HELD BY TRUSTEES

Reserve Fund Investments - Water and Sewer Reserve Fund assets are insured and registered with the securities held by the City's agent in the City's name.

B.3. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS

The City held the following cash, cash equivalents, and investments as of September 30, 2013:

Dealed Cook Cook Fundante & Investments Managed by the Otto	Fein Velser	Weighted Average	Credit Dating
Pooled Cash, Cash Equivalents, & Investments Managed by the City Cash	Fair Value \$ 202,105	Maturity by Days	Rating N/A
Cash in Bank - Blended Component Units	\$ 202,103 5,316	N/A N/A	N/A N/A
Federal Farm Credit Bank (FFCB)	103,117	453	AAA
Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB)	280,767	827	AAA
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp. (FHLMC)	280,787	704	AAA
Federal National Mortgage Assoc. (FNMA)	227,390		AAA
U. S. Treasury Notes	130,263	1,123 137	AAA
Municipal Obligations	11,838	724	AAA
Certificates of Deposits	40,000	213	N/A
Total Cash, Cash Equivalents, & Investments Managed by the City	1,285,180	213	IN/A
Cash, Cash Equivalents, & Investments Held by Trustees for the City	1,203,100		
Gas Well Revenue - Cash	13,728	N/A	N/A
Gas Well Revenue - Fixed Income Funds	7,681	1,172	see Note B.1
Gas Well Revenue - Equities Funds	11,713	N/A	N/A
Gas Well Revenue - Real Assets Funds	3,044	N/A N/A	N/A
Gas Well Revenue - Complementary Strategies Funds	3,783	N/A N/A	N/A
Workers Compensation / CorVel	796	N/A N/A	N/A
Department of Justice Grant - Cash	1,475	N/A	N/A
Energy Savings Performance Contract - Phase 7 - Cash	10,357	N/A	N/A
Water and Sewer Reserve Fund - Money Market Mutual Funds	14,802	N/A	AAA
2010B City of Fort Worth Escrow - Money Market Mutual Funds	18,506	N/A	AAA
2007B City of Fort Worth Escrow - Money Market Mutual Funds	18,000	N/A	AAA
Fort Worth Local Development Corp - Money Market Mutual Funds	3,629	N/A	AAA
SE Landfill - Money Market Mutual Funds	2,859	N/A	AAA
Total Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments Held by Trustees for the City	92,391		
Total Cash, Cash Equivalents, & Investments - Primary Government	1,377,571		
Cash & Cash Equivalents Managed by the Employees' Retirement Fund			
Cash in Bank	286	N/A	N/A
Investments Managed by the Employees' Retirement Fund			
Investments	2,261,847	see Note I	3.5
Total Cash, Cash Equivalents, & Investments - Employees' Retirement Fund	2,262,133		
Cash & Cash Equivalents Managed by the Retiree Healthcare Fund			
Cash in Bank	14,764	N/A	N/A
Investments Managed by the Retiree Healthcare Fund	, -		
Investments	24,213	see Note I	3.4
Total Cash, Cash Equivalents, & Investments - Retiree Healthcare Fund	38,977		(continued)

(continued)

Cash Equivalents & Investments – Discretely Presented Component Units				
Federal Farm Credit Bank (FFCB)	\$	3,466	453	AAA
Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB)		9,437	827	AAA
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp. (FHLMC)		7,649	704	AAA
Federal National Mortgage Assoc. (FNMA)		9,552	1,123	AAA
Total Cash Equivalents & Investments – Discretely Presented Component Units		30,104		
Total Cash, Cash Equivalents, & Investments	\$ 3	,708,785		(concluded)

The following is reconciliation between note B.3 and the Basic Financial Statements:

Cash, Cash Equivalents, & Investments, per note	
Primary Government	\$ 1,377,571
Employees' Retirement Fund	2,262,133
Retiree Healthcare Fund	38,977
Discretely Presented Component Units	 30,104
Total, per note	\$ 3,708,785
Cash, Cash Equivalents, & Investments, per Basic Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position - Primary Government	\$ 923,314
Statement of Net Position - Primary Government Restricted	454,257
Statement of Net Position - Discretely Presented Component Units	30,104
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Cash & Cash Equivalents	15,050
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Cash & Investments Held by Trustees	 2,286,060
Total, per Basic Financial Statements	\$ 3,708,785

B. 4. INVESTMENTS OF THE RETIREE HEALTHCARE FUND (THE "OPEB PLAN")

INVESTMENTS

Substantially all of the OPEB Plan's investments are held by its trustee/custodian. The City of Fort Worth authorizes U.S. Bank to manage investments within certain policies as set forth by the City Council through the City's Investment Policy. These policies mandate a diversified portfolio, which includes investments, either directly or in commingled accounts, in real estate, fixed income securities, and equity securities.

GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures—an amendment to GASB Statement No. 3*, addresses common deposit and investment risks including custodial credit risk, credit risk, concentration of credit risk, interest rate risk, and foreign currency risk. Required disclosures related to these risks are presented below:

Custodial Credit Risk—Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of failure of the counterparty, the OPEB Plan would not be able to recover the value of its investments. The OPEB Plan does not have a formal policy for custodial credit risk. As of September 30, 2013, all investments are registered in the name of the City of Fort Worth PARS Post-Retirement Health Care Plan or in the name of the OPEB Plan's custodian established through a master trust custodial agreement.

Credit Risk of Debt Securities—Credit Risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Below are the OPEB Plan's investments as of September 30, 2013:

Investment Type	Rating	Fair Value
Fixed Income Mutual Funds:		
Barclays Fund	В	\$ 627
Core Fund	А	12,690
Vanguard Short-Term Investment	А	3,873
Total Fixed Income Mutual Funds		17,190
Equity Mutual Funds:		
M SCI Eafe Idx	N/A	901
Vanguard Emerg Mkt	N/A	506
TR Russell MCP GR	N/A	465
TR Russell MCP VL	N/A	352
S&P SMLCP Growth	N/A	474
S&P SMLCP Value	N/A	335
S&P 500 Index	N/A	1,411
S&P 500 Value	N/A	1,098
S&P 500 Growth	N/A	1,481
Total Equity Mutual Funds		7,023
Total Investments		\$ 24,213

Concentration of Credit Risk—Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. The OPEB Plan's investment policy addresses concentration limits on a manager basis. As of September 30, 2013, the OPEB Plan did not have any investments in commingled funds, where the underlying assets were not registered in the Fund's name that totaled more than 5% of assets of the Fund.

Interest Rate Risk—Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates of debt investments will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The OPEB Plan does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from changing interest rates.

B.5. INVESTMENTS OF THE EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT FUND (THE "PLAN")

INVESTMENTS

Substantially all of the Plan's investments are held by its trustee/custodian. The Retirement Fund Board of Directors authorizes various portfolio managers to manage investments within certain policies as set forth by the Board. These policies mandate a diversified portfolio, which includes investments, either directly or in commingled accounts, in real estate, fixed income securities, and equity securities.

GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures—an amendment to GASB Statement No. 3*, addresses common deposit and investment risks including custodial credit risk, credit risk, concentration of credit risk, interest rate risk, and foreign currency risk. Required disclosures related to these risks are presented below:

Custodial Credit Risk—Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of failure of the counterparty, the Plan would not be able to recover the value of its investments. The Plan does not have a formal policy for custodial credit risk. As of September 30, 2013, all investments are registered in the name of the Employees' Retirement Fund of the City of Fort Worth or in the name of the Plan's custodian established through a master trust custodial agreement, with the exception of investments in Alternative Investments and Commingled Funds.

Credit Risk of Debt Securities—Credit Risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The Plan's investment policy requires that fixed income securities have a weighted average of no less than Investment Grade, as rated by Moody's or Standard & Poor's (S&P). However, the policy does provide for high yield fixed income managers to invest in securities with S&P ratings between BB+ and CCC. The policy limits 25% of a manager's portfolio to be rated CCC or lower. Unrated securities should be limited to no more than 20% of a manager's portfolio. GASB Statement No. 40 does not require disclosure of U.S. government obligations explicitly guaranteed.

Below are the Plan's investments as of September 30, 2013:

Investment Type	S &P Rating	Fair Value
Asset & Mortgage Backed Obligations	AAA	\$ 22,669
Asset & Mortgage Backed Obligations	AA	2,650
Asset & Mortgage Backed Obligations	А	1,104
Asset & Mortgage Backed Obligations	BBB	3,338
Asset & Mortgage Backed Obligations	BB	1,054
Asset & Mortgage Backed Obligations	В	802
Asset & Mortgage Backed Obligations	CCC	2,126
Asset & Mortgage Backed Obligations	CC	235
Asset & Mortgage Backed Obligations	D	152
Asset & Mortgage Backed Obligations	NR	1,178
Total Asset & Mortgage Backed Obligations		35,308
Corporate Obligations	AAA	4,321
Corporate Obligations	AA	7,829
Corporate Obligations	А	19,528
Corporate Obligations	BBB	37,992
Corporate Obligations	BB	8,483
Corporate Obligations	В	2,162
Corporate Obligations	CCC	1,551
Corporate Obligations	CC	133
Corporate Obligations	С	35
Corporate Obligations	NR	1,357
Total Corporate Obligations		83,391
Government Agency Obligations	AAA	62,785
Government Agency Obligations	AA	6,260
Government Agency Obligations	А	2,110
Government Agency Obligations	BBB	616
Government Agency Obligations	В	75
Government Agency Obligations	NR	685
Total Government Agency Obligations		72,531
		(continued)

(continued)

Investment Type	S&P Rating	Fair Value
International Obligations	AAA	\$ 11,710
International Obligations	AA	16,548
International Obligations	А	29,556
International Obligations	BBB	2,793
International Obligations	BB	2,229
International Obligations	NR	515
Total International Obligations		63,351
Securities Lending Collateral	AAA	18,725
Securities Lending Collateral	AA	40,435
Securities Lending Collateral	А	143,031
Securities Lending Collateral	NR	3,850
Total Securities Lending Collateral		206,041
Total Fixed Income Subject to Credit Risk		460,622
U.S. Treasuries (Not Subject to Credit Risk)		78,091
Short-Term Marketable Securities		170,665
Corporate Stock		716,857
Alternative Investments		519,461
Commingled Funds		318,496
Less: Investments in Non-City Funded Staff Plan		(2,345)
Total Investments		\$ 2,261,847
		(concluded)

Concentration of Credit Risk—Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the Plan's investment in a single issuer. The Plan's investment policy addresses concentration limits on a manager basis. As of September 30, 2013, the Plan did not have any investments in commingled funds, where the underlying assets were not registered in the Fund's name that totaled more than 5% of assets of the Fund.

Interest Rate Risk—Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates of debt investments will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Plan does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from changing interest rates.

The maturities of investments subject to interest rate risk are as follows:

Investment Type	Les	ss Than 1 Year	1.	5 Years	6 -	10 Years	Mor	re Than 10 Years	Т	otal Fair Value
Asset & Mortgage Backed Obligations	\$	-	\$	10,429	\$	1,028	\$	23,851	\$	35,308
Corporate Obligations		1,778		35,282		23,869		22,462		83,391
Government Agency Obligations		415		1,487		1,971		68,658		72,531
International Obligations		8,784		22,639		11,250		20,678		63,351
Securities Lending Collateral Total Interest Rate Risk Debt		206,041		-		-		-		206,041
Securities	\$	217,018	\$	69,837	\$	38,118	\$	135,649	\$	460,622

(continued)

Foreign Currency Risk - Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment or deposit. The Plan has no formal investment policy with regard to foreign currency risk as it is considered an intrinsic risk associated with the investment strategy. The Plan's exposure to foreign currency risk at September 30, 2013, is presented below:

Currency	Debt	Equity	 Total
Australian Dollar	\$ 624	\$ 5,650	\$ 6,274
Brazilian Real	2,296	3,021	5,317
British Pound Sterling	5,131	46,026	51,157
Canadian Dollar	1,306	13,292	14,598
Chilean Peso	2,147	-	2,147
Danish Krone	-	5,768	5,768
Euro Currency Unit	18,751	70,969	89,720
Hong Kong Dollar	(9)	18,366	18,357
Hungarian Forint	960	-	960
Indian Rupee	2,128	-	2,128
Japanese Yen	(7,802)	35,693	27,891
Mexican New Peso	10,871	927	11,798
New Zealand Dollar	508	-	508
Norwegian Krone	-	4,329	4,329
Philippine Peso	598	986	1,584
Polish Zloty	48	-	48
Singapore Dollar	1	1,480	1,481
South African Rand	1,732	741	2,473
South Korean Won	33	6,893	6,926
Swedish Krona	1	3,678	3,679
Swiss Franc	-	19,448	19,448
Thai Baht	6	1,869	1,875
Turkish Lira	677	-	677
Total securities subject			
to foreign currency risk	\$ 40,007	\$ 239,136	\$ 279,143

DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Plan's investment managers are permitted to invest in derivatives subject to guidelines established by the Board. Derivatives are financial instruments that derive their value, usefulness, and marketability from an underlying instrument which represents direct ownership of an asset or an obligation of an issuer. The Fund's derivative positions are marked to market daily and managers may only trade with counterparties with a credit rating of A-/A3 as defined by Standard & Poor's (S&P) and Moody's, respectively. Substitution and risk control are the only strategies permitted; speculation is strictly prohibited. Derivatives are carried as assets when the fair value is positive and as liabilities when the fair value is negative. Fair value is determined based on quoted market prices, if available, or based on differences in cash flows between the fixed and variable rates in each contract as of the measurement date. Gains and losses from derivatives are included in net investment income. For financial reporting purposes, all Fund derivatives are classified as investment derivatives. The Fund was in possession of the following types of derivatives at September 30, 2013:

(continued)

Forward Contracts—A forward contract represents an agreement to buy or sell an underlying asset at a specified date in the future at a specified price. Payment for the transaction is delayed until the settlement or expiration date. A forward contract is a non-standardized contract that is tailored to each specific transaction. Forward contracts are privately negotiated and are intended to be held until the settlement date. Currency forward contracts are used to control currency exposure and facilitate the settlement of international security purchase and sale transactions.

Swap Agreements - A swap is an agreement between two or more parties to exchange a sequence of cash flows over a period of time in the future based on an underlying asset. No principal is exchanged at the beginning of the swap. The cash flows the counterparties exchange are tied to a "notional" amount. A swap agreement specifies the time period over which the periodic payments will be exchanged. The fair value represents the gains or losses as of the prior marking-to-market.

Rights and Warrants - A right is a special type of option that has a short market life, usually existing for no more than a few weeks. Essentially, rights originate when corporations raise money by issuing new shares of common stock. From an investor's perspective, a right enables a stockholder to buy shares of the new issue at a specified price, over a specified, fairly short time period. Rights not executed by their expiration date cease to exist and become worthless. A warrant is a long-term option that gives the holder the right to buy a certain number of shares of stock in a certain company for a certain period of time. Like most options, warrants are found in the corporate sector of the market. Occasionally, warrants can be used to purchase preferred stock or even bonds, but common stock is the leading redemption vehicle. Warrants, like rights, cease to exist and become worthless if they are not executed by their expiration date.

The Investment Derivatives schedule listed below reports the fair value and changes in fair value and notional amounts of derivatives outstanding as of September 30, 2013, classified by type:

	Changes in	Fair Value	2	Fair Value			
Derivative Type	Classification	Amount Amount		Notional			
Fidiciary Funds							
Investment Derivatives							
Futures Contracts	Investment Income	\$	-	\$	-	\$	65,595
Forward Contracts	Investment Income		(775)		(1,054)		90,078
Swap Agreements	Investment Income		(930)		(163)		81,499
Rights and Warrants	Investment Income		(54)		6		51
	Totals	\$	(1,759)	\$	(1,211)	\$	237,223

Credit Risk—The Fund is exposed to credit risk on investment derivatives that are traded over the counter and reported in asset positions. Derivatives exposed to credit risk include currency forward contracts, rights and warrants, and swap agreements. To minimize credit risk exposure the Fund's managers monitor the credit ratings of the counterparties. Should there be a counterparty failure, the Fund would be exposed to the loss of the fair value of derivatives that are in the asset positions and any collateral provided to the counterparty, net of the effect of applicable netting arrangements. Netting arrangements provide the Fund with a right of setoff in the event of bankruptcy or default by the counterparty. The Fund would be exposed to loss of collateral provided to the counterparty. Collateral provided by the counterparty reduces the Fund's credit risk exposure.

The following Credit Risk Analysis schedule discloses the counterparty credit ratings of the Fund's investment derivatives by type, as of September 30, 2013. These amounts represent the maximum loss that would be recognized if all counterparties fail to perform as contracted, without respect to any collateral or other security or

(continued)

netting arrangement. The schedule displays the fair value of the investments by credit rating in increasing magnitude of risk. Investments are classified by S&P rating. If the investment does not have an S&P rating, the Moody's rating that corresponds to the S&P rating is used.

As of September 30, 2013, the Fund has a net exposure to credit risk of (\$1,211).

Derivative Type	A	A	 А	Not Rated		Total Fair Value	
Forward Contracts	\$	-	\$ -	\$	(1,055)	\$	(1,055)
Rights and Warrants		-	-		7		7
Swap Agreements		16	 (302)		123		(163)
Total	\$	16	\$ (302)	\$	(925)	\$	(1,211)

Interest Rate Risk—The interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Interest rate swaps are an example of an investment that has a fair value that is highly sensitive to interest rate changes. These investments, as of September 30, 2013, are disclosed in the following table:

Derivative Type	Notion	al Amount	Total F	air Value
Interest Rate Swaps Swaptions	\$	55,308 26,191	\$	(142) (21)
Total	\$	81,499	\$	(163)

Foreign Currency Risk—For those forward contracts and swap agreements that are securities issued by foreign countries and foreign businesses there is an exposure to foreign currency risk. Currency forward contracts represent foreign exchange contracts that are used to control currency exposure and facilitate the settlement of international security purchase and sale transactions.

The net exposure column of the schedule below indicates the Fund's net foreign currency risk related to derivatives as of September 30, 2013.

	Fo	rward	S	wap		
Currency	Cor	ntracts	Agre	ements	Net I	Exposure
Australian Dollar	\$	24	\$	-	\$	24
Brazilian Real		93		(445)		(352)
British Pound Sterling		-		(2)		(2)
Chilean Peso		26		-		26
Euro Currency Unit		258		(10)		248
Hungarian Forint		15		-		15
Japanese Yen		43		-		43
Indian Rupee		70		-		70
Mexican Peso		1		129		130
South Korean Won		27		-		27
Turkish Lira		7		-		7
Totals	\$	564	\$	(328)	\$	236

(continued)

The values shown are for the positions that the Fund holds directly. The Fund may also have an indirect exposure to derivatives via its commingled funds and its alternative investments. The Fund owns an interest in the commingled and alternative investment funds which in turn holds the actual positions. Indirect exposures via these types of investments are not shown here.

SECURITIES LENDING

The Plan is authorized to contractually lend securities to borrowers in accordance with policy established by the Board of Trustees. The Plan is currently contracted with Northern Trust to establish, manage and administer a securities lending program. Northern Trust facilitates lending the Plan's domestic and international equity and fixed income securities in return for collateral consisting of cash, U.S. government securities and irrevocable letters of credit issued by banks independent of the borrower. At a loan's inception, the value of collateral obtained is equal to 102% for securities of United States issuers, and 105% in the case of securities of non-United States issuers, of the market value of any securities to be loaned, plus any accrued interest.

Cash collateral is to be invested in government securities, bank and corporate notes, bank certificates of deposit, time deposits, bankers' acceptances, repurchase agreements, commercial paper and asset backed securities. The contract with Northern Trust specifies guidelines for allowable investments, maturities, and diversification. The Plan does not have the ability to pledge or sell collateral securities without borrower default. The amount of collateral held exceeds the value of the assets on loan at September 30, 2013.

The Plan earns income from fees paid by the borrowers and interest earned from investing the cash collateral. The contract requires the custodian bank to purchase any loaned securities with collateral provided, however, if the collateral is insufficient to cover the loss, the Plan is liable for the loss. The cash collateral received on each loan was invested in the collateral pool at Northern Trust. Because the loans are terminable at will, their duration generally did not match the duration of the investments made with cash collateral. In addition, the Plan had no credit risk exposure to borrowers. As of September 30, 2013, the value of the collateral held was \$206,041 and the value of securities out on loan at September 30, 2013, was \$200,639. The Plan earned \$788 (prior to payment for collateral losses discussed below) on its securities lending activity for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2013.

FOREIGN CURRENCY EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS

To manage the foreign currency exchange risks associated with foreign investments, the Plan enters into forward currency contracts. The Plan had net foreign currency contracts with fair value of approximately (\$1,054) at September 30, 2013, which contractually obligates the Plan to deliver currencies at a specified date. The Plan could be exposed to risk of loss if the counterparty is unable to meet the terms of a contract or if the value of currency changes unfavorably. At September 30, 2013, the fair value of these contracts is included in due to/from broker.

NOTE C: RECEIVABLES AND INTERFUND BALANCES

C.1. RECEIVABLES

Receivables at September 30, 2013 for governmental activities of the City's individual major funds and nonmajor and internal service funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, consist of the following:

(continued)

		De	ebt	C	apital	No	onmajor	In	ternal	Total Governmental		
Receivables	General	Ser	vice		Projects		Governmental		Service		Activities	
Taxes	\$ 31,045	\$ 8	3,952	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	39,997	
Grants and Other Governments	21,680		-		-		27,283		-		48,963	
Levied, Unbilled Assessments	-		-		2,082		-		-		2,082	
Loans	-		-		-		5,823		-		5,823	
Long-Term Loans	-		-		-		12,482		-		12,482	
Interest	254		739		112		136		16		1,257	
Accounts and Other	53,838		-		666		3,622		13		58,139	
Total Gross Receivables	106,817	ç	9,691		2,860		49,346		29		168,743	
Less Allowance for												
Doubtful Accounts:												
Taxes	(25,435)	(7	7,376)		-		-		-		(32,811)	
Levied, Unbilled Assessments	-		-		(2,082)		-		-		(2,082)	
Accounts and Other	(40,995)		-		-		(87)		-		(41,082)	
Total Allowance	(66,430)	(7	7,376)		(2,082)		(87)		-		(75,975)	
Total Receivables, Net	\$ 40,387	\$ 2	2,315	\$	778	\$	49,259	\$	29	\$	92,768	

Receivables at September 30, 2013 for business-type activities of the City's individual major enterprise funds and nonmajor enterprise funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, consist of the following:

<u>Receivables</u>	Wa ar Sev	nd	mwater Jtility	onmajor nterprise	Busi	Total ness-type ctivities
Interest	\$	115	\$ 40	\$ 53	\$	208
Accounts and Other	50	,759	3,974	8,932		63,665
Grants - Restricted		62	-	-		62
Interest - Restricted		311	180	116		607
Total Gross Receivables	51	,247	4,194	9,101		64,542
Less Allowance for Doubtful Accounts:						
Accounts and Other	(1	,182)	(624)	(335)		(2,141)
Total Allowance	(1	,182)	 (624)	 (335)		(2,141)
Total Receivables, Net	\$ 50	,065	\$ 3,570	\$ 8,766	\$	62,401

Governmental funds report a liability, *unavailable revenue*, in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also report a liability, *unearned revenue*, in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned.

At the end of the fiscal year, the various components of unavailable revenue and unearned revenue reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

(continued)

Description	Unavailable	nearned		
Property Taxes	\$ 5,790	\$	-	
Grants and Other Governments	12,370		21,527	
Loans	-		5,822	
Long-Term Loans	-		11,433	
Other			1,354	
Total Unavailable/Unearned Revenues	\$ 18,160		40,136	
Total Deferred Revenue for Governmental Funds		\$	58,296	

Enterprise funds record unearned revenue in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the fiscal year, the various components of unearned revenue reported in the enterprise funds were as shown:

	V	Vater				Total
	and			onmajor	Busi	iness-type
Description	S	ewer	En	terprise	Activities	
Deposits and Rents	\$	1,422	\$	252	\$	1,674
Grants		-		81,939		81,939
Total Unearned Revenues	\$	1,422	\$	82,191	\$	83,613

C.2. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Interfund receivable and payable balances at September 30, 2013, were as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Total
General Fund	Nonmajor Enterprise	\$ 200

An explanation for each interfund receivable and payable is presented below:

The \$200 receivable in the General Fund from the Nonmajor Enterprise Funds is due from the Municipal Golf Fund for interim financing for golf turf maintenance.

C.3. ADVANCES

Advances from/to other funds at September 30, 2013, are as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Total
General	Nonmajor Enterprise	\$ 7,996
General	Internal Service	1,186
Nonmajor Enterprise	Stormwater Utility	2,190
Nonmajor Enterprise	Capital Projects	10,523
Nonmajor Enterprise	Capital Projects	7,796
Total:		\$ 29,691

An explanation of significant advances from/to is presented below:

The \$7,996 payable to the General Fund from the Nonmajor Enterprise Funds is due from the Municipal Golf Fund to cover a cash deficit. This advance will be repaid from future operating revenues.

The \$2,190 payable to the Nonmajor Enterprise Funds from the Stormwater Utility Fund consists of an advance to the Municipal Airport Fund for the construction of storm drain improvements.

The \$10,523 payable to the Nonmajor Enterprise Funds from the Capital Projects Fund is due to the Solid Waste Fund for Construction costs.

The \$7,796 payable to the Nonmajor Enterprise Funds from the Capital Projects Fund is due to the Municipal Airport Fund for road improvements.

C. 4. TRANSFERS

Transfers made during the year are as follows:

	Transfers In	1:							
	General	Debt	Capital	Nonmajor	Water and	Stormwater	Nonmajor	Internal	
	Fund	Service	Projects	Gov't	Sewer	Utility	Enterprise	Service	Total
Transfers Out:									
General Fund	\$ -	\$2,659	\$ 14,101	\$ 252	\$ 83	\$ 5	\$ -	\$ 24	\$ 17,124
Capital Projects	1,896	-	-	1,760	3,595	519	165	-	7,935
Nonmajor									
Governmental Funds	11,927	7,248	4,962	1,059	2,437	1	-	37	27,671
Water and Sewer Fund	24,719	-	1,010	107	-	-	-	-	25,836
Stormwater Utility	2,223	-	1,287	-	391	-	-	-	3,901
Nonmajor									
Enterprise Funds	5,461	-	686	484	200	-	143	-	6,974
Internal Service Funds	699	-	27,399		-				28,098
Total	\$ 46,925	\$9,907	\$ 49,445	\$ 3,662	\$ 6,706	\$ 525	\$ 308	\$ 61	\$117,539

Transfers are used to 1) move revenues from the fund with collection authorization to the Debt Service Fund as debt service principal and interest payments become due, 2) move restricted amounts from borrowings to the Debt Service Fund to establish mandatory reserve accounts, 3) move unrestricted revenues to finance various programs that the government must account for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations, including amounts provided as subsidies or matching funds for various grant programs.

Significant transfers included the following:

The General Fund transferred \$2,659 to the Debt Service Fund for 2011 Tax Notes.

The General Fund transferred \$14,101 to the Capital Projects Fund of which \$13,472 was used to finance street maintenance programs.

The Capital Projects Fund transferred \$3,595 to the Water and Sewer Fund of which \$2,996 was used for dredging and sediment disposal of Phase 2 areas at Lake Worth.

(continued)

The Nonmajor Governmental Funds transferred \$11,927 to the General Fund of which \$7,997 was from the Crime Control and Prevention District Fund for the monthly crime control allocation.

The Culture and Tourism Fund transferred \$7,248 to the Debt Service Fund to pay principal and interest on Convention Center Debt.

The Culture and Tourism Fund transferred \$4,962 to the Capital Projects Fund of which \$2,054 was used to renovate the Richardson-Bass building at the Will Rogers Memorial Center.

The Special Trust Fund transferred \$2,437 to the Water and Sewer Fund of which \$2,137 was used for water and sewer main relocations for the Trinity River Vision.

The Water and Sewer Fund transferred \$24,719 to the General Fund of which \$17,972 was for street rentals and \$5,246 for the PILOT (Payments in Lieu of Taxes) program.

The Stormwater Fund transferred \$2,223 to the General Fund of which \$1,720 was for street rentals and \$354 was for the PILOT (Payments in Lieu of Taxes) program.

The Solid Waste Fund transferred \$5,461 to the General Fund of which \$4,682 was for the solid waste allocation.

The Internal Service Funds transferred \$27,399 to the Capital Projects Fund of which \$27,253 was to finance capital purchases.

It is the City's policy to record interfund reimbursements that are in excess of the underlying expenditures as transfers.

NOTE D: FUND EQUITY

D.1 FUND DEFICITS

Municipal Golf Fund—Current year decrease in net position of \$581 increased the deficit from \$5,757 to \$6,338. This deficit will be offset by revenues in future years.

Office Services Internal Services Fund—Current year decrease in net position of \$50 resulted in an increase in the deficit from \$664 to \$714. This deficit will be offset by user fee increases in future years.

Capital Project Services Internal Services Fund—Current year decrease in net position of \$1,409 resulted in a deficit of \$1,221. This deficit will be offset by user fee increases in future years.

Discretely Presented Component Units, Taxing Increment Reinvestment Zone No. 9—Current year decrease in net position of \$28,276 was due to an inter-local agreement with Tarrant Regional Water District to fund work performed on the Trinity River Vision project and resulted in a deficit of \$50,924. This deficit will be offset by property tax revenues received in future years.

D.2 UNASSIGNED FUND BALANCE

In non-major governmental funds, the Grants Fund has a deficit \$2,830 in unassigned fund balance because revenues were unavailable (collectible during the current period or soon after) to be used to pay liabilities of the current period.

D.3 GENERAL FUND BALANCE

The City has implemented GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, which identifies the portions of fund balance that are recognized as Nonspendable, Restricted, Committed, Assigned, and Unassigned. As of September 30, 2013, the General Fund's nonspendable fund balance includes \$9,182 for advances to other funds and \$2,541 for inventories. The restricted fund balance of \$9,047 includes \$6,660 of certificates of obligation proceeds restricted for the purchase of fire equipment and construction of a new public safety training facility, \$1,600 for the Collective Bargaining Agreement between the City and the Fort Worth Professional Firefighters Association, and \$787 for risk financing. The committed fund balance includes amounts for risk financing of \$63,286, \$375 for purchase of new equipment, and \$10,516 for funding purchases in the next fiscal year totaling \$74,177. The assigned fund balance of \$8,005 includes amounts for subsequent year expenditures and capital projects. As of September 30, 2013, the General Fund had an unassigned fund balance of \$58,383.

NOTE E: RESTRICTED ASSETS

Restricted assets in certain funds are held for specific purposes in accordance with bond ordinances or other legal restrictions as follows:

		Water and	-	Storm Water		Nonmajor Enterprise		nternal ervice		
		Sewer		Utility		Funds		Funds		Total
Debt Service:						- 41145		unus		1000
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	35,369	\$	1,713	\$	1,649	\$		\$	38,731
Cash and Cash Equivalents	Ψ	33,307	Ψ	1,713	Ψ	1,042	Ψ	_	Ψ	36,731
Held by Trustees		90								90
Interest Receivable		90 240		-		- 14		-		90 260
interest Receivable										
		35,699		1,719		1,663		-		39,081
Capital Improvements:										
Cash and Cash Equivalents		116,506		84,200		106,372		90		307,168
Cash and Cash Equivalents										
Held by Trustees		33,236		-		17,079		-		50,315
Grant Receivables		62		-		-		-		62
Interest Receivable		64		174		102		-		340
		149,868		84,374		123,553		90		357,885
Customer Deposits:										
Cash and Cash Equivalents		13,470		-		874		-		14,344
1		13,470	-	-		874		-		14,344
Other Restrictions:		· · · ·								· · · ·
Cash and Cash Equivalents		-		-		1,623		-		1,623
Cash and Cash Equivalents						-,				-,
Held by Trustees		3,824		_		2,859		_		6,683
Interest Receivable		5,021		_		2,007		_		7
		3,831				4,482				8,313
Total	\$	202,868	\$	86,093	\$	130,572	\$	90	\$	419,623

(continued)

NOTE F: CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for Governmental Activities for the year ended September 30, 2013, was as follows:

	В	eginning						Ending
		Balance						Balance
	C	October 1,	Α	dditions/	D	ecreases/	September 3	
		2012	Tra	ansfers In	Tra	nsfers Out	2013	
Total Governmental Activities								
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:								
Land/Right of Way	\$	156,910	\$	12,558	\$	(262)	\$	169,206
Construction in Progress		271,713		182,143		(155,704)		298,152
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated		428,623		194,701		(155,966)		467,358
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:								
Buildings		379,639		207		(10,340)		369,506
Vehicles, Machinery, and Equipment		197,319		8,893		(3,395)		202,817
Infrastructure		2,336,106		142,294		(5,895)		2,472,505
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated		2,913,064		151,394		(19,630)		3,044,828
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:								
Buildings		178,638		9,014		(3,406)		184,246
Vehicles, Machinery, and Equipment		141,365		13,534		(3,197)		151,702
Infrastructure		1,435,056		82,958		(5,475)		1,512,539
Total Accumulated Depreciation		1,755,059		105,506		(12,078)		1,848,487
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net		1,158,005		45,888		(7,552)		1,196,341
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$	1,586,628	\$	240,589	\$	(163,518)	\$	1,663,699

Capital asset activity for Business-Type Activities for the year ended September 30, 2013, was as follows:

		eginning Balance						Ending Balance
	(October 1,	Α	dditions/	D	ecreases/	Se	ptember 30,
		2012	Tr	ansfers In	Tra	nsfers Out		2013
Business-Type Activities								
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:								
Land/Right of Way	\$	101,209	\$	6,116	\$	(10,065)	\$	97,260
Construction in Progress		425,045		194,049		(206,645)		412,449
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated		526,254		200,165		(216,710)		509,709
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:								
Buildings		106,958		-		(317)		106,641
Vehicles, Machinery, and Equipment		381,920		4,165		(4,724)		381,361
Infrastructure		2,559,744		207,999		(4,562)		2,763,181
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated		3,048,622		212,164		(9,603)		3,251,183
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:								
Buildings		35,835		2,610		(291)		38,154
Vehicles, Machinery, and Equipment		202,133		15,878		(4,651)		213,360
Infrastructure		749,117		68,260		(2,724)		814,653
Total Accumulated Depreciation		987,085		86,748		(7,666)		1,066,167
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net		2,061,537		125,416		(1,937)		2,185,016
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$	2,587,791	\$	325,581	\$	(218,647)	\$	2,694,725

(continued)

Depreciation expense was charged as follows for the year ended September 30, 2013:

	Dep	reciation
	E	xpense
Governmental Activities		
General Government	\$	4,943
Public Safety		9,827
Transportation and Public Works		78,332
Parks and Community Services		6,136
Public Library		1,266
Public Events and Facilities		4,051
Planning and Development		82
Housing		593
Total Governmental Depreciation		105,230
Major Business-Type Activities		
Water		70,406
Stormwater Utility		3,703
Nonmajor Business-Type Activities		
Municipal Airports		9,612
Municipal Golf		555
Municipal Parking		1,446
Solid Waste		1,026
Total Business-Type Depreciation		86,748
Total Depreciation	\$	191,978

The Governmental Activities depreciation expense includes \$1,241 of depreciation expense from the Internal Service Funds. Capital assets were transferred to governmental activities from business-type activities during fiscal year 2013 with related accumulated depreciation of \$276. This amount is included in the *Additions/Transfers In* amount included in the governmental activities capital asset activity schedule.

The City capitalizes interest during the construction period in proprietary fund capital projects. For the year ended September 30, 2013 interest was capitalized in the Water and Sewer Fund, Municipal Parking Fund, and Stormwater Utility Fund in the amounts of \$9,313, \$305, and \$4,159, respectively. The total amount of interest paid during fiscal year 2013 was \$77,981.

(continued)

NOTE G: DEBT OBLIGATIONS

G. 1. CHANGES IN LONG-TERM DEBT OBLIGATION AND OTHER LIABILITIES

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligations for the year ended September 30, 2013:

	Balance at October 1, 2012		In	creases	D	ecreases	Balance at ptember 30, 2013	Due Within One Year	
Governmental Activities:									
General Obligation Bonds	\$	458,800	\$	37,130	\$	56,850	\$ 439,080	\$	30,115
Certificates of Obligation		247,600		57,235		17,205	287,630		20,440
Convention Center Installment Obligation		3,770		-		690	3,080		695
HUD Installment Obligations		6,034		-		752	5,282		778
Equipment Notes		54,450		-		7,590	46,860		7,715
Service Center Obligation		19,515		-		535	18,980		555
Fort Worth Housing Finance Corp Obligation		9,073		-		9,073	-		-
Fort Worth Sports Authority Obligation		8,476		-		90	8,386		-
Lone Star Local Government Corp Obligation		31,617		-		-	31,617		-
Central City Local Government Corp Obligation		872		-		525	347		-
State Energy Conservation Loan Phase I & II		1,925		-		676	1,249		702
State Energy Conservation Loan Phase III		3,102		-		512	2,590		517
ESPC Phase IV		7,820		-		7,820	-		-
ESPC Phase VII		-		18,443		-	18,443		379
Wells Fargo Loan		78		-		78	-		-
Capital Leases		4,096		-		280	3,816		337
Unamortized Bond Premium		53,471		5,150		6,452	52,169		-
Unamortized Loss on Refunding		(13,768)		(1,832)		(3,194)	(12,406)		-
Retainage Payable		2,104		2,011		596	3,519		-
Compensated Absences		114,926		38,606		38,719	114,813		38,719
Risk Management Estimated Claims Payable		37,528		104,772		102,593	39,707		25,390
Other Post Employment Benefits Obligation		346,447		48,697		-	395,144		-
Net Pension Obligation		51,634		2,913		-	54,547		-
Total Governmental Activities		1,449,570		313,125		247,842	 1,514,853		126,342
			-				 	(co	ontinued)

(continued)

	Balance at October 1, 2012		I	ncreases	D	ecreases	_	Balance at otember 30, 2013		Due Within ne Year
Business-Type Activities:										
Water and Sewer - Revenue Bonds	\$	743,715	\$	9,765	\$	59,140	\$	694,340	\$	61,200
Water and Sewer - Trinity River Authority Oblig.		6,656		30		586		6,100		600
Water and Sewer - ESPC Phase V		15,365		14,691		15,365		14,691		1,336
Stormwater - Revenue Bonds		140,295		-		3,715		136,580		3,825
Solid Waste - Equipment Notes		750		-		750		-		-
Solid Waste - Certificates of Obligation		5,655		-		435		5,220		435
Municipal Parking - Certificates of Obligation		48,030		-		1,005		47,025		1,495
Municipal Golf - Certificates of Obligation		2,350		-		140		2,210		150
Unamortized Bond Premium		46,008		-		6,477		39,531		-
Unamortized Loss on Refunding		(12,425)		-		(1,742)		(10,683)		-
Compensated Absences		9,923		4,116		4,077		9,962		4,389
Landfill Closure and Postclosure Liability		4,164		318		-		4,482		-
Pollution Remediation Liability		6,939		1,348		4,878		3,409		-
Other Post Employment Benefits Obligation		53,914		7,758		-		61,672		-
Net Pension Obligation		8,231		442		-		8,673		-
Total Business-Type Activities		1,079,570		38,468		94,826		1,023,212		73,430
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$	2,529,140	\$	351,593	\$	342,668	\$	2,538,065	\$	199,772
									(c	oncluded)

(continued)

	Interest	Year of	Year of	Original	Amount
	Rate %	Issue	Maturity	Amount	Outstanding
General Obligation Bonds:					
Series 2004 Refunding	3.0-5.0	2004	2021	\$ 46,230	\$ 24,57
Series 2007	4.48	2007	2027	50,000	35,00
Series 2007A	4.38-4.531	2007	2027	100,000	68,31
Series 2008	4.64	2008	2018	49,650	11,18
Series 2009	2.5-5.0	2009	2029	85,180	68,14
Series 2010	2.0-4.0	2010	2030	20,590	17,51
Series 2011 Refunding	2.0-5.0	2011	2023	46,680	46,00
Series 2012 Refunding	2.0-5.0	2012	2032	135,485	131,23
Series 2013 Refunding	2.0-4.5	2013	2033	37,130	37,13
Total General Obligation Bonds					439,08
Certificates of Obligation:					
Series 2005	5.0-6.0	2005	2025	7,200	66
Series 2005A	4.5	2005	2025	7,700	4,62
Series 2007	5.0-5.25	2007	2027	40,250	28,16
Series 2008	4.64	2008	2018	63,150	14,22
Series 2009	3.0-4.375	2009	2029	55,585	37,94
Series 2010	2.0-4.25	2010	2031	34,685	32,31
Series 2010A	3.0-5.0	2010	2030	38,025	31,15
Series 2012	3.0-5.0	2012	2032	85,790	81,32
Series 2013A	2.0-5.0	2013	2033	46,095	46,09
Series 2013B	2.0-4.99	2013	2033	11,140	11,14
Total Certificates of Obligation					287,63
Convention Center Installment Obligation:					
Series 1997	5.0-5.8	1997	2017	10,000	3,08
		1777	-017	10,000	2,00
IUD Installment Obligation: Series 2000A	4.46-6.8	2000	2017	2 175	1.04
	4.46-6.8 4.46-6.8	2000 2005	2017 2020	3,475	1,06
Series 2005	4.40-0.8	2005	2020	7,500	4,22
Total HUD Installment Obligation					5,28
quipment Notes:					
Series 2008	2.66	2008	2015	25,000	7,72
Series 2011	2.24	2011	2018	43,050	39,13
Total Equipment Notes					46,86
ervice Center Obligation:					
Series 2004	2.6-4.75	2004	2034	22,725	18,98
Fort Worth Sports Authority Obligation	n/a	1997	2026	20,000	8,38
one Star Local Gov't Corp. Obligation	4.75	2006	2024	31,617	31,61
	7.75	2000	2024	51,017	51,01
Central City Local Gov't Corp. Obligation:		0 00 -	001-	a i	
Series 2006	4.75	2006	2016	3,574	34
tate Energy Conservation Loans:					
Phase I & II	3.0	2004	2018	4,992	1,24
Phase III	3.0	2007	2019	5,000	2,59
Total State Energy Conservation Loans					3,83
					(continue

(continued)

C	Interest	Year of	Year of	Original	Amount
	Rate %	Issue	Maturity	Amount	Outstanding
ESPC VII	2.236	2013	2026	\$ 18,443	\$ 18,443
Capital Leases	9.675-11.0	2011	2021		3,816
Net Unamortized Bond Premium/Discount an	d Loss on Refu	nding		n/a	39,763
Retainage Payable	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	3,519
Compensated Absences	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	114,813
Estimated Claims Payable	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	39,707
Other Post Employment Benefits Obligation	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	395,144
Net Pension Obligation	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	54,547
Total Governmental Activities Long-T	erm Debt				\$ 1,514,853
					(concluded)

The Debt Service Fund has been used to liquidate the general obligation bonds, certificates of obligations, convention center obligation, and the equipment notes. The General Fund and the nonmajor governmental funds have been used to liquidate all other governmental activities' long-term debt.

Business-Type long-term debt is summariz	ed as follows:				
Dusiness- i y pe long-term debt is summariz	Interest	Year of	Year of	Original	Amount
	Rate %	Issue	Maturity	Amount	Outstanding
Water and Sewer:					8
Revenue Bonds:					
Series 2003 Refunding	3.0-5.5	2003	2023	\$ 86,495	\$ 115
Series 2003A Refunding	2.0-5.25	2003	2015	50,370	13,345
Series 2005	3.0-5.25	2005	2025	120,400	45,910
Series 2005A Refunding	3.0-5.0	2005	2020	73,075	51,710
Series 2005 TWDB*	0.35-2.4	2005	2025	7,890	5,035
Series 2005A TWDB*	2.2-3.5	2005	2025	11,500	5,815
Series 2005B TWDB*	4.45-6.25	2005	2025	64,520	44,085
Series 2007	5.0	2007	2027	100,000	79,790
Series 2007A TWDB*	1.75-3.0	2007	2027	33,560	25,980
Series 2007B TWDB*	2.2-3.0	2007	2017	49,585	38,985
Series 2008 Refunding	3.88	2008	2024	44,085	33,120
Series 2009 TWDB*	-	2009	2026	16,265	13,715
Series 2010 Refunding	4.0-5.0	2010	2020	98,855	68,105
Series 2010A TWDB*	0.36-2.62	2010	2016	40,000	31,525
Series 2010B	0.15-2.85	2010	2030	28,000	24,185
Series 2010C	4.0-5.25	2010	2030	45,870	40,690
Series 2011 Refunding	4.0-5.25	2011	2031	151,160	141,210
Series 2012 Refunding	2.0-5.0	2012	2025	31,155	31,020
Total Revenue Bonds					694,340
Trinity River Authority Obligations:					
Series 2002	4.0-5.0	2011	2022	6,795	6,100
ESPC Phase V	3.68	2010	2018	15,365	14,691
Total Water and Sewer					715,131
Solid Waste:					
Certificate of Obligation, Series 2005A	4.5	2005	2025	7,400	5,220
* Texas Water Development Board					(continued)

(continued)

	Interest	Year of	Year of	Original	Amount
	Rate %	Issue	Maturity	Amount	Outstanding
Municipal Parking:					
Certificates of Obligation:					
Series 2007	5.0-5.25	2007	2033	\$ 20,935	\$ 19,020
Series 2009	5.0-5.25	2009	2033	27,135	26,555
Series 2010A	3.0-5.0	2010	2020	1,955	1,450
Total Municipal Parking					47,025
Municipal Golf:					
Certificates of Obligation:					
Series 2010A	3.0-5.0	2010	2025	2,615	2,210
Stormwater Utility:					
Revenue Bonds:					
Series 2007	4.25-5.0	2008	2033	24,430	21,270
Series 2009	2.0-4.3	2009	2035	45,190	41,305
Series 2011	2.0-5.0	2011	2036	78,325	74,005
Total Stormwater Utility					136,580
Net Unamortized Bond Premium/Discount ar	nd Loss on Re	funding		n/a	28,848
Compensated Absences	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	9,962
Landfill Closure and Postclosure Liability	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	4,482
Pollution Remediation Liability	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	3,409
Other Postemployment Benefits Obligation	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	61,672
Net Pension Obligation	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	8,673
Total Business-Type long-term debt					\$ 1,023,212
					(concluded

G. 2. GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES' DEBT

Long-term liabilities consist of General Obligation Bonds and Certificates of Obligation, as well as other longterm liabilities. Principal and interest payments on debt obligations are secured solely or in part by ad valorem taxes levied on all taxable property within the City.

General Obligation Bonds and Certificates of Obligation indentures require the City to levy the tax required to fund interest and principal at maturity or at least 2 percent of the principal, whichever is greater. At September 30, 2013, \$17,060 of cash and investments is available in the Debt Service Fund to service General Obligation Bonds and Certificates of Obligation for governmental activities.

In September 2013, the City issued Certificates of Obligation, Series 2013A, in the amount of \$46,095. Bond proceeds were used to fund projects from the 2007 Critical Capital Program, cost overruns from the 2004 and 2008 Bond Programs, purchase Fire Department equipment, fund additional arterial and bridge projects and pay costs related to the issuance of the bonds. The bonds will mature on March 1 of each year from 2014 to 2033 and are payable in installments ranging from \$2,700 to \$2,105. Interest is payable on March 1 and September 1 of each year commencing in March 2014 at interest rates ranging from 2.0 percent to 5.0 percent.

In September 2013, the City issued Certificates of Obligation, Series 2013B, in the amount of \$11,140 to fund design and construction of capital improvements to the Will Rogers Memorial Center and pay costs associated with the issuance of the bonds. The bonds will mature on March 1 of each year from 2014 to 2033 payable in

(continued)

installments ranging from \$435 to \$820. Interest is payable on March 1 and September 1 of each year commencing in March 2014 at interest rates ranging from 2.0 percent to 4.99 percent.

In September 2013, the City issued General Purpose Refunding and Improvement Bonds, Series 2013, in the amount of \$37,130 to refund \$27,065 of existing General Obligation Bonds and Certificates of Obligation, to pay the cost associated with the bond issue, and to fund capital projects. The sale was authorized by voters in the 2004 and 2008 Bond Programs. These bonds will mature on March 1 of each year from 2014 to 2033 in installments ranging from \$2,325 to \$4,760. Interest is payable on March 1 and September 1 of each year commencing March 2014 with interest rates ranging from 2.0 percent to 4.5 percent. U.S. Government, State, and Local Government Series (SLGS) were purchased and placed in an irrevocable trust for the purpose of generating resources for all future debt service payments of the refunded \$27,065 bonds. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability is not reflected in the statement of net position. The advance refunding resulted in a reduction in principal and interest payments of \$3,795 over the life of the bonds. This refunding resulted in an economic gain (difference between the present value of the old and new debt service payments) of \$3,182.

In May 2013, the City entered into a Master Municipal Equipment Lease – Purchase agreement with All American Investment Group, LLC in the amount of \$18,443. This amount supports the refinance of Phase IV of the City's Energy Savings Performance Contract (ESPC) and to finance the implementation of Phase VII of the ESPC, in the amount of \$10,955 with Johnson Controls, Inc.

G. 3. COMMERCIAL PAPER PROGRAM

In July 1998, the City established a tax-exempt commercial paper program pursuant to which short-term notes with maturities of up to 270 days could be issued to finance projects approved by the voters of the City. The maximum amount of Commercial Paper Notes (Series B) the City may have outstanding, at any one time, cannot exceed \$125 million. There was no outstanding commercial paper at year-end. No commercial paper was issued during fiscal year 2013. The agreement with the liquidity provider for the commercial paper program, JPMorgan Chase, expired in April 2013.

In April 2013, The City entered into an agreement with Wells Fargo to provide for the sale of short-term notes in an aggregate principal amount not to exceed \$100,000. The maximum amount of Direct Purchase Notes the City may have outstanding, at any one time, cannot exceed \$100 million. The City issued Direct Purchase Notes of \$250 to establish program. There were no outstanding direct purchase notes at year end.

G. 4. ENTERPRISE DEBT

Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds and Stormwater Revenue Bonds constitute special obligations of the City secured solely by a lien on and pledge of the net revenues of the Water and Sewer system and the Stormwater system. Certain Certificates of Obligation are recorded in the Municipal Parking Fund, the Municipal Golf Fund, and the Solid Waste Fund. These bonds have no specific claim against Municipal Parking, Municipal Golf, or Solid Waste revenues. However, debt service requirements are provided by the Water and Sewer Fund, Solid Waste Fund, Stormwater Fund, Municipal Golf Fund, and Municipal Parking Fund. Accordingly, the debt is reflected as a fund obligation.

In accordance with the revenue bond ordinances, a reserve for debt service is maintained. At September 30, 2013, \$38,821 of cash and investments was available for payments of principal and interest on all Enterprise Fund debt. The Water and Sewer Fund has substituted surety bonds in the amount of \$2,489 that are also held in reserve to

(continued)

provide for payment of debt service obligations in the event there are insufficient amounts on deposit to make debt service payments.

During 2013 the City drew down 10 installments of Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2010A, as follows: November 1st \$50; November 7th \$75; January 15th \$460; February 11th \$215; March 15th \$885; April 30th \$3,075; May 13th \$455; May 29th \$1,065; July 18th \$2,225; and September 30th \$1,260. These bonds were issued to fund improvements to the sewer system. The installments will mature on February 15 of each year from 2011 to 2016 payable in installments ranging from \$1,295 to \$1,810. Interest is payable on February 15th and August 15th of each year, commencing in February 2014 with an interest rate of 2.56 percent. The City has pledged future water and sewer customer revenues to repay the revenue bonds.

In May 2011 the Trinity River Authority issued Revenue Refunding Bonds (Series 2011) for \$6,795, refunding the Series 2002 bonds. The overall obligation to the City was increased by \$30.

Net revenues of the City's enterprise funds—defined as net operating income, plus depreciation expense, plus investment income, plus gas lease revenues (only Municipal Golf Fund)—have been pledged for repayment of long-term bonded debt incurred by these funds. The amount pledged is equal to the remaining outstanding debt service requirements for these bonds. The pledge continues for the life of the bonds. For the year ended September 30, 2013, net pledged revenue by fund was as follows:

Fund	Ne	TY2013 t Pledged evenues	FY2013 Debt Service	Purpose of Debt
Water and Sewer Fund	\$	141,730	\$ 90,887	Extending and improving water and sewer system
Solid Waste Fund		8,656	1,420	Landfill improvements
Stormwater Fund		17,762	9,378	Improvements of storm drains, roadways, and erosion protection
Municipal Parking		4,226	3,625	Construction of City-owned parking garage
Municipal Golf		64	 233	Municipal Golf's portion of new financial management system
Total	\$	172,438	\$ 105,543	-

All future improvements to the City's Water and Sewer system are funded through the sale of Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, the City's Water and Sewer Operating Budget, or alternative forms of debt.

The City has pledged solid waste, storm water, and municipal parking net revenues to repay long-term bonded debt. The City reports the net revenues in nonmajor proprietary funds.

The City is responsible for environmental cleanup of Riverside Park funded by the Water and Sewer Fund and asbestos removal before environmental cleanup of City owned buildings paid from the Environmental Management Fund (nonmajor governmental). The City is required to report the estimated liability for pollution remediation activities in accordance with GASB Statement No. 49, *Reporting for Pollution Remediation Obligations*. As of September 30, 2013, the City's liability was \$3,409 for the Water and Sewer Fund. The City's estimated outlays for the cleanup were generated using the expected cash flows technique. The amount of the estimated pollution remediation liability assumes that there will be no major increases in the cost of providing these cleanup services. These estimates are subject to changes as a result of price increases, changes in technology, and new laws and regulations.

(continued)

G.5. ANNUAL REQUIREMENTS TO AMORTIZE BONDED AND CONTRACTUAL DEBT OBLIGATION

The annual requirements to amortize all bonded and contractual debt outstanding as of September 30, 2013, is disclosed by Governmental type as shown on the following pages:

Government	al Activities	:						
Year								
Ending					Conventio	on Center		
September			Certific	cates of	Instal	lment		
30,	General O	bligations	Oblig	ation	Oblig	ation	Equipme	nt Notes
	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Principal</u>	Interest
2014	\$ 30,115	\$ 20,468	\$ 20,440	\$ 12,795	\$ 695	\$ 178	\$ 7,715	\$ 1,026
2015	30,110	19,298	20,290	12,143	750	138	7,840	810
2016	32,035	17,929	20,030	11,366	795	95	3,915	657
2017	30,780	16,549	18,920	10,619	840	49	3,915	570
2018	30,365	14,671	19,030	9,205	-	-	23,475	263
2019-2023	154,275	48,396	80,260	31,806	-	-	-	-
2024-2028	105,225	17,852	68,750	14,621	-	-	-	-
2029-2033	26,175	2,163	39,910	3,242	-	-	-	-
	\$ 439,080	\$ 157,326	\$ 287,630	\$ 105,797	\$ 3,080	\$ 460	\$ 46,860	\$ 3,326
								(continued)

Year Ending September 30,	eptember HUD Installment					Service Center Obligation				State Energy Conservation Loan Phase I & II				State Energy Conservation Loan Phase III			
	<u>Pri</u>	ncipal	Inte	erest	Pr	incipal	In	terest	Pri	ncipal	Int	terest	Pri	incipal	Inte	erest	
2014	\$	778	\$	235	\$	555	\$	875	\$	702	\$	25	\$	517	\$	82	
2015		805		207		580		851		547		5		533		60	
2016		834		177		605		825		-		-		549		50	
2017		865		145		635		798		-		-		566		33	
2018		632		109		660		770		-		-		425		13	
2019-2023		1,368		114		3,765		3,387		-		-		-			
2024-2028		-		-		4,740		2,411		-		-		-			
2029-2033		-		-		6,045		1,105		-		-		-			
2034-2038		-		-		1,395		34		-		-		-			
	\$	5,282	\$	987	\$	18,980	\$	11,056	\$	1,249	\$	30	\$	2,590	\$	244	

(continued)

Government Year	al A	ctivities	:					
Ending					Т	tal Carr		
September 30,	J	ESPC Pl	iase	e VII	10	otal Gove Activ		
	Pri	incipal	In	terest	Pr	incipal	In	terest
2014	\$	379	\$	411	\$	61,896	\$	36,095
2015		639		399		62,094		33,917
2016		976		382		59,739		31,481
2017		998		360		57,519		29,123
2018		1,172		336		75,759		25,367
2019-2023		8,641		1,150		248,309		84,853
2024-2028		5,638		197		184,353		35,081
2029-2033		-		-		72,130		6,510
2034-2038		-		-		1,395		34
	\$	18,443	\$	3,235	\$	823,194	\$	282,461
						((coi	ncluded)

The City has three blended component units whose long-term debt is paid through revenues transferred from discretely presented component units or Tax Increment Reinvestment Zones (TIRZs). TIRZ #2A makes debt service payments on Fort Worth Sports Authority's \$8,386 debt obligation. TIRZ #4 makes debt service payments on Central City Local Government Corp's \$347 debt obligation. TIRZ #10 makes debt service payments on Lone Star Local Government Corp's \$31,617 debt obligation. Debt payments by these TIRZs are determined based on the revenue that each TIRZ receives during the year. Therefore, no definitive payment schedule has been determined

The annual requirements to amortize all Major Fund Business-Type bonded and contractual debt outstanding as of September 30, 2013, is as follows:

Year Ending September			Water an		Water an ESPC V		S torm Utility R		Ma	tal 1jor ss-Type
30,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	<u>Interest</u>	Principal	Interest	<u>Principal</u>	Interest
2014	\$ 61,200	\$ 27,083	\$ 600	\$ 149	\$ 1,336	\$ 332	\$ 3,825	\$ 5,522	\$ 66,961	\$ 33,086
2015	62,775	26,082	615	136	1,418	300	3,960	5,381	68,768	31,899
2016	58,735	23,422	635	124	1,475	266	4,130	5,221	64,975	29,033
2017	59,930	20,779	650	111	1,508	232	4,300	5,072	66,388	26,194
2018	62,565	18,018	670	98	1,544	196	4,460	4,925	69,239	23,237
2019-2023	223,980	56,630	2,930	178	7,410	419	25,450	21,446	259,770	78,673
2024-2028	132,560	18,150	-	-	-	-	31,485	15,673	164,045	33,823
2029-2033	32,595	1,874	-	-	-	-	38,950	8,357	71,545	10,231
2034-2038	-	-	-	-	-	-	20,020	1,122	20,020	1,122
	\$694,340	\$192,038	\$ 6,100	\$ 796	\$ 14,691	\$1,745	\$136,580	\$72,719	\$851,711	\$267,298

(continued)

The annual requirements to amortize all Nonmajor Fund Business-Type bonded and contractual debt outstanding as of September 30, 2013, is as follows:

Nonmajor Bu Year Ending	isine	Muni Park	cipa cing	վ		S ol Was	ste			Muni Go	lf	l		Tot Non-M	lajor
September 30,	P	C ^o rincipal	-	iterest	Pri	C(incipal		terest	 Pr	C(incipal	-	erest	P	Busines	s-Type Interest
2014	\$	1.495	\$	2.560	<u>**</u>	435	<u>s</u>	207	\$	150	\$	85	\$	2.080	\$ 2,852
2014	Ψ	1,495	Ψ	2,300	Ψ	435	Ψ	189	Ψ	155	Ψ	79	Ψ	2,000	¢ 2,052 2,758
2016		1,640		2,419		435		171		160		74		2,235	2,664
2017		1,710		2,344		435		153		165		70		2,310	2,567
2018		1,795		2,263		435		135		170		64		2,400	2,462
2019-2023		9,805		9,765		2,175		404		960		201		12,940	10,370
2024-2028		12,445		6,669		870		35		450		18		13,765	6,722
2029-2033		16,570		2,531		-		-		-		-		16,570	2,531
	\$	47,025	\$	31,041	\$	5,220	\$	1,294	\$	2,210	\$	591	\$	54,455	\$ 32,926

G.6. ARBITRAGE

The City frequently issues bonds for capital construction projects. These bonds are subject to the arbitrage regulations. At September 30, 2013, the liability for rebate of arbitrage was \$2 for business-type activities. This amount is included in the "Current Portion of Long-Term Liabilities" on the statement of net assets.

G. 7. LEASES

Obligations under capital leases represent the remaining principal amounts under lease purchase agreements for the acquisition of two municipal buildings (the Southwest Municipal Court Building and the Armory Building). These leases are recorded as capital leases in the government-wide reporting. Amortization of the leased assets is included in depreciation expenditures in the government-wide reporting. The leased buildings had an original cost totaling \$4,419.

The following is a summary of capital lease transactions of the City for the year ended September 30, 2013:

Capital Lease Obligations, October 1, 2012	\$ 4,096
Principal Payments	 280
Capital Lease Obligations, September 30, 2013	\$ 3,816

(continued)

Future minimum lease payments for these leases are as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	 ease ments
2014	\$ 695
2015	702
2016	709
2017	717
2018	725
2019-2023	 1,688
Less: Amount Representing Interest Present Value of Minimum Lease Payments	\$ (1,420) 3,816

The following schedule provides an analysis of the City's investment in capital assets under lease arrangements as of September 30, 2013:

Buildings Less: Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 4,419 (582)
Total Net Book Value of Lease Assets	\$ 3,837

The City entered into operating lease agreements for the utilization of computers and related equipment, office space, vehicles, and golf carts. The lease terms range from 12 to 180 months. The following is a schedule by years of future minimum rental payments required under the operating leases as of September 30, 2013:

Year Ending September 30,	
2014	\$ 1,953
2015	1,267
2016	843
2017	617
2018	 164
Total Minimum Payments Required	\$ 4,844

Total rental expense for the year was \$3,245.

The Fort Worth Sports Authority entered into a purchase contract to purchase the Texas Motor Speedway. Annual payments consist of a percentage of the tax increment revenues from Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone #2A and an additional percentage of tax increment revenues conditional upon the Texas Motor Speedway's contribution to economic development. The Fort Worth Sports Authority is obligated for tax increment revenues collected through 2026, with the total purchase price not to exceed \$20,000. The contract is payable solely from the incremental taxes. Incremental taxes were projected to produce 100 percent of the debt service requirements over the life of the contract. Total principal remaining on the contract is \$8,386, payable through 2026. In fiscal year

(continued)

2009 the City entered into an agreement with Texas Motor Speedway Corp. concerning gas bonus and lease revenues related to the racetrack. The agreement stated that upon the corporation initiating a gas lease agreement, the corporation would use this revenue to offset the amount the City owed for the racetrack. The gas lease agreement was entered into during fiscal year 2012 and in accordance with this agreement, Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone #2A debt payments are reduced to \$90 per year until the purchase contract is complete. The Texas Motor Speedway also has an agreement with Fort Worth Sports Authority to lease back the facility for \$50 to \$100 annually over the 30 year lease. The lease term extends to 2026 with renewal options to extend for an additional 10 years. The lease is accounted for by the City as an operating lease.

The Lone Star Local Government Corporation (a blended component unit) entered into an agreement with Cabela's to finance a museum inside Cabela's Fort Worth facility. Annual payments consist of property tax increment revenues from Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone #10. Lone Star Local Government Corporation is obligated for tax increment revenues collected through 2024, with the total principal payment price not to exceed \$31,617. The contract is payable solely from the incremental taxes. Incremental taxes were projected to produce 100 percent of the debt service requirements over the life of the contract. Total principal and interest remaining on the contract is \$31,617, payable through 2024. The interest rate for this agreement is 4.75 percent. The agreement also includes management fees charged by Cabela's that are to be paid by giving the museum to Cabela's at the end of the agreement.

G. 8. DEFEASANCE OF PRIOR DEBT

In prior years, the City defeased certain outstanding General Obligation, Certificates of Obligation, and Revenue Bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments of the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust accounts and the defeased bonds are not included in the City's financial statements.

At September 30, 2013, the following outstanding bonds are considered defeased:

General Obligation Bonds and Certificates of Obligation Series 2003 through 2008	\$ 82,465
Water and Sewer System Revenue Bonds Series 2003 through 2005	33,230
Bonds Defeased	<u>\$ 115,695</u>

G.9. DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT DEBT

During FY2011 Taxing Increment Reinvestment Zone No. 9 (TIRZ #9) entered into an agreement with Tarrant Regional Water District (TRWD) to reimburse TRWD for TIRZ #9's share of the Trinity River Vision project's cost. As of September 30, 2013, the unreimbursed amount due to TRWD was \$50,933. The reimbursement will be made from property tax collections for TIRZ #9. Debt payments by this TIRZ are determined based on revenues during the year; therefore, no definitive debt payment schedule has been determined.

G. 10. CONDUIT DEBT

On October 30, 1991, the Alliance Airport Authority, Inc. issued Special Facilities Revenue Bonds, Series 1991, in the amount of \$125,745, of which \$49,525 is outstanding as of September 30, 2013. The bonds do not constitute a debt of the Authority or of the City.

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On May 12, 2006, the Alliance Airport Authority, Inc., issued Special Facilities Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2006, in the amount of \$245,150 to defease the Special Facilities Revenue Bonds, Series 1996. As of September 30, 2013, \$245,150 is outstanding. The bonds do not constitute a debt of the Authority or of the City.

On March 22, 2007, the Alliance Airport Authority, Inc., issued Special Facilities Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2007, in the amount of \$357,130 to defease Special Facilities Revenue Bonds, Series 1990. As of September 30, 2013, \$357,130 is outstanding. The bonds do not constitute a debt of the Authority or of the City.

NOTE H: LANDFILL CLOSURE AND POSTCLOSURE CARE COSTS

State and federal laws and regulations require the City to place a final cover on its Southeast landfill site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure. Although closure and postclosure care costs will be paid only near or after the date that the landfill stops accepting waste, the City reports a portion of these closure and postclosure care costs as an operating expense in each period based on landfill capacity used as of each balance sheet date. The City has contracted for the operations of the landfill, but the legal liability for closure and postclosure care costs remains with the City. The City is required by state and federal laws and regulations to provide financial assurance for closure and postclosure care. Through a standby letter of credit filed with the state, the City is in compliance with these requirements.

The City reported \$4,482 as landfill closure and postclosure care liability in the Solid Waste Fund at September 30, 2013. This represents the cumulative amount reported to date based on the use of 30.9 percent of the estimated current permitted capacity of the landfill. The City will recognize the remaining estimated cost of closure and postclosure care of \$10,006 as the remaining estimated capacity is filled. The City expects to close the landfill in 46 years from the end of the current fiscal year, or the year 2059. The total cost of closure and postclosure is an estimate and is subject to changes resulting from inflation, deflation, technology changes, or changes in applicable laws and regulations.

Furthermore, at September 30, 2013, the City reported cash and cash equivalents of \$1,623 as restricted assets for closure and postclosure care and has \$2,859 in a trust instrument for these costs provided from its contractor (Allied Waste, Inc). The City expects that future closure and postclosure care costs and inflation costs will be completely covered by the trust instrument, in accordance with the contractual agreement with Allied Waste, Inc. Allied will operate and close the landfill once it has reached capacity, and maintain and monitor the landfill during the postclosure care period.

NOTE I: D/FW INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT

The Dallas/Fort Worth International Airport (Airport) is a local government entity located between the cities of Fort Worth and Dallas (Cities). The Airport's Board of Directors (the Board) comprises 12 members, 11 of whom are appointed by the city councils of the Airport's owner cities. Seven represent the City of Dallas and four represent the City of Fort Worth, in accordance with each city's ownership interest in the Airport. In order to facilitate communication between and among the Airport and its neighbors, a 12th, non-voting board position representing one of the Airport's four neighboring cities—Irving, Grapevine, Euless and Coppell—is filled on an annual, rotating basis. The Board must submit an expenditure budget for each fiscal year to the City Manager of each city by July 15th. The governing body of each city must approve the budget by September 1.

Joint Revenue Bonds were issued to construct the Airport. Concurrent Bond Ordinances require the Board to annually adopt a Schedule of Charges that is: (1) reasonably estimated to produce Gross Revenues in an amount sufficient to at least pay Operation and Maintenance Expenses plus 1.25 times Accrued Aggregate Debt Service

(continued)

and (2) reasonably estimated to at least produce Current Gross Revenues in an amount sufficient to pay Operation and Maintenance Expenses plus 1.00 times Accrued Aggregate Debt Service. Outstanding debt and related debt service are accounted for by the Dallas/Fort Worth International Airport. The current portion of the Joint Revenue Bonds payable totaled \$91,915 and the long-term portion was \$6,166,739 as of September 30, 2013.

The following condensed financial information has been taken from the Airport's September 30, 2013, financial statements:

Total Assets	\$ 7,508,539
Total Liabilities	6,558,829
Net Position	\$ 949,710
Operating Revenues	\$ 577,481
Operating Expenses	637,546
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	(79,647)
Capital Contributions	20,960
Special Item	(32,283)
Change in Net Position	\$ (151,035)

The Cities have executed covenants individually, by ordinance, to levy a maintenance tax if necessary to assure that the Airport will be efficiently operated and maintained. The amount of such tax is limited for each city in its respective ratio to the lesser of 5 cents per one hundred dollars of assessed valuation of the property in each city or the amount of the maintenance tax required. The Airport Board has entered into agreements with air carriers and other parties utilizing the Airport which provide for adjustments to rentals, fees and other charges which management believes preclude the need for a maintenance tax. To date, no maintenance tax has been levied by the Cities.

Financial statements of the Airport are not included in the City's financial statements because the Airport is not under the sole control of the Fort Worth City Council, but they are available at the City's Financial Management Services Department. Separate audited financial statements, which are publicly available, can be obtained by contacting the Airport at 3200 East Airfield Drive, P.O. Box 619428, DFW Airport, Texas 75261.

NOTE J: EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN OF THE CITY OF FORT WORTH, TEXAS

Plan Description

The Employees' Retirement Plan of the City of Fort Worth (Plan) is a single-employer defined benefit retirement system, established under legal authority of the City Charter and administered by the City, covering all regular fulltime employees of the City of Fort Worth. The Plan is administered by the Retirement Fund's Board of Directors, and it has an actuarial valuation completed each year. The funded status of the Plan is based on current and projected assets and liabilities. The Plan issues separate audited financial statements, which are publicly available and can be obtained by contacting the Pension Plan at 3800 Hulen Street, Suite 101, Fort Worth, Texas 76109.

The City has received a favorable letter of determination from the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) stating that its Plan is qualified under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The authority to define or amend employer and employee contribution rates or benefits is given to the Fort Worth City Council (the City Council). The Plan is considered part of the City's financial reporting entity and is included in the City's basic financial statements as

(continued)

a pension trust fund. The City's payroll for employees covered by the City Plan for the year ended September 30, 2013, was approximately \$387,000, and total payroll was approximately \$403,000.

Effective June 15, 2007, article 6243i of the Texas Revised Civil Statutes (Article 6243i)—a new state law governing the Plan—changed the structure of the Board and how benefits could be changed by the plan sponsor. Article 6243i also permitted the Board to create administrative rules that govern the Plan. The administrative rules govern the administration and benefits of the plan. The Board may change the administrative operation of the Plan without the City's approval, while any increases to the benefit structure must be approved by the City, following an actuarial assessment. A reduction in benefits must be proposed by the City, and the City must notify the Board 90 days in advance of such benefit reduction.

As of January 1, 2013, (date of most recent actuarial valuation) and January 1, 2012, the Plan's membership consisted of the following members (numbers in table below are not in thousands):

	January 1, <u>2013</u>	January 1, <u>2012</u>
Retirees and Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefits	3,706	3,636
Terminated Employees Entitled to Benefits but Not Yet Paid	277	279
	3,983	3,915
Active Members	6,278	6,281
Total	10,261	10,196

Vesting

Members vest in the Plan after five years of credited service. Vested members are eligible for normal retirement on the last day of the month in which the earlier of the following occurs: the member's age plus years of credited service equal 80 ("Rule of 80"), or the member reaches age 65. Service for municipal employees hired after July 1, 2011, and police officers hired after January 1, 2013, is not projected to normal retirement date. Vested members may elect early retirement at age 50 at a reduced pension. The City has adopted a 25-year-and-out program for police officers, which allows for full retirement after 25 years of service, regardless of age. Members terminating employment prior to vesting are entitled to receive their contributions plus interest (currently 5.25% annually). Members who are vested have the option of receiving their contributions plus interest or leaving their contributions in the fund and receiving retirement benefits as described above.

Pension Benefits

Normal Retirement:	
Age and Service Requirement	Age 65 or age plus years of service equal to 80 points; municipal employees hired after July 1, 2011, are subject to an age minimum of 55. Police officers are also eligible with 25 years of service.
Amount	3% of the compensation base multiplied by total years of service; 2.5% for municipal employees hired after July 1, 2011, and police officers hired after January 1, 2013.

The major provisions of the Plan are as follows:

(continued)

police officers hired after January 1, 2013.		Compensation Base	Average of member's highest three calendar year's earnings (including overtime); average of member's highest five calendar year's earnings (excluding overtime) for municipal employees hired after July 1, 2011, and police officers hired after January 1, 2013.
--	--	-------------------	--

Termination Benefits:	
Age and Service Requirement	None
Amount	A member with less than five years of service who withdraws from the plan is eligible to receive a refund of contributions at 5.25% interest, compounded annually while an active member. A member who terminates with 5 or more years of service is entitled to a vested pension, but may receive a refund of contributions at 5.25% interest—compounded annually while an active member— instead of the vested pension.

During fiscal year 2008, the City of Fort Worth passed a new ad-hoc Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) program effective January 1, 2008. All non-vested members as of December 31, 2007, are enrolled in the ad-hoc COLA program. All vested members and retired members were given the opportunity to select whether they wanted to change their current guaranteed 2% COLA to participate in the ad-hoc COLA. Members that did not make a selection were treated as if they chose the current 2% COLA. Members that selected the ad-hoc COLA and non-vested members will have their COLAs determined based on the funding status of the Plan based on the previous year's actuarial valuation. These COLAs are compounded based on the benefit received the previous calendar year, and they could be 0%, 2%, 3% or 4%. Retired members that selected the ad-hoc COLA will not be included in the calculation of the unfunded actuarial liability until formally approved.

If a member continues to work after the normal retirement date, the member is required to make contributions to the Plan until the date of actual retirement. Members continue to accrue credited service until they retire.

In September 2007, the Board voted to allow members that have entered the Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) to leave a part or all of their DROP balance with the Plan. Members that elect this option are credited the same earnings as the Plan on a monthly basis, and they are subject to losses if the Plan incurs negative earnings on Plan assets.

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Death Benefits:	Spouse's Pre-Retirement Death Benefit (death in the line of duty):
Age and Service Requirement	None
Amount	75% of the normal retirement benefit (based on a 3% multiplier) with years of service projected to the member's normal retirement date. Each child under 18 receives \$100 per month. For municipal employees hired after July 1, 2011, and police officers hired after January 1, 2013, the benefit is 75% of an actuarially equivalent 75% joint and survivor annuity (based on a 2.5% multiplier) with years of service projected to the member's normal retirement date.
Minimum	\$250 per month

Death Benefits:	Spouse's Pre-Retirement Death Benefit (death not in the line of duty):
Age and Service Requirement	5 years of service
Amount	75% of the accrued benefit (based on a 2.75% multiplier). Each child under 18 receives \$100 per month. For municipal employees hired after July 1, 2011, and police officers hired after January 1, 2013, the benefit is 75% of an actuarially equivalent 75% joint and survivor annuity (based on a 2.25% multiplier).
Minimum	\$150 per month

Post-Retirement Death Benefit:	If married, pension benefits are paid in the form of a 75% joint and survivor annuity unless this form is rejected by the participant and spouse. Each child under 18 receives \$100 per month. The total benefit will not exceed the total amount of the member's pension. For municipal employees hired after July 1,
	2011, and police officers hired after January 1, 2013, the benefit amount otherwise payable is reduced to reflect the joint and survivor coverage.

(continued)

Obligation to Contribute to the Plan

The City contributes to the Plan an amount equal to 19.74% (20.46% for sworn police officers) of the salaries of members. The City Council, through its budget appropriation, has the right to contribute an additional amount over and above the members' contributions, in accordance with state law, plus the cost of administration of the Plan. No additional contributions were made during 2013. Employees of the City, as a condition of employment, commencing on the effective date of their membership in the Plan, shall contribute 8.25% (8.73% for sworn police officers) of their salary to the Plan until the date of their actual retirement or earlier termination of employment. The employer and employee contribution rates are not used when the actuary determines the annual required contributions to the Plan.

Funding Status

The Plan's actuary conducts an annual valuation for each plan to determine the adequacy of the current employer contribution rates, to describe the current financial condition of the plans, and to analyze changes in the Plan's condition. The January 1, 2013, valuation shows that the unfunded accrued actuarial liability of the Plan increased by approximately \$299,200 from the valuation prepared as of January 1, 2012. The funded ratio of the Plan decreased from 71.4% to 63.9%, with a funding period of 35.8 years. This is a 7.4-year increase in the effective period, from 28.4 last year. Much of this increase in the effective period was already anticipated in last year's 30-year projection of valuation results, because 20% of the \$710 million market loss in 2008 remained to be recognized in the actuarial value of assets. The table below represents the most recent actuarially determined funding progress of the Plan (all amounts presented in 000's except percentages). A historical schedule of funding progress, which can be used to determine trend information about the funding status of the Plan, follows the financial statement notes in the required supplementary information.

Valuation	Actuarial Value of Assets	A	Actuarial Accrued Liability	A A I	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability	Fun		С	Annual overed	UAAL as % of		
Date	(AVA)		(AAL)	<u>(</u>	(<u>UAAL)</u> (3)–(2)		/(3)	<u>r</u>	Payroll	<u>Payro</u> (4)/(6	6)	
<u>(1)</u> 1/1/2013	\$ <u>(2)</u> 1,854,900	\$	<u>(3)</u> 2,902,300	\$	<u>(4)</u> 1,047,400	<u>(</u> 63.		\$	<u>(6)</u> 376,300	<u>(7)</u> 278.		

(continued)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The following are the significant actuarial assumptions used for the January 1, 2013, actuarial valuation:

Valuation Date	January 1, 2013
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level Percent of Pay, Open
Remaining Amortization Period	30 years
Assets Valuation Method	5-Year Smoothed Market
Actuarial assumptions:	
Investment Rate Return	8.00%
Payroll Growth Rate	3.25%
Projected Salary Increases	3.50%-18.00%
Cost-of-Living Adjustments	2.0%
Inflation Rate	3.0%

Annual pension cost and percentage of required contributions contributed are as follows:

	-	ember 30, 2011	-	ember 30, 2012	September 30, 2013		
Annual Required Contribution	\$	60,042	\$	67,652	\$	79,485	
Interest on Net Pension Obligation		6,827		5,807		5,112	
Adjustment to Annual Required Contribution		(4,892)		(4,284)		(3,675)	
Annual Pension Cost		61,977		69,175		80,922	
Contributions Made		74,577		77,265		77,567	
Increase (Decrease) in Net Pension Obligation		(12,600)		(8,090)		3,355	
Net Pension Obligation, Beginning of Year		80,555		67,955		59,865	
Net Pension Obligation, End of Year	\$	67,955	\$	59,865	\$	63,220	
Percentage of Annual Pension Cost Contributed		120.3%		111.7%		95.9%	
Percentage of Annual Required Contribution Contributed		124.2%		114.2%		97.6%	

The net pension obligation as of September 30, 2013, is reported in the Governmental Activities and Business-Type Activities statement of net position as \$54,547 and \$8,673, respectively.

NOTE K: EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

K. 1. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Plan Descriptions

In addition to the pension benefits described in Note J, the City of Fort Worth provides postemployment health care benefits, established under legal authority of the City Charter and administered by the City. The single-employer plan coverage is offered to all employees who retire from the City in accordance with criteria listed in Note J. However, some retirees elect not to continue the health coverage during their retirement. Currently 2,717 (not in thousands) retirees and beneficiaries meet those eligibility requirements. The City also provides a \$5 lump sum death benefit single-employer plan for beneficiaries of retired employees who retired on or after January 1, 1970. Neither of these plans issue stand-alone financial statements.

(continued)

Provided below are the statement of fiduciary net position and the statement of changes in fiduciary net position for the post Retiree Healthcare Plan as of and for the year ended September 30, 2013:

\$ 14,764
 24,213
 38,977
\$ 38,977
\$ 1,150
(102)
35,433
 36,481
21,637
 21,637
14,844
24,133
\$ 38,977
\$

For those employees who terminate and are vested in the City's retirement plan, health care benefits may continue, until the employee retires, by paying the full cost of coverage. For all other employees who terminate without retirement, health care benefits continue for 30 days after termination. At that time the former employee has continuation rights to health insurance coverage under the Consolidated Omnibus Reconciliation Act of 1985. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 45, *Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*, the City will perform actuarial studies once every two years. The actuarial information presented in the notes and in the required supplementary section represent the January 1, 2013, actuarial valuation.

Funding Policies

For the health care benefits and the death benefit, contractual requirements for the City are established and may be amended by the City Council. During fiscal year 2013, retirees' health insurance was provided with separate plan designs depending on whether the retiree was eligible for Medicare. The City paid for a major portion or all of the total health insurance cost for retirees depending on the retiree's date of employment or length of service and on the retiree's coverage election. The City paid for approximately 72 percent of the cost for coverage for dependents and surviving spouses eligible to participate in the group plan. The remainder of the premium was paid by the retirees for their dependents or by the surviving spouse. Expenditures for postemployment health care are recognized as claims or premiums when paid. During fiscal year 2013, the cost for health care benefits for

(continued)

retirees, dependents, and surviving spouses was \$30,131. For fiscal year 2013, death benefit payments totaled \$418.

Annual OPEB Costs

The City's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) for each plan is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and to amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The City's annual OPEB cost for fiscal years ended September 30, 2011, September 30, 2012, and September 30, 2013, and the related information for each plan, are as follows (dollar amounts in thousands):

Funding Policy and Annual OPEB Cost															
	Healthcare							Death Benefit							
Contribution Rates															
City			3	3% - 100% *	k				1	00%					
Plan Members				0% - 67% *					1	N/A					
	<u>9/.</u>	<u>30/2011</u>	<u>9/</u>	/30/2012		<u>9/30/2013</u>	<u>9/30</u>	<u>)/2011</u>	<u>9/3</u>	0/2012	<u>9/3</u>	<u>0/2013</u>			
Annual Required Contribution	\$	110,705	\$	105,502	\$	98,334	\$	984	\$	1,435	\$	943			
Interest on Net OPEB Obligation		9,970		13,546		16,249		143		137		164			
Adjustment to Annual Required Contribution		(14,270)		(19,339)		(23,198)		(127)		(195)		(234)			
Annual OPEB Cost (Expense)		106,405		99,709		91,385		1,000		1,377		873			
Contributions Made		(24,960)		(29,420)		(35,433)		(175)		(225)		(370)			
Increase in Net OPEB Obligation		81,445		70,289		55,952		825		1,152		503			
Net OPEB Obligation, Beginning of Year		243,174		324,619		394,908		3,476		4,301		5,453			
Net OPEB Obligation, End of Year	\$	324,619	\$	394,908	\$	450,860	\$	4,301	\$	5,453	\$	5,956			
Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed		23.5%		29.5%		38.8%		17.5%		16.3%		42.4%			
Percentage of Annual Required Contribution															
Contributed		22.5%		27.9%		36.0%		17.8%		15.7%		39.2%			

* - The percentage paid by the City varies based on years of service.

At September 30, 2013, the total liability of \$456,816 for net OPEB obligation was \$395,144 for governmental activities and \$61,672 for business-type activities. The employer's required contribution rate as a percentage of payroll for fiscal year 2013 was 26.4%.

(continued)

Funded Status and Funding Progress

The funded status of the plan as of January 1, 2013, was as follows:

	He	ealthcare	Dea	th Benefit
Actuarial Accrued Liability (a)	\$	993,541	\$	10,921
Actuarial Value of Plan Assets (b)		24,328		-
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (a) – (b)	\$	969,213	\$	10,921
Funded Ratio (b) / (a)		2.4%		0.0%
Covered Payroll (c)	\$	376,317	\$	376,317
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability as a Percentage of				
Covered Payroll ($[(a) - (b)] / (c)$)		258%		3%

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events in the future. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The required schedule of funding progress presented as required supplementary information provides multiyear trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits in force at the valuation date and the pattern of sharing benefit costs between the City and the plan members to that point. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective and employ methods and assumptions that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets.

Significant methods and assumptions were as follows:

	Healthcare	Death Benefit
Actuarial Valuation Date	1/1/2013	1/1/2013
Actuarial Cost Method	Unit Credit	Unit Credit
Amortization Method	Open, Level Dollar	Open, Level Dollar
Remaining Amortization Period	30	30
Asset Valuation Method	Market Value	Market Value
Actuarial Assumptions:		
Investment Rate of Return	4.1%	4.1%
Healthcare Cost Trend Rate	7.5% Initial,	N/A
	5% Ultimate (in 2021)	N/A
Healthcare Inflation Rate	3%	N/A

(continued)

K. 2. DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The City's Deferred Compensation Plan is administered by two trustees: International City Management Association Retirement Corporation (ICMARC) and Nationwide Retirement Solutions. In 1997, the City implemented the requirements of GASB Statement No. 32, *Accounting and Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans*. In accordance with this statement and recent tax law changes, the City amended its trust agreements, which establish that all assets and income of the trust are for the exclusive benefit of eligible employees and their beneficiaries. Due to the implementation of these changes, the City does not have any fiduciary responsibility or administrative duties relating to the deferred compensation plan other than remitting employees' contributions to the trustees. Accordingly, the City has not presented the assets and liabilities from the Deferred Compensation Plan in these basic financial statements. Deferred compensation investments are held by outside trustees. The City's Deferred Compensation Plan in these basic financial statements, or a combination of these. The City's Deferred Compensation Plan, available to all permanent City employees, permits them to defer until future years up to \$17.5. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency.

NOTE L: COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The City has executed a long-term supply agreement with Tarrant Regional Water District (District) for all of its raw water needs whereby the City makes monthly payments to fund its water purchases. The fiscal year 2013 payments to the District under the agreement were \$61,590. Future payments will be a direct result of future water usage.

The City is subject to extensive and rapidly changing Federal and State environmental regulations governing wastewater discharges, solid and hazardous waste management, and site remediation and restoration activities. The City's policy is to accrue environmental and related remediation costs when it is probable that a liability has been incurred and the amount can be reasonably estimated. As discussed in Note G.4., as of September 30, 2013, the City has recorded a pollution remediation liability of \$3,409 in accordance with GASB Statement No. 49, *Reporting for Pollution Remediation Obligations*. No other liabilities have been specifically identified and no such costs have been accrued other than those disclosed.

The City has received Federal and State financial assistance in the form of grants and entitlements that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could result in requests for reimbursement by the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements. In the opinion of City management, such disallowances, if any, will not be significant.

The City has significant construction commitments at September 30, 2013, composed of the following:

	Project Authorization	Se	Expended to ptember 30, 2013	Committed			
Governmental							
Activities							
Capital Assets	\$ 2,776,068	\$	2,225,245	\$	550,823		
Water and Sewer	2,345,095		2,092,635		252,460		
Stormwater Utility	 171,642		94,950		76,692		
Total	\$ 5,292,805	\$	4,412,830	\$	879,975		

(continued)

Various other claims and lawsuits are pending against the City. At September 30, 2013, the City had potential losses from pending litigation that are reasonably possible totaling \$1,333 that have not been recorded. At September 30, 2013, the City recorded liabilities of \$39,707 for probable judgments and claims.

NOTE M: CONDENSED FINANCIAL INFORMATION FOR COMPONENT UNITS AND NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

M.1. COMPONENT UNITS

Taxing Increment Reinvestment Zone No. 3 (TIRZ #3), No. 3A (TIRZ #3A), No. 4 (TIRZ #4), No. 8 (TIRZ #8), and No. 9 (TIRZ #9) are the significant discretely presented component units. Fort Worth Public Improvement Districts No. 1, No. 6, No. 7, No. 8, No. 11, No. 12, No. 14 and No. 15, and Taxing Increment Reinvestment Zones No. 2A, 2B, 6, 7, 7A, 9A, 10, 10A, 12, and 13 are not significant discretely presented component units and are all included in the "Other" category.

Condensed financial information for all component units is presented below:

Condensed Schedule of Net Position:	
-------------------------------------	--

]	ΓIRZ #3	TIRZ #3A	 TIRZ #4		TIRZ #8		TIRZ #9	OTHER		Т	OTAL
Current Assets	\$	5,189	\$ 4,883	\$ 7,767	\$	8,707	\$	9	\$	3,549	\$	30,104
Receivables		3	3	12		8		-		323		349
Liabilities		(21)	 	 (114)				(50,933)		(1,275)		(52,343)
Total Net Position	\$	5,171	\$ 4,886	\$ 7,665	\$	8,715	\$	(50,924)	\$	2,597	\$	(21,890)

Condensed Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position:

	1	ГIRZ #3	ГIRZ #3A	TIRZ #4	,	TIRZ #8	 TIRZ #9	Ő	THER	Т	OTAL
Revenues	\$	4,369	\$ 654	\$ 6,971	\$	2,705	\$ 2,706	\$	9,417	\$	26,822
Expenses		3,516	 	 11,926		2,659	 30,982		9,044		58,127
Change in Net Position		853	654	(4,955)		46	(28,276)		373		(31,305)
Total Net Position, Beginning		4,318	 4,232	 12,620		8,669	 (22,648)		2,224		9,415
Total Net Position, Ending	\$	5,171	\$ 4,886	\$ 7,665	\$	8,715	\$ (50,924)	\$	2,597	\$	(21,890)

(continued)

M.2. NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Condensed financial information for the City's nonmajor enterprise funds is presented below:

	Municipal Airports <u>Fund</u>	Par	icipal king und	ınicipal Golf <u>Fund</u>	1	Solid Waste <u>Fund</u>	En	Total onmajor terprise <u>Funds</u>
Condensed Schedule of Net Position								
Assets								
Current Assets	\$ 86,351	\$	811	\$ 160	\$	36,075	\$	123,397
Other Assets	46,492		4,794	2,063		15,782		69,131
Capital Assets	175,815		52,064	 5,050		18,103		251,032
Total Assets	308,658		57,669	 7,273		69,960		443,560
Liabilities								
Due to Other Funds	-		-	200		-		200
Other Current Liabilities	85,847		2,224	653		8,334		97,058
Advances from Other Funds	-		-	7,996		-		7,996
Other Noncurrent Liabilities	1,540	2	6,891	4,762		13,829		67,022
Total Liabilities	87,387	4	19,115	 13,611		22,163		172,276
Deferred Inflows	-		-	-		4,569		4,569
Net Position								
Net Investment in Capital Assets	172,488		5,413	2,638		12,883		193,422
Restricted	13		346	676		416		1,451
Unrestricted	48,770		2,795	(9,652)		29,929		71,842
Total Net Position	\$ 221,271	\$	8,554	\$ (6,338)	\$	43,228	\$	266,715
Condensed Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position	n			 				
Operating Revenues	\$ 5,413	\$	7,106	\$ 4,579	\$	56,229	\$	73,327
Depreciation Expense	9,612		1,446	555		1,026		12,639
Other Operating Expenses	6,826		2,891	4,963		47,669		62,349
Operating Income (Loss)	(11,025)		2,769	 (939)		7,534		(1,661)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):								
Investment Income	811		11	4		96		922
Interest and Service Charges	-		(2,286)	(95)		(232)		(2,613)
Gas Leases and Royalties	11,385		-	444		-		11,829
Other Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	(2,330)		2	(111)		24		(2,415)
Capital Contributions	16,034		-	35		29		16,098
Transfers In	-		165	143		-		308
Transfers Out	(822)		(147)	(62)		(5,943)		(6,974)
Change in Net Position	14,053		514	(581)		1,508		15,494
Beginning Net Position	207,218		8,040	(5,757)		41,720		251,221
Ending Net Position (Deficit)	\$ 221,271	\$	8,554	\$ (6,338)	\$	43,228	\$	266,715
Condensed Schedule of Cash Flows Net Cash Provided (Used) by:				 				
Operating Activities	\$ 9,620	\$	3,952	\$ (394)	\$	10,428	\$	23,606
Noncapital Financing Activities	2,871		18	964		(5,943)		(2,090)
Capital and Related Financing Activities	(1,927)		(7,016)	(839)		(1,895)		(11,677)
Investing Activities	(9,676)		11	4		90		(9,571)
Net Increase (Decrease)	888		(3,035)	 (265)		2,680	_	268
Beginning Cash and Cash Equivalents	109,279		7,651	2,321		32,178		151,429
Ending Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 110,167	\$	4,616	\$ 2,056	\$	34,858	\$	151,697

(continued)

NOTE N: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The City drew down the thirty fifth (October 31, 2013), thirty sixth (November 21, 2013), thirty seventh (January 13, 2014) and thirty eighth (February 27, 2014) installments of the Water and Sewer System Revenue Bonds, Series 2010A, totaling \$1,350. See Note G for interest and maturity date information.

On October 22, 2013, the City issued Combination TX and Revenue Certificates of Obligation Bonds, Series 2013C for the amount of \$19,270 to be used for the acquisition of the James Avenue Maintenance Facility currently leased by the City from Service Center Relocation (an LGC acting on behalf of the City) and to pay associated issuance costs.

On March 4, 2014, the City issued Water & Sewer System Revenue Refunding and Improvement Bonds, Series 2014 for the amount of \$171,415 to be used to fund projects in the Water and Wastewater Capital Improvement Program and to refund selected outstanding obligations.

The City adopted certain changes to the pension plan applicable to police and general employees that reduce certain benefits for future service of current employees and eliminate certain plan provisions for future employees. Concurrent with these changes, employees who had previously selected the ad hoc COLA were given the opportunity to select back into a standard COLA provision. These actions became the subject of certain lawsuits with the plan and employee groups. Because of the uncertainty of the outcome of the employee selections and the litigation, and because these changes were made to be effective as of October 1, 2013, the changes were not reflected in the January 1, 2013 pension actuarial study, but will be reflected in future studies.

NOTE O: NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

In March 2012, GASB issued Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*. This Statement establishes accounting and financial reporting standards that reclassify, as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities and recognizes, as outflows of resources or inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities. This Statement also provides other financial reporting guidance related to the impact of the financial statement elements deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, such as changes in the determination of the major fund calculations and limiting the use of the term *deferred* in financial statement presentations. This Statement is effective for the City's financial periods beginning October 1, 2013.

In March 2012, GASB issued Statement No. 66, *Technical Corrections – 2012, an amendment of GASB Statements No. 10 and No. 62.* The objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting for a governmental financial reporting entity by resolving conflicting guidance that resulted from the issuance of two pronouncements, Statements No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions,* and No. 62, *Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements.* This Statement amends Statement No. 10, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues,* by removing the provision that limits fund-based reporting of an entity's risk financing activities to the general fund and the internal service fund type. As a result, governments should base their decisions about fund type classification on the nature of the activity to be reported, as required in Statement 54 and Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements—and Management's Discussion and Analysis—for State and Local Governments.* This Statement also amends Statement No. 62 by modifying the specific guidance on accounting for (1) operating lease payments that vary from a straight-line basis, (2) the difference between the initial investment (purchase price) and the principal amount of a purchased loan or group of loans, and (3) servicing fees related to mortgage loans that are sold when the stated service fee rate differs significantly from a current (normal) servicing fee rate. These changes clarify how to apply Statement No. 13,

(continued)

Accounting for Operating Leases with Scheduled Rent Increases, and result in guidance that is consistent with the requirements in Statement No. 48, Sales and Pledges of Receivables and Future Revenues and Intra-Entity Transfers of Assets and Future Revenues, respectively. This Statement is effective for the City's financial periods beginning October 1, 2013.

In June 2012, GASB issued Statement 67, *Financial Reporting for Pension Plans*. This Statement replaces the requirements of Statement No. 25, *Financial Reporting for Defined Benefit Pension Plans and Note Disclosures for Defined Contribution Plans*, and Statement No. 50 as they relate to pension plans that are administered through trusts or similar arrangements meeting certain criteria. The Statement builds upon the existing framework for financial reports of defined benefit pension plans, which includes a statement of fiduciary net position (the amount held in a trust for paying retirement benefits) and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position. Statement No. 67 enhances note disclosures and RSI for both defined benefit and defined contribution pension plans. Statement No. 67 also requires the presentation of new information about annual money-weighted rates of return in the notes to the financial statements and in 10-year RSI schedules. This Statement is effective for the City's financial periods beginning October 1, 2013.

In June 2012, GASB issued Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*. This Statement replaces the requirements of Statement No. 27, *Accounting for Pensions by State and Local Governmental Employers*, and Statement No. 50, *Pension Disclosures*, as they relate to governments that provide pensions through pension plans administered as trusts or similar arrangements that meet certain criteria. Statement No. 68 requires governments providing defined benefit pensions to recognize their long-term obligation for pension benefits as a liability for the first time, and to more comprehensively and comparably measure the annual costs of pension benefits. The Statement also enhances accountability and transparency through revised and new note disclosures and required supplementary information (RSI). This Statement is effective for the City's financial periods beginning October 1, 2014.

In January 2013, GASB issued Statement No. 69, *Government Combinations and Disposals of Government Operations*. The objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting for U.S. state and local governments' combinations and disposals of government operations. Government combinations include mergers, acquisitions, and transfers of operations. A disposal of government operations can occur through a transfer to another government or a sale. The new standard provides guidance for:

- Determining whether a specific government combination is a government merger, a government acquisition, or a transfer of operations;
- Using carrying values (generally, the amounts recognized in the pre-combination financial statements of the combining governments or operations) to measure the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources combined in a government merger or transfer of operations;
- Measuring acquired assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources based upon their acquisition values in a government acquisition; and
- Reporting the disposal of government operations that have been transferred or sold.

This Statement is effective for the City's financial periods beginning October 1, 2014.

In April 2013, GASB issued Statement No. 70, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Financial Guarantees*. The objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments that extend and receive nonexchange financial guarantees. This Statement requires a government that extends a nonexchange financial guarantee to recognize a liability when qualitative factors and historical data, if any, indicate that it is more likely than not that the government will be required to make a payment on the guarantee. This liability should be reported until legally released as an obligor. This Statement also requires a

(continued)

government that is required to repay a guarantor for making a payment on a guaranteed obligation or legally assuming the guaranteed obligation to continue to recognize a liability until legally released as an obligor. When released as an obligor, the government should recognize revenue as a result of being relieved of the obligation. This Statement also provides additional guidance for intra-entity nonexchange financial guarantees involving blended component units by specifying the information required to be disclosed by governments that extend nonexchange financial guarantee as well as new information to be disclosed by governments that receive nonexchange financial guarantees. This Statement is effective for the City's financial periods beginning October 1, 2013, with earlier application being encouraged. Management has not determined what impact, if any, this GASB statement might have on its financial statements.

In November 2013, GASB issued Statement No. 71, *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date.* The objective of this Statement is to address an issue regarding application of the transition provisions of Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions.* The issue relates to amounts associated with contributions, if any, made by a state or local government employer or non-employer contributing entity to a defined benefit pension plan after the measurement date of the government's beginning net pension liability. This Statement amends Statement 68 to require that, at transition, a government recognize a beginning deferred outflow of resources for its pension contributions, if any, made subsequent to the measurement date of the beginning net pension liability. Statement 68, as amended, continues to require that beginning balances for other deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions be reported at transition only if it is practical to determine *all* such amounts. This Statement is effective for the City's financial periods beginning October 1, 2014.

The City has not finalized its determination of the effect that the implementation of these new accounting standards will have on the City's financial statements or disclosures, as of the date of this report.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)



CITY OF FORT WORTH, TEXAS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION GENERAL FUND - BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013 (in 000's)

(Unaudited)

		Budgeted	Ame	nunte	Budgetary Basis		Variance wit Final Budget Positive	
	(Duugeteu Driginal		Final		Actual		legative)
Revenues and Other Financing Sources:		8						0 /
Revenues:								
General Property Taxes	\$	289,297	\$	289,297	\$	287,112	\$	(2,18
Sales Taxes		108,798		108,798		118,646		9,848
Other Local Taxes		8,008		8,008		8,566		55
Charges for Services		23,888		23,888		25,835		1,94
Licenses and Permits		46,965		46,965		47,659		69
Fines and Forfeitures		19,150		19,750		18,228		(1,52
Revenue from Use of Money and Property		3,657		3,657		4,146		48
Intergovernmental		1,255		1,255		769		(48
Other		253		1,252		3,381		2,12
Total Revenue		501,271		502,870		514,342		11,47
Other Financing Sources:								
Transfers In - Other Funds		41,773		43,006		43,715		70
Intrafund Transfer In - Other General		-		317		653		33
Total Other Financing Sources		41,773		43,323		44,368		1,04
Total Revenue and Other Financing Sources		543,044		546,193		558,710		12,51
Expenditures:								
Departmental:								
City Manager		6,720		6,787		6,460		32
Internal Audit		2,608		2,833		2,685		14
City Secretary		1,083		1,123		1,057		6
Legal		5,896		5,913		5,745		16
Financial Management Services		7,265		7,884		7,884		
Human Resources		3,733		4,056		3,594		46
Code Compliance		17,570		17,788		16,733		1,05
Nondepartmental		73,881		74,913		74,203		71
Police		199,788		204,218		204,218		
Fire		121,322		121,782		119,511		2,27
Municipal Court		17,239		17,944		16,800		1,14
Transportation and Public Works		48,099		51,699		45,743		5,95
Parks and Community Services		42,858		43,811		42,351		1,46
Public Library		18,516		19,052		19,052		
Planning and Development		12,128		13,650		11,932		1,71
Housing and Economic Development		5,130		5,130		4,950		18
Total Expenditures		583,836		598,583		582,918		15,66
rce / (Use) of Fund Balance	\$	(40,792)	\$	(52,390)	\$	(24,208)	\$	28,18

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

CITY OF FORT WORTH, TEXAS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION GENERAL FUND - BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013 (in 000's) (Unaudited)

Explanation of Differences Between Budgetary Source / (Use) of Fund Balance and GAAP Net Change in Fund Balance

Source / (Use) of Fund Balance (Budgetary Basis)	\$	(24,208)
Differences - Budgetary to GAAP		
Current year non-budgeted activities treated as revenue for financial reporting		
purposes but not as a budgetary inflows.		2,450
Current year non-budgeted transfers treated as other financing sources for financial reporting		
purposes but not as a budgetary inflows.		14,748
Current year non-budgeted debt proceeds treated as other financing sources for financial reporting		
purposes but not as a budgetary inflows.		11,488
Current year non-budgeted activities treated as expenditures for financial reporting		
purposes but not as a budgetary outflows.		(10,797)
Current year non-budgeted transfers treated as other financing uses for financial reporting		
purposes but not as a budgetary outflows.		(771)
Net Change in Fund Balance (GAAP Basis)	\$	(7,090)
	(co	oncluded)
See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information		

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

CITY OF FORT WORTH, TEXAS NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SEPTEMBER 30, 2013 (000's omitted) (Unaudited)

ADOPTED BUDGET

Demonstrating compliance with the adopted budget is an important component of a government's accountability to the public. Many citizens participate in the process of establishing the annual operating budgets of state and local governments, and have a keen interest in following the actual financial progress of their governments over the course of the year. The City and many other governments revise their original budgets over the course of the year for a variety of reasons.

The City adheres to the following procedures in establishing the operating budget:

On or before August 15 of each year, the City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed budget for the fiscal year beginning the following October 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. Public hearings are conducted. The budget is legally enacted by the City Council through passage of appropriation and tax levying ordinances prior to September 30 and is published under a separate cover.

An annual budget, including debt service requirements, is legally adopted for the General Fund on a modified accrual basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Certain revenues, expenditures, other financing sources, administrative costs, indirect costs, and transfers are not budgeted. Therefore a reconciliation is presented on the Budgetary Comparison Schedule to reconcile the Budgetary Basis Source/(Use) of Fund Balance to the GAAP Basis Net Change in Fund Balance. Management control and the legal level of control for the General Fund budget is maintained at the departmental level.

The City Council must approve any transfer of appropriation balances or portions thereof from one department to another. The City Manager has the authority, without City Council approval, to transfer appropriation balances from one expenditure account to another within a single department of the City. Supplemental appropriations of \$14,747 were approved by the City Council. The reported budgetary data includes amendments made during the year. At the close of each fiscal year, any appropriated balance in the General Fund lapses to fund balance.

Budgets for the Grant Special Revenue Fund are established pursuant to the terms of the related Federal and State grant awards and are therefore not considered a legally adopted budget. The Culture and Tourism Fund and the Crime Control and Prevention District Fund are included in the Special Revenue Funds and have legally adopted budgets that are reflected as supplemental information in the Combining Financial Statement section. These budgets must first be approved by the City Council and then is legally enacted by the City Council prior to September 30. For the Crime Control Fund, the Crime Control and Prevention District Board of Directors as well as the City Council must approve any supplement or transfer of appropriation balances or portions thereof from one department to another. At the close of each fiscal year the appropriated balance in both of these Special Revenue funds lapses. The other Special Revenue Funds and the Debt Service Fund do not have legally adopted budgets. Capital Projects have no binding annual budget. Accordingly, no comparison of budget to actual is presented in the financial statements for such funds.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION CITY OF FORT WORTH, TEXAS EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS (Dollars in Thousands) (Unaudited)

Valuation <u>Date</u>	V	Actuarial Value of Assets (AVA)	of Accrued s Liability) <u>(AAL)</u>		A A L	nfunded ctuarial ccrued iability <u>UAAL)</u> (3)–(2)	Funded <u>Ratio</u> (2)/(3)	C	Annual overed Pavroll	UAAL as % of <u>Pavroll</u> (4)/(6)
<u>(1)</u>		<u>(2)</u>		<u>(3)</u>		<u>(4)</u>	<u>(5)</u>		<u>(6)</u>	<u>(7)</u>
1/1/2008	\$	1,821,700	\$	2,059,200	\$	237,500	88.5%	\$	359,300	66.1%
1/1/2009		1,596,300		2,192,100		595,800	72.8%		372,900	159.8%
1/1/2010		1,868,800		2,300,500		431,700	81.2%		368,300	117.2%
1/1/2011		1,894,700		2,473,700		579,000	76.6%		367,600	157.5%
1/1/2012		1,869,700		2,617,900		748,200	71.4%		383,800	194.9%
1/1/2013		1,854,900		2,902,300		1,047,400	63.9%		376,300	278.3%

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION CITY OF FORT WORTH, TEXAS EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS (Dollars in Thousands) (Unaudited)

	1	Annual				
	R	equired	Percentage	Net Pension		
Year Ended	Co	ntribution	Contributed	Oł	oligation	
9/30/2008	\$	70,369	82%	\$	79,986	
9/30/2009		50,266	118%		73,160	
9/30/2010		71,154	92%		80,555	
9/30/2011		60,042	124%		67,955	
9/30/2012		67,652	114%		59,865	
9/30/2013		79,485	98%		63,220	

During fiscal year 2008, the City of Fort Worth passed a new ad-hoc Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) program effective January 1, 2008. All non-vested members as of December 31, 2007, are enrolled in the ad-hoc COLA program. All vested members and retired members were given the opportunity to select whether they wanted to change their current guaranteed 2% COLA to participate in the ad-hoc COLA. Members that did not make a selection were treated as if they chose the current 2% COLA. Members that selected the ad-hoc COLA and non-vested members will have their COLAs determined based on the funding status of the Plan based on the previous year's actuarial valuation. These COLAs are compounded based on the benefit received the previous calendar year and could be 0%, 2%, 3%, or 4%. Retired members that selected the ad-hoc COLA are not included in the calculation of the unfunded actuarial liability until formally approved.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION CITY OF FORT WORTH, TEXAS OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS (Dollars in Thousands) (Unaudited)

Valuation <u>Date</u>	Actuarial Value of Assets <u>(AVA)</u> (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability <u>(AAL)</u> (b)	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) (b - a)	Funded <u>Ratio</u> (a / b)	Annual Covered <u>Payroll</u> (c)	UAAL as % of <u>Payroll</u> ((b - a) / c)
Healthcare	<u>(u)</u>	<u>(0)</u>	<u>(0 u)</u>	<u>(u / 0)</u>	<u>(0)</u>	<u>(() u) / c)</u>
9/30/2008	\$-	\$ 976,135	\$ 976,135	0%	\$ 359,308	272%
12/31/2009	5,000	989,851	984,851	1%	334,726	294%
12/31/2010	15,388	1,055,308	1,039,920	1%	334,726	311%
1/1/2012	16,000	942,238	926,238	2%	383,802	241%
1/1/2013	24,328	993,541	969,213	2%	376,317	258%
Death Benefit						
9/30/2008	\$ -	\$ 10,235	\$ 10,235	0%	\$ 359,308	3%
12/31/2009	-	10,631	10,631	0%	334,726	3%
12/31/2010	161	11,025	10,864	1%	334,726	3%
1/1/2012	-	11,589	11,589	0%	383,802	3%
1/1/2013	-	10,921	10,921	0%	376,317	3%

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION CITY OF FORT WORTH, TEXAS OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS (Dollars in Thousands) (Unaudited)

	Annual Req		Percentage	Net OPEB		
Year Ended	Co	ntribution	Contributed	Obligation		
Healthcare						
9/30/2008	\$	102,562	17%	\$	84,842	
9/30/2009		108,616	20%		171,808	
9/30/2010		103,633	28%		243,174	
9/30/2011		110,705	23%		324,619	
9/30/2012		105,502	28%		394,908	
9/30/2013		98,334	36%		450,860	
Death Benefit						
9/30/2008	\$	872	38%	\$	540	
9/30/2009		924	33%		1,132	
9/30/2010		2,842	10%		3,476	
9/30/2011		984	18%		4,301	
9/30/2012		1,435	16%		5,453	
9/30/2013		943	39%		5,956	

Note: The City first implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 45, *Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*, for the year ended September 30, 2008.

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds

The Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds from specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts, major capital projects, or proprietary funds) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Crime Control and Prevention District Fund is used to promote and enhance the feeling of safety for all citizens in all areas of the City, including neighborhoods, commercial areas, parks and public facilities.

Environmental Management Fund is used to accumulate revenue to pay for any environmental program or service as such services are required by state or federal mandates.

Fort Worth Housing Finance Corporation Fund is used to finance the cost of residential ownership and development of single-family dwellings for persons of low and moderate income. This fund also includes its component unit, Fort Worth Construction Company, LLC, which was organized to administer a proposed low-interest rate program for business development in and around the Stockyards area, in accordance with the Economic Development Administration Block Grant Program.

Fort Worth Local Development Corporation Fund is used to administer a low-interest rate program for business development in and around the stockyards area as well as other City-wide economic development activities.

HUD 108 Loan Fund is used to record various Housing and Urban Development (HUD) Section 108 loans received from HUD to develop economically depressed areas within the City.

Special Projects Fund is used to account for many small projects, which are varied in purpose. Financing for this fund is provided by contributions from various organizations and individuals and is restricted to such projects.

Culture and Tourism Fund is used to account for taxes received from hotel and motel occupancy for the purpose of promoting tourism.

Grants Fund is used to account for grant resources received from various local, state and federal agencies and organizations. The use of these resources is restricted to a particular function of the City by each grantor.

Other Blended Component Units Fund is used to combine Service Center Relocation, Inc. (which was set up to build a new service center for Transportation and Public Works and Equipment Services), Fort Worth Sports Authority (used to purchase the Texas Motor Speedway and spur economic growth), Lone Star Local Development Corporation (used for the construction of a museum, exhibition space, and certain public infrastructure in the vicinity of Cabela's retail facility), Alliance Airport Authority, Inc.(which was created for the promotion and development of new and expanded business enterprises at Alliance Airport and to promote and encourage employment and public welfare) and Central City Local Government Corporation (organized for the purpose of aiding, assisting, and acting on behalf of the City in implementation of project plans for the Magnolia Green Development, including construction of a parking garage to support development).

Other Special Revenue Fund is used to report the financial activity of minor funds whose proceeds of specific revenue sources require separate accounting because of legal or regulatory provisions or administrative action.

The Fort Worth Fund is used to aggregate specific gas well revenues from the Parks and Community land and other governmental owned property for the purpose of establishing a fund that only the residual revenue will be spent for specific purposes.

CITY OF FORT WORTH, TEXAS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2013 (in 000's)

	Special Revenue Funds									
	Pr	ne Control and evention District		onmental agement	E F	rt Worth Iousing 'inance rporation	Fort Worth Local Development Corporation			HUD 8 Loan
ASSETS	.	22 0 40	¢	10	¢	11.000	¢	a 1 40	^	015
Cash, Cash Equivalents, & Investments Cash, Cash Equivalents, & Investments Held by Trustees Receivables, Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles:	\$	22,040	\$	7,710	\$	11,888 -	\$	2,168	\$	915 3,629
Grants and Other Governments		10,074		-		-		-		-
Loans		-		-		19		-		-
Interest		20		13		10		2		1
Accounts and Other		-		374		6		435		-
Inventories (at Cost)		-		-		555		333		-
Prepaids, Deposits, and Other		-		-		19		20		-
Long-Term Loans Receivable		-		-		-		-		744
Total Assets	\$	32,134	\$	8,097	\$	12,497	\$	2,958	\$	5,289
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES										
Liabilities:										
Accounts Payable	\$	1,055	\$	201	\$	19	\$	-	\$	-
Construction Payable		-		15		24		-		-
Escrow Accounts		-		_		1		-		-
Accrued Payroll		680		49		3		-		-
Accrued Interest		-		18		-		-		-
Other		-		-		71		-		-
Unearned Revenue		-		-		19		-		-
Unavailable Revenue		-		-		-		-		-
Total Liabilities		1,735		283		137		-		-
Fund Balances (Deficit):										
Nonspendable		-		-		574		353		744
Restricted		24,140		5,115		359		-		-
Committed		7,224		1,040		-		-		84
Assigned		-		1,659		11,427		2,605		4,461
Unassigned		(965)		-		-		-		-
Total Fund Balances		30,399		7,814		12,360		2,958		5,289
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	32,134	\$	8,097	\$	12,497	\$	2,958	\$	5,289
	_	,			_	, .	_	, -	_	,

					Special Rev	enue H	unds						
	Special Projects	Culture and Tourism				Other Blended Component Units		Other Special Revenue		The Fort Worth Fund		Gov	Total onmajor ernmental Funds
\$	24,206 10,357	\$	14,481	\$	22,370 1,475	\$	3,645	\$	6,047 21	\$	248 19,025	\$	115,718 34,507
	-		-		17,209 5,804		-		-		-		27,283 5,823
	17 205		29 1,788		9		- 385		13		22 342		136 3,535
	-		-		-		-		-		-		888 39
\$	34,785	\$	- 16,298	\$	11,738 58,605	\$	4,030	\$	6,081	\$	- 19,637	\$	12,482 200,411
\$	103 768	\$	1,617	\$	27	\$	95	\$	2,604	\$	-	\$	5,721
	203		520		5,816 71		-		- 7		-		6,623 802
	203 17		212		231		-		61		-		1,253
	-				-		471		-		-		489
	-		-		-		-		-		-		71
	-		1,164		38,764		-		-		-		39,947
	-		-		12,370		-		-		-		12,370
	1,091		3,513		57,279		566		2,672	_	-		67,276
	-		-		-		-		-		-		1,671
	23,882		-		4,081		-		2,013		-		59,590
	2,326		3,170		75		1,012		431		19,247		34,609
	7,486		9,615		-		2,452		965		390		41,060
	-		12,785		(2,830)		-		2 400		-		(3,795)
\$	33,694 34,785	\$	12,785	\$	1,326 58,605	\$	3,464 4,030	\$	3,409 6,081	\$	19,637 19,637	\$	133,135 200,411
φ	54,705	φ	10,298	¢	38,003	ą	4,030	φ	0,001	¢	19,037	ę	200,411

CITY OF FORT WORTH, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

(in 000's)

			Sp	ecial Revenue Funds						
Deserves	Pr	ne Control and evention District	Environmental Management	Fort Worth Housing Finance Corporation	Fort Worth Local Development Corporation	HUD 108 Loan				
Revenues: Sales Tax	\$	54,574	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -				
	2	54,574	ф -	\$ -	ф -	ф -				
Other Local Taxes		-	-	-	-	-				
Charges for Services		-	4,130	-	-	-				
Fines and Forfeitures		-	-	-	-	-				
Revenue from Use of Money and Property		-	2	2,263	35	201				
Investment Income		63	25	29	6	3				
Intergovernmental		3,910	-	24	-	-				
Gas Leases and Royalties		-	-	31	337	-				
Other Revenue		520	26	134	756	-				
Contributions		-	-	-						
Total Revenue		59,067	4,183	2,481	1,134	204				
Expenditures:										
Current:										
General Administration		-	-	-	-	-				
Public Safety		38,226	-	-	-	-				
Transportation and Public Works		-	3,516	-	-	-				
Parks and Community Services		1,036	-	-	-	-				
Public Library		-	-	-	-	-				
Public Events and Facilities		-	-	-	-	-				
Planning and Development		-	-	-	-	-				
Housing		-	-	1,767	900	-				
Capital Outlay		2,612	40	40	-	-				
Debt Service:										
Principal Retirement		46	312	9,073	-	752				
Interest and Service Charges		69	30	884	-	261				
Total Expenditures		41,989	3.898	11.764	900	1.013				
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over		,	- ,	,						
(Under) Expenditures		17,078	285	(9,283)	234	(809)				
Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
Proceeds from Loans		-	-	-	-	-				
Proceeds from Disposal of Property		52		8,913						
Transfers In		120	373	134		735				
Transfers Out		(8,205)	(496)	(1)	(134)	-				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(8,033)	(123)	9,046	(134)	735				
Net Change in Fund Balances		9.045	162	(237)	100	(74)				
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year		21,354	7,652	12,597	2,858	5,363				
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	30,399	\$ 7,814	\$ 12,360	\$ 2,958	\$ 5,289				
Fund Datances, End Of Tear	¢	30,399	φ /,814	φ 12,300	φ 2,938	φ <i>3,289</i>				

		Special Re	evenue Funds			
pecial rojects	Culture & Tourism	Grants	Other Blended Component Units	Other Special Revenue	The Fort Worth Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 54,574
-	26,996	-	-	-	-	26,996
1,334	-	-	-	-	-	5,464
873	-	-	-	9,140	-	10,013
260	10,813	149	3,483	-	-	17,206
62	72	39	3	29	222	553
2,374	-	47,636	269	-	-	54,213
-	-	-	127	-	3,306	3,801
1,630	7	1	-	4	-	3,078
3,273	-	31	3,715	-	-	7,019
 9,806	37,888	47,856	7,597	9,173	3,528	182,917
219		2,277				2,496
1,465	_	6,003	_	-	-	45,694
1,405	-	2,172	-	10,002	-	16,727
625		11,582	-	10,002	3	13,246
	_	20	_	_	5	20
1	30,527	-		-		30,528
1	50,527	339	208	-		547
335		11,063	422	_	19	14,506
734	76	18,684	2,527	17	-	24,730
-	-	-	1,150	-	-	11,333
 -	-		1,803	-	-	3,047
4,416	30,603	52,140	6,110	10,019	22	162,874
5,390	7,285	(4,284)	1,487	(846)	3,506	20,043
10,955	-	-	-	-	-	10,955
3	-	-	-	-	-	8,968
190	-	2,099	-	11	-	3,662
(7,708)	(9,816)	(792)	-	(426)	(93)	(27,671)
3,440	(9,816)	1,307	-	(415)	(93)	(4,086)
8,830	(2,531)	(2,977)	1,487	(1,261)	3,413	15,957
 24,864	15,316	4,303	1,977	4,670	16,224	117,178
\$ 33,694	\$ 12,785	\$ 1,326	\$ 3,464	\$ 3,409	\$ 19,637	\$ 133,135

CITY OF FORT WORTH, TEXAS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - OTHER BLENDED COMPONENT UNITS **SEPTEMBER 30, 2013**

(in 000's)

					S	pecial Reven	ue Fund	S				
	Co Reloca	rvice enter ation, Inc. es Street)	S	t Worth ports thority	Dev	ne Star Local elopment poration	L Gove	ral City Local ernment poration	А	lliance .irport 1thority	B Co	Total Other Blended mponent Units
ASSETS												
Cash, Cash Equivalents & Investments	\$	-	\$	92	\$	472	\$	635	\$	2,446	\$	3,645
Receivables:												
Accounts and Other		-		385		-		-		-		385
Total Assets	\$	-	\$	477	\$	472	\$	635	\$	2,446	\$	4,030
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES												
Liabilities:												
Accounts Payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3	\$	92	\$	95
Accrued Interest		-		-		471		-		-		471
Total Liabilities		-		-		471		3		92		566
Fund Balances:												
Assigned		-		477		1		632		2,354		3,464
Total Fund Balance		-		477		1		632		2,354		3,464
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	-	\$	477	\$	472	\$	635	\$	2,446	\$	4,030

CITY OF FORT WORTH, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - OTHER BLENDED COMPONENT UNITS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013 (in 000's)

			Special Rev	enue Funds		
	Service Center Relocation, Inc. (James Street)	Fort Worth Sports Authority	Lone Star Local Government Corporation	Central City Local Government Corporation	Alliance Airport Authority	Total Other Blended Component Units
Revenues:						
Revenue from Use of Money and Property	\$ 1,432	\$ 70	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,981	\$ 3,483
Investment Income	-	1	-	2	-	3
Intergovernmental	-	269	-	-	-	269
Gas Leases and Royalties	-	-	-	1	126	127
Contributions	-	115	471	3,129		3,715
Total Revenue	1,432	455	471	3,132	2,107	7,597
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Planning and Development	-	-	-	-	208	208
Housing	-	358	-	64	-	422
Capital Outlay	-	-	-	2,527	-	2,527
Debt Service:						
Principal Retirement	535	90	-	525	-	1,150
Interest and Service Charges	897	-	884	22	-	1,803
Total Expenditures	1,432	448	884	3,138	208	6,110
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	7	(413)	(6)	1,899	1,487
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	-	470	414	638	455	1,977
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ -	\$ 477	\$ 1	\$ 632	\$ 2,354	\$ 3,464

CITY OF FORT WORTH, TEXAS BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE CRIME CONTROL AND PREVENTION DISTRICT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013 (in 000's)

		Budgeted	Amou	ints		Final	ance with Budget ositive
	Original		Final		Actual	(Ne	egative)
Revenues and Other Financing Sources:							
Revenues:							
Sales Taxes	\$	49,796	\$	49,796	\$ 54,574	\$	4,778
Use of Money and Property		331		331	115		(216)
Intergovernmental		3,917		3,917	3,910		(7)
Other		668		668	520		(148)
Total Revenue		54,712		54,712	59,119		4,407
Other Financing Sources:							
Transfers in		-		-	120		120
Total Other Financing Sources		-		-	 120		120
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources		54,712		54,712	 59,239		4,527
Expenditures:							
Department:							
Police		53,483		60,443	49,158		11,285
Parks and Community Services		1,229		1,229	 1,036		193
Total Expenditures		54,712		61,672	 50,194		11,478
Source / (Use) of Fund Balance	\$	_	\$	(6,960)	\$ 9,045	\$	16,005

CITY OF FORT WORTH, TEXAS BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE CULTURE AND TOURISM FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013 (in 000's)

	<u> </u>	Budgeted Driginal	Amo	unts Final	 Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:								
Other Local Taxes	\$	24,364	\$	24,364	\$ 26,996	\$	2,632	
Revenue from Use of Money and Property		9,094		9,094	10,885		1,791	
Other		-		-	 7		7	
Total Revenues		33,458		33,458	 37,888		4,430	
Expenditures:								
Department:								
Public Events and Facilities		33,458		44,044	 40,419		3,625	
Total Expenditures		33,458		44,044	 40,419		3,625	
Source / (Use) of Fund Balance	\$	-	\$	(10,586)	\$ (2,531)	\$	8,055	



Nonmajor Enterprise Funds

Nonmajor Enterprise Funds are used to account for the acquisition, operation, and maintenance of governmental facilities and services, which are entirely or predominantly self-supported by user charges. The operations of Proprietary Funds are accounted for in such manner as to show a profit or loss similar to comparable private enterprises.

Municipal Airports Fund

The Municipal Airports Fund is used to account for the Meacham, Spinks (South Fort Worth) and Alliance (North Fort Worth) Airport operations, and proceeds from the sale of Great Southwest International Airport. Revenues are derived principally from hangar and terminal building rental, landing fees and fuel surcharges.

Municipal Parking Fund

The Municipal Parking Fund is used to account for the operation of the Equestrian Center garage, a six story municipal parking garage, Convention Center parking garage, Houston Street parking garage, Western Heritage parking garage and several surface lots located in the downtown area. The fund's operations are financed by parking and office space rentals and concession fees.

Municipal Golf Fund

The Municipal Golf Fund is used to account for the operation of five municipal golf courses. The fund's operations are financed by course fees, golf equipment rentals and merchandise and concession sales to the public. The City resumed management of the Z Boaz and Rockwood golf courses in 1998. During April 2012, the City elected to close the Z Boaz golf course and convert the land to a municipal park.

Solid Waste Fund

The Solid Waste Fund is used to account for solid waste services provided to the residents of the City. The fund's operations are financed by trash collection utility fees and cart rentals.

CITY OF FORT WORTH, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2013 (in 000's)

(11 000 3)	Municipal Airports		Municipal Parking		Municipal Golf		Solid Waste		Eı	Total onmajor nterprise Funds
ASSETS										
Current Assets:										
Cash, Cash Equivalents, & Investments	\$	2,357	\$	675	\$	4	\$	28,774	\$	31,810
Interest Receivable		7		1		-		45		53
Accounts and Other Receivables,										
Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles		2,015		135		32		6,415		8,597
Inventories (at Cost)		-		-		120		-		120
Prepaids, Deposits, and Other		-		-		4		-		4
Restricted Assets:										
Cash & Cash Equivalents	8	81,972		-		-		841		82,813
Total Current Assets		86,351		811		160		36,075		123,397
Noncurrent Assets:										
Restricted Assets:										
Cash & Cash Equivalents	1	19,328		3,941		2,052		2,384		27,705
Cash, Cash Equivalents, & Investments										
Held by Trustees	1	17,079		-		-		2,859		19,938
Interest Receivable		99		13		3		1		116
Total Restricted Assets		36,506		3,954		2,055		5,244		47,759
Advances to Other Funds		9,986		-		-		10,523		20,509
Capitalized Bond Issue Costs		-		840		8		15		863
Capital Assets (at Cost)										
Land	4	56,597		1,561		356		5,695		64,209
Buildings		12,125		48,944		1,523		2,777		65,369
Improvements Other than Buildings		06,358		1,802		10,047		17,260		235,467
Machinery and Equipment		3,815		748		2,054		3,517		10,134
Construction in Progress		37,491		5,918		1,347		41		44,797
Accumulated Depreciation		40,571)		(6,909)		(10,277)		(11,187)		(168,944)
Net Capital Assets		75,815		52,064		5,050		18,103		251,032
Total Noncurrent Assets		22,307		56,858		7,113	-	33,885		320,163
Total Assets		08,658		57,669		7,273	-	69,960		443,560
									(c	ontinued)

(continued)

CITY OF FORT WORTH, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2013 (in 000's)

(11 000 3)	Municipal Airports			ınicipal arking	М	unicipal Golf		Solid Waste	Eı	Total onmajor nterprise Funds
LIABILITIES										
Current Liabilities:										
Accounts Payable	\$	174	\$	251	\$	125	\$	6,624	\$	7,174
Accrued Payroll		44		19		66		130		259
Due to Other Funds		-		-		200		-		200
Unearned Revenue		252		-		-		-		252
Construction Payable		3,327		216		202		-		3,745
Current Portion of Long-Term										
Liabilities		78		1,524		253		721		2,576
Accrued Interest Payable		-		214		7		18		239
Payable from Restricted Assets:										
Customer Deposits		33		-		-		841		874
Unearned Revenue		81,939		-		-		-		81,939
Total Current Liabilities		85,847		2,224		853		8,334		97,258
Long-Term Liabilities:										
Advances from Other Funds		-		-		7,996		-		7,996
Long-Term Liabilities Due in More										
Than One Year		1,540		46,891		4,762		13,829		67,022
Total Long-Term Liabilities		1,540		46,891		12,758		13,829		75,018
Total Liabilities		87,387		49,115		13,611		22,163		172,276
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Service Concession										
Arrangement Receipts		-		-		-		4,569		4,569
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		-		-		-		4,569		4,569
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)										
Net Investment in Capital Assets		172,488		5,413		2,638		12,883		193,422
Restricted for:		,		0,110		-,000		12,000		
Debt Service		13		346		676		416		1,451
Unrestricted		48,770		2,795		(9,652)		29,929		71,842
Total Net Position (Deficit)	\$	221.271	\$	8,554	\$	(6,338)	\$	43,228	\$	266,715
	¥	,,1	Ψ	0,00 1	Ψ	(0,000)	Ψ	13,220		oncluded)
										menuded)



CITY OF FORT WORTH, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013 (in 000's)

	Municipal Airports		Municipal Parking		Municipal Golf		Solid Waste		Eı	Total onmajor nterprise Funds
OPERATING REVENUES										
Charges for Services	\$ 4,6	52	\$	7,105	\$	3,859	\$	50,344	\$	65,970
Other	7.	51		1		720		5,885		7,357
Total Operating Revenues	5,4	13		7,106		4,579		56,229		73,327
OPERATING EXPENSES										
Personnel Services	1,7	52		737		2,766		5,681		10,946
Supplies and Materials	1	92		116		838		1,320		2,466
Contractual Services	4,8	72		2,038		1,359		40,350		48,619
Landfill Closure and Postclosure Cost		-		-		-		318		318
Depreciation	9,6	12		1,446		555		1,026		12,639
Total Operating Expenses	16,4	38		4,337		5,518		48,695		74,988
Operating Income (Loss)	(11,02	25)		2,769		(939)		7,534		(1,661)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSE	S)									
Investment Income	8	11		11		4		96		922
Gain (Loss) on Sale of Equipment	(2,3)	30)		2		(1)		24		(2,305)
Interest and Service Charges		-		(2,286)		(95)		(232)		(2,613)
Gas Leases and Royalties	11,3	85		-		444		-		11,829
Other Expense		-		-		(110)		-		(110)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	9,8	56		(2,273)		242		(112)		7,723
Income (Loss) Before Transfers										
and Contributions	(1,1)	59)		496		(697)		7,422		6,062
Transfers In		-		165		143		-		308
Transfers Out	(8)	22)		(147)		(62)		(5,943)		(6,974)
Capital Contributions	16,0			-		35		29		16,098
Change in Net Position (Deficit)	14,0			514		(581)		1,508		15,494
Total Net Position, Beginning of Year	207,2			8,040		(5,757)		41,720		251,221
Total Net Position (Deficit), End of Year	\$ 221,2		\$	8,554	\$	(6,338)	\$	43,228	\$	266,715

CITY OF FORT WORTH, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013 (in 000's)

	Municipal Municipal Airports Parking		Municipal Golf	Solid Waste	Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:					
Receipts from Customers	\$ 4,439	\$ 6,996	\$ 3,899	\$ 48,429	\$ 63,763
Receipts from Other Operating Sources	751	1	13	5,885	6,650
Receipts from Gas Leases and Royalties	11,385	-	444	-	11,829
Payments to Employees	(1,604)	(654)	(2,509)	(5,102)	(9,869)
Payments to Suppliers	(192)	(116)	(850)	(1,320)	(2,478)
Payments for Contractual Services	(5,159)	(2,275)	(1,391)	(37,464)	(46,289)
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	9,620	3,952	(394)	10,428	23,606
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:					
Transfers In from Other Funds	-	165	143	-	308
Receipts from (Repayments to) Other Funds	13,679	-	(7,113)	-	6,566
Advances from Other Funds	-	-	7,996	-	7,996
Transfers Out to Other Funds	(822)	(147)	(62)	(5,943)	(6,974)
Advances to Other Funds	(9,986)	-	-	-	(9,986)
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Noncapital Financing	(-) /				(-) /
Activities	2,871	18	964	(5,943)	(2,090)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:					
Proceeds from Sale of Machinery and Equipment	-	2	24	24	50
Contributions	15,881	-	35		15,916
Acquisition and Construction of Property, Plant,	,				,
and Equipment	(17,808)	(3,393)	(663)	(498)	(22,362)
Principal Paid on Long-Term Debt	(17,000)	(1,005)	. ,	(1,185)	(2,330)
Interest Paid on Long-Term Obligations	-	(2,620)		(236)	(2,951)
Net Cash Used for Capital and		(2,020)	(55)	(230)	(2,)51)
Related Financing Activities	(1,927)	(7,016)	(839)	(1,895)	(11,677)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:					
Purchases of Investments	(10,389)	_		-	(10,389)
Sales of Investments	(10,389)	-	-	-	(10,389)
Investment Income Received	704	11	4	90	809
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	(9,676)	11	4	90	(9,571)
net cash i tovided by investing Activities	(9,070)	11	4		(7,371)
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents	888	(3,035)		2,680	268
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	109,279	7,651	2,321	32,178	151,429
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$ 110,167	\$ 4,616	\$ 2,056	\$ 34,858	\$ 151,697
					(continued)

CITY OF FORT WORTH, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013 (in 000's)

(in 000's) Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:		Municipal Airports		Municipal Parking		Municipal Golf		Solid Waste	Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	
		•								
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(11,025)	\$	2,769	\$	(939)	\$	7,534	\$	(1,661)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to										
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:										
Depreciation		9,612		1,446		555		1,026		12,639
Gas Leases and Royalties Receipts		11,385		-		444		-		11,829
Other Payments		-		-		(707)		-		(707)
Change in Assets and Liabilities:										
Accounts and Other Receivables		(220)		(109)		39		(1,019)		(1,309)
Inventories		-		-		(12)		-		(12)
Prepaids, Deposits, and Other Assets		-		-		1		-		1
Accounts Payable		(287)		(237)		(32)		2,886		2,330
Accrued Compensation		158		83		257		579		1,077
Customer Deposits		(3)		-				65		62
Unearned Revenue		-		_		_		(961)		(961)
Landfill Closure Costs		-		_		_		318		318
Total Adjustments		20,645		1,183		545		2,894		25,267
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	\$	9,620	\$	3,952	\$	(394)	\$	10,428	\$	23,606
The Cash and Cash Equivalents are reported in the State	ment									
of Net Position as follows:										
Current - Cash, Cash Equivalents & Investments	\$	2,357	\$	675	\$	4	\$	28,774	\$	31,810
Current Restricted - Cash & Cash Equivalents	Ŷ	81,972	Ŷ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	841	Ψ	82,813
Noncurrent Restricted - Cash & Cash Equivalents		19,328		3,941		2,052		2,384		27,705
Noncurrent Restricted - Cash Held by Trustees		17,079				2,052		2,859		19,938
Less Gas Well Investments Held by Trustees		(10,569)		_		_		2,057		(10,569)
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	110,167	\$	4.616	\$	2.056	\$	34,858	\$	151,697
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	Ψ	110,107	Ψ	4,010	Ψ	2,050	Ψ	54,050		concluded)
Noncash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities:										
Capitalized Interest	\$	-	\$	305	\$	-	\$	-	\$	305
Amortization of Bond Premium	Ψ	_	Ψ	505 67	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	505 67
Capital Asset Contribution from Developers		-		07		-		29		29
Intra-Government Capital Assets Transfers Out		-		-		(110)		27		(110)
mua-Government Capital Assets Transfers Out		-		-		(110)		-		(110)



INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal Service Funds are established to account for the financing of goods and services provided by one department to other City departments.

Office Services Fund

The Office Services Fund is used to account for the City's mailroom, motor pool, copy machines, print shop and graphics activities.

Equipment Services Fund

The Equipment Services Fund is used to account for the maintenance, repair and rental operations of most City vehicles.

Temporary Labor Fund

The Temporary Labor Fund is used to account for in-house temporary labor services.

Information Systems Fund

The Information Systems Fund is used to account for the management of the City's mainframe and telecommunications equipment and services.

Capital Project Services Fund

The Capital Project Services Fund (formerly the Engineering Services Fund) is used to account for general engineering services provided to various City departments.

CITY OF FORT WORTH, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2013 (in 000's)

	Office Services	Equipment Services	Temporary Labor	Information Systems	Capital Project Services	Total
ASSETS						
Current Assets:						
Cash, Cash Equivalents, & Investments	\$-	\$ 1	\$ 619	\$ 6,710	\$ 269	\$ 7,599
Interest Receivable	-	-	2	11	3	16
Accounts and Other Receivables	-	-	-	13	-	13
Inventories (at Cost)	158	706	-	80	-	944
Prepaids, Deposits, and Other	-	-	-	661	-	661
Total Current Assets	158	707	621	7,475	272	9,233
Noncurrent Assets:						
Restricted Assets:						
Cash & Cash Equivalents	-	-	-	90	-	90
Capital Assets (at Cost):						
Land	-	1,119	-	-	4	1,123
Buildings	-	4,656	-	594	-	5,250
Improvements Other than Buildings	-	963	-	-	91	1,054
Machinery and Equipment	181	2,200	-	12,985	2,580	17,946
Accumulated Depreciation	(181)	(5,971)	-	(11,712)	(2,182)	(20,046)
Net Capital Assets	-	2,967	-	1,867	493	5,327
Total Noncurrent Assets	-	2,967	-	1,957	493	5,417
Total Assets	158	3,674	621	9,432	765	14,650
LIABILITIES						
Current Liabilities:						
Accounts Payable	83	1,538	6	830	216	2,673
Accrued Payroll	13	171	23	284	278	769
Construction Payable	-	-	-	49	-	49
Current Portion of Long-Term						
Liabilities	38	383	7	703	717	1,848
Total Current Liabilities	134	2,092	36	1,866	1,211	5,339
Long-Term Liabilities:						
Advances from Other Funds	726	460	-	-	-	1,186
Long-Term Liabilities Due in More						
Than One Year	12	390	1	747	775	1,925
Total Long-Term Liabilities	738	850	1	747	775	3,111
Total Liabilities	872	2,942	37	2,613	1,986	8,450
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)						
Net Investment in Capital Assets	-	2,967	-	1,867	493	5,327
Restricted	-	-	-	90	-	90
Unrestricted	(714)	(2,235)	584	4,862	(1,714)	783
Total Net Position (Deficit)	\$ (714)	\$ 732	\$ 584	\$ 6,819	\$ (1,221)	\$ 6,200

CITY OF FORT WORTH, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013 (in 000's)

		office rvices	-	uipment ervices	porary abor	 ormation ystems	Р	apital roject ervices	Total
OPERATING REVENUES									
Charges for Services	\$	1,653	\$	26,318	\$ 826	\$ 23,814	\$	11,996	\$ 64,607
Other		-		40	 -	 -		-	 40
Total Operating Revenues		1,653		26,358	 826	 23,814		11,996	 64,647
OPERATING EXPENSES									
Personnel Services		635		7,260	771	10,519		10,483	29,668
Supplies and Materials		216		14,269	-	431		349	15,265
Contractual Services		855		4,642	16	12,039		2,023	19,575
Depreciation		-		219	-	754		268	1,241
Total Operating Expenses		1,706		26,390	787	 23,743		13,123	65,749
Operating Income (Loss)		(53)		(32)	39	 71		(1,127)	 (1,102)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)								
Investment Income (Loss)		-		(1)	2	20		(1)	20
Gain (Loss) on Sale of Equipment		14		16	-	2		8	40
Other Expense		-		-	-	(2,183)		-	(2,183)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		14		15	2	 (2,161)		7	(2,123)
Income (Loss) Before Transfers						 			
and Contributions		(39)		(17)	41	(2,090)		(1,120)	(3,225)
Transfers In		-		36	-	13		12	61
Transfers Out		(11)		(261)	(1)	(27,524)		(301)	(28,098)
Change in Net Position (Deficit)		(50)		(242)	40	 (29,601)		(1,409)	 (31,262)
Total Net Position (Deficit), Beginning		(664)		974	544	36,420		188	37,462
Total Net Position (Deficit), Ending	\$	(714)	\$	732	\$ 584	\$ 6,819	\$	(1,221)	\$ 6,200

CITY OF FORT WORTH, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013 (in 000's)

		fice vices	Equipmen Services	t T	'emporary Labor		ormation ystems	Capita Project Service	t		Total
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:											
Receipts from Customers	\$ 1	,653	\$ 26,318	\$	8 826	\$	23,191	\$ 11,99	96	\$	63,984
Receipts from Other Operating Sources		-	40		-		-		-		40
Payments to Employees		(636)	(7,249)	(767)		(10,349)	(10,69	92)		(29,693)
Payments to Suppliers		(215)	(14,180)	-		(440)	(34	9)		(15,184)
Payments for Contractual Services		(821)	(5,320		(16)		(12,761)	(1,96			(20,881)
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating											
Activities		(19)	(391)	43		(359)	(1,00)8)		(1,734)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:							. ,		/		
Transfers In from Other Funds			36					1	2		48
Advances from Other Funds		- 16			-		-	L	4		48
Transfers Out to Other Funds		(11)	(261		(1)		(39,578)	(30	-		(40,152)
		(11)	(201	<u> </u>	(1)		(39,378)	(30	<u>,,,,</u>		(40,132)
Net Cash Used for Noncapital		5	235		(1)		(20 579)	()(201		(20 629)
Financing Activities		3	233		(1)		(39,578)	(28	9)		(39,628)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activitie Governmental Bond Proceeds	s:	-	-		-		13		-		13
Proceeds from Sale of Machinery and Equipment		14	16		-		2		8		40
Acquisition of Property, Plant, and Equipment Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Capital and Related		-	(115)	-		(273)	(26	51)		(649)
Financing Activities		14	(99)	-		(258)	(25	53)		(596)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:			(1	、 、	2		21				22
Investment Income Received	·	-	(1		2		21		-		22
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities		-	(1)	2		21		-		22
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash											
Equivalents		-	(256)	44		(40,174)	(1,55	50)		(41,936)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year		-	257		575		46,974	1,81			49,625
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$	-	\$ 1	\$	619	\$	6,800	\$ 26	59	\$	7,689
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities:											
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(53)	\$ (32) \$	5 39	\$	71	\$ (1,12	27)	\$	(1,102)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities: Depreciation		-	219		-		754	26	58		1,241
Change in Assets and Liabilities:											
Accounts and Other Receivables		-	-		-		38		-		38
Inventories		1	89		-		(9)		-		81
Prepaids, Deposits and Other		-	-		-		(661)		-		(661)
Accounts Payable		34	(678		-		(722)		50		(1,306)
Accrued Payroll		(1)	11		4		170	(20)9)		(25)
Total Adjustments		34	(359)	4		(430)	11	9		(632)
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating											
Activities	\$	(19)	\$ (391) \$	5 43	\$	(359)	\$ (1,00)8)	\$	(1,734)
The Cash and Cash Equivalents are reported in the Statement of Net Position as follows:											
Current - Cash, Cash Equivalents, & Investments Noncurrent Restricted -	\$	-	\$ 1	\$	619	\$	6,710	\$ 26	59	\$	7,599
Cash & Cash Equivalents		_	-		-		90		_		90
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	-	\$ 1	\$	6 619	\$	6,800	\$ 26	59	\$	7,689
	<u> </u>		- ·	= —		Ψ	-,000	- 20	_	Ψ	.,007
Noncash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities: Intra-Government Net Capital Assets Transfers Transfer of Construction Payable to Governmental	\$	-	\$ - -	\$	5 - -	\$	(2,183) 12,054	\$	-	\$	(2,183) 12,054

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held by the City as a trustee or agent. Fiduciary Funds account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and/or other funds. The City reports the following fiduciary funds:

Employees' Retirement Pension Trust Fund

For accounting measurement purposes, the Employees' Retirement Pension Fund is accounted for in essentially the same manner as proprietary funds. The Employees' Retirement Pension Fund accounts for the assets of the City's retirement plan and issues separately audited financial statements. Those statements can be obtained by contacting the Employee's Retirement Plan of the City of Fort Worth, 3801 Hulen St., Suite 101, Fort Worth, Texas, 76107.

Retiree Healthcare Trust Fund

For accounting measurement purposes, the Retiree Healthcare Trust Fund is accounted for in essentially the same manner as proprietary funds. The Retiree Healthcare Trust Fund accounts for the assets of the City's post employment healthcare benefit.

CITY OF FORT WORTH, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION AND OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS TRUST FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2013 (in 000's)

	Employees' Retirement Pension Trust Fund	Retiree Healthcare Trust Fund	Total
	Trust Fullu	Funu	10181
ASSETS			
Current Assets:			
Cash & Cash Equivalents	\$ 286	\$ 14,764	\$ 15,050
Cash & Investments Held by Trustees:		1 y	
Asset and Mortgage Backed Obligations	35,308	-	35,308
Corporate Obligations	83,391	-	83,391
Government Agency Obligations	72,531	-	72,531
International Obligations	63,351	_	63,351
Securities Lending Collateral	206,041	_	206,041
U.S. Treasuries	78,091	_	78,091
Short-Term Mutual Fund Investments	170,665	24,213	194,878
Corporate Stock	716,857	24,215	716,857
Alternative Investments	519,461	-	519,461
Commingled Funds	318,496	-	318,496
Less: Investments in Non-City Funded Staff Plan	(2,345)	-	(2,345)
Total Cash & Investments Held by Trustees	2,261,847	24,213	2,286,060
Prepaid Expenses	2,201,847	24,213	2,280,000
Other Receivables	12,167	-	12,167
Due from Broker Securities Sold		-	
Total Current Assets	144,357 2,418,669	38,977	144,357 2,457,646
Total Current Assets	2,410,009	56,977	2,437,040
Capital Assets (at Cost):			
Land	405	-	405
Buildings	3,422	-	3,422
Machinery and Equipment	314	-	314
Accumulated Depreciation	(605)	-	(605)
Net Capital Assets	3,536		3,536
Total Assets	2,422,205	38,977	2,461,182
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities:			
Accrued Payable	129	-	129
Obligations Under Securities Lending	205,830	-	205,830
Due to Broker Securities Purchased	239,731	-	239,731
Total Current Liabilities	445,690		445,690
NET BOSTFION			
NET POSITION			
Net Position Held in Trust for Pension and Other Employee Benefits:	1 074 515		1 074 515
Benefit Pension Plans	1,976,515	-	1,976,515
Postemployment Healthcare Plans	-	\$ 38,977	\$ 2,015,402
Total Net Position	\$ 1,976,515	\$ 38,977	\$ 2,015,492

CITY OF FORT WORTH, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION AND OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS TRUST FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013 (in 000's)

	Re I	nployees' stirement Pension rust Fund	He	Retiree althcare Trust Fund	 Total
ADDITIONS					
Interest and Dividend Income	\$	31,567	\$	1,150	\$ 32,717
Less: Investment Management Fees and Interest Expense		(6,476)		(102)	(6,578)
Net Gain (Loss) in Fair Value of Investments		159,804		-	159,804
Other Income		7,468		-	7,468
Employer Contributions		77,993		35,433	113,426
Employee Contributions		33,634		-	33,634
Total Additions		303,990		36,481	 340,471
DEDUCTIONS					
Benefit Payments		143,721		21,637	165,358
Refunds		3,995		-	3,995
Administrative Expenses		3,714		-	3,714
Total Deductions		151,430		21,637	 173,067
Change in Net Position		152,560		14,844	167,404
Net Position, Beginning of the Year		1,823,955		24,133	1,848,088
Net Position, End of the Year	\$	1,976,515	\$	38,977	\$ 2,015,492



DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS

The following discretely presented component units are entities that are legally separate from the City, but for which the City is financially accountable and whose relationships with the City are such that exclusion would be misleading or incomplete. They are each designed to benefit the citizens of Fort Worth in specific areas.

FORT WORTH PUBLIC IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT NO. 1

The Fort Worth Public Improvement District No. 1 was created by resolution of the City Council pursuant to Texas Local Government Code, Chapter 372. In June 2004, the City Council approved the re-establishment of the District to include an area to the west of the District in addition to the area of District No. 10 which is to the east of downtown District No. 1. The purpose of the re-establishment of the District is to furnish additional security, landscaping, marketing and promotion of the District. Special assessments are levied on property within the District to pay for these improvements and services. Fort Worth Public Improvement District No. 10 is now accounted for with District No. 1.

FORT WORTH PUBLIC IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT NO. 6

The Fort Worth Public Improvement District No. 6 was created by resolution of the City Council pursuant to Chapter 372, Local Government Code. The purpose of the District is to provide supplemental improvements and services, including security patrol services in the Park Glen area. Special assessments are levied on property within the District to pay for these services.

FORT WORTH PUBLIC IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT NO. 7

The Fort Worth Public Improvement District No. 7 was created by resolution of the City Council pursuant to Chapter 372, Local Government Code. The purpose of the District is to provide supplemental improvements and services, including security patrol services in the Heritage area. Special assessments are levied on property within the District to pay for these services.

FORT WORTH PUBLIC IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT NO. 8

The Fort Worth Public Improvement District No. 8 was created by resolution of the City Council pursuant to Chapter 372, Local Government Code. The District is just outside the Cultural District along the Camp Bowie Boulevard corridor. It is a nine-mile commercial stretch along Camp Bowie Boulevard from University Drive to Loop 820 South. Funds are utilized for marketing and promotion of special events and communication and information programs, planned coordination of capital improvements, clean up and beautification. Special assessments are levied on property within the District to pay for these services.

FORT WORTH PUBLIC IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT NO. 11

The Fort Worth Public Improvement District No. 11 was created by resolution of the City Council pursuant to Chapter 372, Local Government Code. The purpose of the District is to provide maintenance and landscaping, promotions and marketing, security, transportation and parking, street and sidewalk sweeping, etc. for the Stockyards area. Special assessments are levied on property within the District to pay for these services.

FORT WORTH PUBLIC IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT NO. 12

The Fort Worth Public Improvement District No. 12 was created by resolution of the City Council pursuant to Chapter 372, Local Government Code. The district known as the Chapel Hill area includes 1,358.02 acres bounded by West Bonds Ranch Road, Business Highway 287 North and Boat Club Road. The purpose of the district is to provide additional services and improvements in this area to include maintenance, landscaping, promotions, marketing, security, transportation, parking, and street sweeping. Special assessments are levied on property within the District to pay for these services.

FORT WORTH PUBLIC IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT NO. 14

The Fort Worth Public Improvement District No. 14 was created by resolution of the City Council pursuant to Chapter 372, Local Government Code. The purpose of the District is to provide management and improvement services for Trinity Bluff. Improvements and services to be provided include a maintenance program, a security enhancement program and a district management program. Special assessments are levied on property within the District to pay for these services.

FORT WORTH PUBLIC IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT NO. 15

The Fort Worth Public Improvement District No. 15 was created by resolution of the City Council pursuant to Chapter 372, Local Government Code. The district know as Sun Valley includes 130.14 acres of land bounded by David Strickland Road on the north, area to the south of and along Mosson Road, area to the west of and along Marie Jones Road and east by Interstate Highway East Loop 820 South. The purpose of the district is the establishment of a security patrol program.

TAXING INCREMENT REINVESTMENT ZONE NO. 2A

The Taxing Increment Reinvestment Zone Number Two A was created pursuant to the Texas Tax Increment Financing Act, Tax Code, Sections 311.001 through 311.017, as amended. The purpose of the Zone is to promote the development of the Texas Motor Speedway.

TAXING INCREMENT REINVESTMENT ZONE NO. 2B

The Taxing Increment Reinvestment Zone Number Two B was created pursuant to the Texas Tax Increment Financing Act, Tax Code, Sections 311.001 through 311.017, as amended. It is contiguous to the original speedway Tax Increment Financing (TIF). The purpose of the Zone is to promote the development of the Texas Motor Speedway.

TAXING INCREMENT REINVESTMENT ZONE NO. 3

The Taxing Increment Reinvestment Zone Number Three was created pursuant to the Texas Tax Increment Financing Act, Tax Code, Sections 311.001 through 311.017, as amended. This Zone was previously Taxing Increment Reinvestment Zone Number One from January 1995 until December 1995 when it was dissolved due to a lack of fiscal activity. The purpose of the Zone is to finance public improvements to the downtown area such as construction of an underground parking garage and central park, as well as streetscape improvements along heavily traveled pedestrian corridors.

TAXING INCREMENT REINVESTMENT ZONE NO. 3A

The Taxing Increment Reinvestment Zone Number Three A was created pursuant to the Texas Tax Increment Financing Act, Tax Code, Sections 311.001 through 311.017, as amended. This Zone is an expansion of Taxing Increment Reinvestment Zone No. Three. The purpose of the Zone is to finance public improvements to the downtown area such as construction of an underground parking garage and central park, as well as streetscape improvements along heavily traveled pedestrian corridors.

TAXING INCREMENT REINVESTMENT ZONE NO. 4

The Taxing Increment Reinvestment Zone Number Four was created pursuant to the Texas Tax Increment Financing Act, Tax Code, Sections 311.001 through 311.017, as amended. The purpose of the Zone is to promote the development of the Southside Medical District.

TAXING INCREMENT REINVESTMENT ZONE NO. 6

The Taxing Increment Reinvestment Zone Number Six was created pursuant to the Texas Tax Increment Financing Act, Tax Code, Sections 311.001 through 311.017, as amended. This Zone encompasses the property that is home to Tarrant County College and the Tarrant County Courthouse. The purpose of the Zone is to provide infrastructure support for private investment in this Riverfront TIF area.

TAXING INCREMENT REINVESTMENT ZONE NO. 7

The Taxing Increment Reinvestment Zone Number Seven was created pursuant to the Texas Tax Increment Financing Act, Tax Code, Sections 311.001 through 311.017, as amended. The purpose of this Zone is to support the completion of the North Tarrant Parkway interchange, ramps, frontage roads and extension to Rainy Lake Road.

TAXING INCREMENT REINVESTMENT ZONE NO. 7A

The Taxing Increment Reinvestment Zone Number Seven A was created on December 9, 2003 pursuant to the Texas Tax Increment Financing Act, Tax Code, Sections 311.001 through 311.017, as amended. The Zone is set to expire on December 31, 2019. This Zone is an expansion of Taxing Increment Reinvestment Zone No. 7. The purpose of the Zone is to support the completion of the North Tarrant Parkway interchange, ramps, frontage roads and extension to Rainy Lake Road.

TAXING INCREMENT REINVESTMENT ZONE NO. 8

The Taxing Increment Reinvestment Zone Number Eight was created pursuant to the Texas Tax Increment Financing Act, Tax Code, Sections 311.001 through 311.017, as amended. The purpose of this Zone is to provide support for redevelopment efforts along the Lancaster Corridor in the southern portion of downtown.

TAXING INCREMENT REINVESTMENT ZONE NO. 9

The Taxing Increment Reinvestment Zone Number Nine was created pursuant to the Texas Tax Increment Financing Act, Tax Code, Sections 311.001 through 311.017, as amended. This Zone was created to provide infrastructure support for the Trinity River Vision, which is a plan for redevelopment of the portion of the Trinity River in the downtown area into an urban lake.

TAXING INCREMENT REINVESTMENT ZONE NO. 9A

The Taxing Increment Reinvestment Zone Number Nine A was created pursuant to the Texas Tax Increment Financing Act, Tax Code, Sections 311.001 through 311.017, as amended. This Zone was created to expand the boundaries of TIF 9.

TAXING INCREMENT REINVESTMENT ZONE NO. 10

The Taxing Increment Reinvestment Zone Number Ten was created pursuant to the Texas Tax Increment Financing Act, Tax Code, Sections 311.001 through 311.017, as amended. This Zone was created to provide infrastructure and public space support for a private investment by Cabela's Retail, Inc. mega store.

TAXING INCREMENT REINVESTMENT ZONE NO. 10A

The Taxing Increment Reinvestment Zone Number Ten A was created pursuant to the Texas Tax Increment Financing Act, Tax Code, Sections 311.001 through 311.017, as amended. This Zone was created expand the boundaries of TIF 10.

TAXING INCREMENT REINVESTMENT ZONE NO. 12

The Taxing Increment Reinvestment Zone Number Twelve was created pursuant to the Texas Tax Increment Financing Act, Tax Code, Sections 311.001 through 311.017, as amended. This Zone was created to provide infrastructure improvements (e.g. water, sewer, drainage, roads, sidewalks, etc.) associated with new development and redevelopment projects for the East Berry Renaissance along the East Berry Street corridor.

TAXING INCREMENT REINVESTMENT ZONE NO. 13

The Taxing Increment reinvestment Zone Number Thirteen was created pursuant to the Texas Tax Increment Financing Act, Tax Code, Sections 311.001 through 311.017, as amended. This zone was created to help fund infrastructure improvements (e.g. water, sewer, drainage, roads, sidewalks, etc.) associated with new development and redevelopment projects in the Woodhaven Area.

CITY OF FORT WORTH, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

(in 000's)

		VPID #1	 VPID #6	 VPID #7	 VPID #8	 PID 11	- · ·	PID 12	 PID 14	- • •	PID 15	IRZ ‡2A	IRZ 2B	TIRZ #3
ASSETS			 	 	 	 			 			 		
Cash, Cash Equivalents,														
& Investments	\$	306	\$ 791	\$ 396	\$ 105	\$ 25	\$	22	\$ 31	\$	43	\$ 767	\$ 174	\$ 5,189
Interest Receivable		1	-	-	-	-		-	-		-	1	-	3
Accounts and Other														
Receivables		79	82	106	23	10		-	-		21	-	-	-
Total Assets		386	 873	 502	 128	 35		22	 31		64	 768	 174	5,192
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Due in More Than		278	161	188	34	5		6	7		27	454	115	21
One Year		-	-	-	-	-		-	-		-	-	-	-
Total Liabilities		278	 161	 188	 34	 5		6	 7		27	 454	 115	21
NET POSITION (DEFICI Unreserved Total Net Position	Г)	108	712	314	94	30		16	24		37	314	59	5,171
(Deficit) - Unrestricted	\$	108	\$ 712	\$ 314	\$ 94	\$ 30	\$	16	\$ 24	\$	37	\$ 314	\$ 59	\$ 5,171

TIRZ #3A	TIRZ #4	TIRZ #6	TIRZ #7	TIRZ #7A	TIRZ #8	TIRZ #9	TIRZ #9A	TIRZ #10	TIRZ #10A	TIRZ #12	TIRZ #13	Total
\$4,883	\$ 7,767	\$ -	\$ 523	\$ 10	\$ 8,707	\$ 9	\$ 2	\$-	\$-	\$ 206	\$ 148	\$ 30,104
3	12	-	-	-	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	28
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	321
4,886	7,779	-	523	10	8,715	9	2	-	-	206	148	30,453
-	114	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,410
-	-	-	-	-	-	50,933	-	-	-	-	-	50,933
-	114	-	-	-	-	50,933	-	-	-	-	-	52,343
4,886	7,665	-	523	10	8,715	(50,924)	2	-		206	148	(21,890)
\$4,886	\$ 7,665	\$-	\$ 523	\$ 10	\$ 8,715	\$ (50,924)	\$ 2	\$ -	\$-	\$ 206	\$ 148	\$ (21,890)

CITY OF FORT WORTH, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS SEPTEMBER 30, 2013 (in 000's)

	FWPID #1	FWPID #6	FWPID #7	FWPID #8	FWPID #11	FWPID #12	FWPID #14	FWPID #15	TIRZ #2A	TIRZ #2B	TIRZ #3
Revenues:											
General Property Taxes	\$-	\$ -	\$-	\$ -	\$-	\$-	\$ -	\$-	\$ 628	\$ 346	\$ 4,357
Investment Income	4	4	3	-		-	(1)	-	2	-	12
Other	2,005	1,401	1,613	405	77	56	28	92	-	-	-
Contributions	-	-									
Total Revenues	2,009	1,405	1,616	405	77	56	27	92	630	346	4,369
Expenses:											
General Administration	2,110	1,233	1,329	503	63	48	23	55	813	346	3,516
Transportation and											
Public Works											
Total Expenses	2,110	1,233	1,329	503	63	48	23	55	813	346	3,516
Change in Net Position											
(Deficit)	(101)	172	287	(98)	14	8	4	37	(183)	-	853
Total Net Position -											
Beginning of Year	209	540	27	192	16	8	20	-	497	59	4,318
Total Net Position (Deficit) -		<u> </u>									
End of Year	\$ 108	\$ 712	\$ 314	\$ 94	\$ 30	\$ 16	\$ 24	\$ 37	\$ 314	\$ 59	\$ 5,171

 TIRZ #3A	 TIRZ #4	TIRZ #6]	FIRZ #7	RZ 7A	FIRZ #8	 TIRZ #9	IRZ 9A	IRZ #10	RZ 0A	'IRZ #12	TI #1		 Total
\$ 643	\$ 6,946	\$ 205	\$	1,829	\$ 10	\$ 2,692	\$ 2,702	\$ 88	\$ 399	\$ 70	\$ 149	\$	-	\$ 21,064
11	18	-		5	-	13	4	-	-	-	(1)		-	74
-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	5,677
 -	 7	 -		-	 -	 -	 -	 -	 -	 -	 -		-	 7
 654	6,971	205		1,834	10	 2,705	2,706	 88	 399	 70	148		-	26,822
 -	 11,926 - 11,926	 206		1,597 	 - - -	 2,659	 2,723 28,259 30,982	 86 - 86	 400	 70 - 70	 162		-	 29,868 28,259 58,127
654 4,232	(4,955) 12,620	(1) 1		237 286	10	46 8,669	(28,276) (22,648)	2	(1) 1	-	(14) 220	1	-	(31,305) 9,415
	 -	 				 -	 /		 					 -
\$ 4,886	\$ 7,665	\$ 	\$	523	\$ 10	\$ 8,715	\$ (50,924)	\$ 2	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 206	\$	148	\$ (21,890)



STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)

STATISTICAL SECTION (Unaudited)

The City of Fort Worth comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Tables

Financial Trends	These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	1-4
Revenue Capacity	These schedules present information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	5-8
Debt Capacity	These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	9-13
Demographic & Economic Information	These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	14-15
Operating information	These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	16-18

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these tables is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

CITY OF FORT WORTH, TEXAS NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited) (accrual basis of accounting) (in 000's)

	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Governmental Activities:					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 592,052	\$ 709,290	\$ 891,173	\$ 967,070	\$ 986,163
Restricted for Capital Projects	5,691	9,539	-	-	-
Restricted for Debt Service	31,318	36,055	45,988	7,376	15,974
Restricted for Other	9,447	15,560	-	-	-
Unrestricted (Deficit)	45,622	8,572	32,168	55,154	28,762
Total Governmental Activities					
Net Position	\$ 684,130	\$ 779,016	\$ 969,329	\$ 1,029,600	\$ 1,030,899
Business-type Activities:					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 1,066,225	\$ 1,129,489	\$ 1,272,031	\$ 1,416,439	\$ 1,459,733
Restricted for Debt Service	269	88	225	29,668	35,859
Restricted for Capital Projects	-	-	-	-	-
Unrestricted	121,748	191,719	219,651	189,885	258,686
Total Business-type Activities					
Net Position	\$ 1,188,242	\$ 1,321,296	\$ 1,491,907	\$ 1,635,992	\$ 1,754,278
Primary Government:					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 1,658,277	\$ 1,838,779	\$ 2,163,204	\$ 2,383,509	\$ 2,445,896
Restricted for Capital Projects	5,691	9,539	-	-	-
Restricted for Debt Service	31,587	36,143	46,213	37,044	51,833
Restricted for Other	9,447	15,560	-	-	-
Unrestricted	167,370	200,291	251,819	245,039	287,448
Total Primary Government					
Net Position	\$ 1,872,372	\$ 2,100,312	\$ 2,461,236	\$ 2,665,592	\$ 2,785,177

*Source: Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the respective years.

TABLE 1

2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
\$ 979,581	\$ 943,984	\$ 1,015,491	\$ 1,005,900	\$ 1,053,547
-	8,393	12,818	17,350	23,512
15,613	16,437	5,478	9,047	1,660
-	-	-	-	-
19,795	32,197	(32,846)	(53,101)	(128,038)
\$ 1,014,989	\$ 1 001 011	\$ 1,000,941	\$ 979,196	\$ 950,681
\$ 1,014,787	\$ 1,001,011	\$ 1,000,741	\$ 777,170	\$ 750,001
\$ 1,560,269	\$ 1,594,876	\$ 1,569,470	\$ 1,715,508	\$ 1,850,152
41,532	37,739	42,407	29,919	34,513
-	67,661	47,464	39,715	35,852
232,086	224,958	327,535	261,406	216,989
¢ 1 022 007	¢ 1 025 224	¢ 1.096.976	¢ 2.046.549	¢ 2 127 50C
\$ 1,833,887	\$ 1,925,234	\$ 1,986,876	\$ 2,046,548	\$ 2,137,506
\$ 2,539,850	\$ 2,538,860	\$ 2,584,961	\$ 2,721,408	\$ 2,903,699
-	76,054	60,282	57,065	59,364
57,145	54,176	47,885	38,966	36,173
-	-	-	-	-
251,881	257,155	294,689	208,305	88,951
¢ 0 0 10 07/	¢ 2 026 245	¢ 2007.017	¢ 2.005.744	¢ 2,000,107
\$ 2,848,876	\$ 2,926,245	\$ 2,987,817	\$ 3,025,744	\$ 3,088,187

CITY OF FORT WORTH, TEXAS CHANGE IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

(accrual basis of accounting)

(m 000's)	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Expenses	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Governmental Activities:					
General Administration	\$ 67,455	\$ 87,687	\$ 94.239	\$ 110.802	\$ 161,180
Public Safety	240.176	263,491	292,220	319,561	359,813
Transportation and Public Works	76,757	75,631	100,626	106,543	100,276
Parks and Community Services	33,768	35,898	41,291	44,533	51,145
Public Library	15,220	16,440	17,843	19,493	18,633
Public Health	9,665	11,532	10,791	11,707	11,077
Public Events and Facilities	23,213	22,445	23,937	28,167	27,453
Planning and Development Finance	9,594	9,126	11,303	13,106	11,751
Housing and Economic Development	5,096 11,562	4,519 10,192	10,613	- 15,437	14,733
Interest on Long-term Debt	16,080	15,150	15,793	22,216	20,689
Total Governmental Activities	508,586	552,111	618,656	691,565	776,750
	500,500	552,111	010,000	071,505	110,150
Business-type activities: Water and Sewer	185,491	177,071	237,405	221,774	240,960
Municipal Airports	7,783	10,197	11.942	10.623	12,480
Solid Waste	30,988	35,173	36,647	39,389	41,478
Municipal Parking	428	410	314	1,035	586
Municipal Golf	4,338	4,614	5,437	5,119	6,174
Stormwater Utility			483	4,735	11,339
Total Business-type Activities	229,028	227,465	292,228	282,675	313,017
Total Primary Government Expenses	\$ 737,614	\$ 779,576	\$ 910,884	\$ 974,240	\$1,089,767
Program Revenues					
Governmental Activities:					
Charges for Services					
General Government	\$ 50,858	\$ 12,425	\$ 16,384	\$ 16,133	\$ 17,549
Public Safety	23,328	23,301	18,667	21,252	21,374
Transportation and Public Works	1,635	2,266	3,022	3,140	4,415
Parks and Community Services	812	2,253	763	1,047	1,392
Public Library	495	527	629	644	724
Public Health Public Events and Facilities	2,341 6,689	2,715 7,359	3,077 6,833	3,284 5,772	3,300 6,861
Planning and Development	6,500	9,268	0,833 9,128	10,422	11,659
Finance	961	749	-	- 10,422	-
Housing and Economic Development	239	883	2,275	2,244	1.608
Operating Grants and Contributions	38,735	44,766	52,702	47,334	34,014
Capital Grants and Contributions	77,184	103,477	86,145	90,172	63,088
Total Governmental Activities	209,777	209,989	199,625	201,444	165,984
Business-type Activities:					
Charges for Services:					
Water and Sewer	221,939	247,255	293,792	257,989	298,118
Municipal Airports	3,275	3,432	3,003	2,948	3,157
Solid Waste	26,966	35,581	37,259	40,632	44,095
Municipal Parking	589	625	3,645	3,683	4,099
Municipal Golf	4,084	3,630	4,542	4,337	5,169
Stormwater Utility	-	-	3,670	15,165	17,753
Capital Grants and Contributions Total Business-type Activities	<u>57,516</u> 314,369	78,833 369,356	118,749	<u>87,818</u> 412,572	44,127 416,518
× 1			464,660		
Total Primary Government Program Revenues	\$ 524,146	\$ 579,345	\$ 664,285	\$ 614,016	\$ 582,502

2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
\$ 111,114	\$ 112,638	\$ 118,104	\$ 108,632	\$ 114,575
379,865	391,755	407,601	422,626	431,362
117,540	108,481	128,611	133,691	129,820
55,110	55,022	57,815	60,089	62,626
20,200	20,531	22,348	22,102	21,736
1,292	-	-	-	-
32,204	28,020	32,844	33,152	35,545
14,654	12,520	13,534	13,156	14,145
-	-	-	-	-
27,558	37,944	35,699	24,382	20,388
26,910	29,220	31,472	31,130	34,366
786,447	796,131	848,028	848,960	864,563
260,544	269,723	288,452	306,476	302,447
12,238	12,656	13,356	14,912	18,768
44,296	39,241	44,247	46,415	48,903
2,067	3,552	5,851	6,580	6,621
6,126	5,949	5,864	7,723	5,614
14,265	19,961	18,972	20,773	22,531
339,536	351,082	376,742	402,879	404,884
\$1,125,983	\$1,147,213	\$1,224,770	\$1,251,839	\$ 1,269,447
\$ 19,213	\$ 16,903	\$ 14,701	\$ 5,436	\$ 5,933
22,506	18,306	19,925	22,722	25,339
4,381	6,469	10,627	14,738	14,984
1,826	1,988	2,750	3,165	2,990
668	601	666	670	629
312	-	-	-	-
8,515	8,838	9,749	8,822	10,814
10,262	10,776	11,673	10,336	11,497
0.004	-	2 0 2 9	-	-
2,334	1,979	3,028	2,683	4,845
35,532 40,063	56,798 35,987	56,825 54,686	47,644 55,075	45,173 52,682
145,612	158,645	184,630	171,291	174,886
303,111	304,831	348,650	345,373	352,005
3,406	3,987	4,800	4,755	4,662
45,465	46,710	48,314	48,502	50,344
4,533	6,394	7,635	7,725	7,105
5,072	4,374	4,260	4,388	3,859
20,803	26,530	29,397	32,615	34,973
54,827	31,186	18,846	27,578	35,910
437,217	424,012	461,902	470,936	488,858
\$ 582,829	\$ 582,657	\$ 646,532	\$ 642,227	\$ 663,744
				(continued)

CITY OF FORT WORTH, TEXAS CHANGE IN NET POSITION

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited) (accrual basis of accounting)

(in 000's)

	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Net (Expense) Revenue					
Governmental Activities	\$ (342,122)	\$ (419,031)	\$ (490,121)	\$ (610,766)	\$ (640,835)
Business-type Activities	141,891	172,432	129,897	103,501	97,681
Total Primary Government Net Expense	\$ (200,231)	\$ (246,599)	\$ (360,224)	\$ (507,265)	\$ (543,154)
General Revenues and Other Changes in					
Net Position					
Governmental Activities:					
Taxes:					
General Property Taxes	\$ 223,615	\$ 235,874	\$ 256,630	\$ 288,725	\$ 317,517
Other Local Taxes	134,240	145,514	162,076	172,621	183,833
Franchise Fees	-	31,741	34,764	33,316	36,749
Gas Lease and Royalties	-	-	5,143	12,154	28,684
Assessments	357	426	1	868	30
Investment Income	9,612	8,939	12,191	19,974	18,615
Change in Fair Value of Investments	(3,930)	(2,342)	-	-	-
Other	230	100	6,384	8,376	6,896
Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Capital Assets	(17)	(20)	1,227	63	401
Transfers	7,352	16,776	19,420	14,295	19,340
Total Governmental Activities	371,459	437,008	497,836	550,392	612,065
Business-type Activities:					
Investment Income	3,760	3,858	9,279	14,638	18,647
Gas Lease and Royalties	-	-	4,197	8,542	21,424
Other	2,933	4,078	5,185	6,582	7,857
Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Capital Assets	(41)	3	(1,062)	(1,279)	(13,803)
Transfers	(7,352)	(16,776)	(19,420)	(14,295)	(19,340)
Total Business-type Activities	(700)	(8,837)	(1,821)	14,188	14,785
Total Primary Government	\$ 370,759	\$ 428,171	\$ 496,015	\$ 564,580	\$ 626,850
Change in Net Position					
Governmental Activities	\$ 29,337	\$ 17,977	\$ 7,715	\$ (60,374)	\$ (28,770)
Business-type Activities	141,191	163,595	128,076	117,689	112,466
Total Primary Government	\$ 170,528	\$ 181,572	\$ 135,791	\$ 57,315	\$ 83,696
Implementation of New Accounting Standard	<u>\$ </u>	\$ -	\$ -	<u>\$ -</u>	\$-

*Source: Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the respective years.

2009	2010	0	2011	2012			2013
\$ (637,486)	\$ (637,	,486) \$	(663,398)	\$	(677,669)	\$	(689,677)
72,930	72,	,930	85,160		68,057		83,974
\$ (564,556)	\$ (564,	,556) \$	(578,238)	\$	(609,612)	\$	(605,703)
\$ 344,172	\$ 354.	.815 \$	341,820	\$	351,277	\$	361,568
173,559		.092	179,802	Ŧ	188,884	Ŧ	203,417
34,717		.148	45,178		47,190		49,489
13,866		,963	23,506		15,758		10,834
13		11	-		-		-
15,746	11.	,572	8,601		7,795		3,149
-		-	-		-		-
14,465	14,	,688	13,744		16,593		16,069
430		352	3,508		-		1,316
27,957	18,	,867	47,169		28,427		29,282
624,925	623,	,508	663,328		655,924		675,124
9,605		,687	5,283		6,666		1,661
5,540		,708	11,298		7,440		12,377
4,202	5.	,889	7,070		5,936		22,228
(237)		-	-		-		-
(27,957)		,867)	(47,169)		(28,427)		(29,282)
(8,847)		,417	(23,518)	•	(8,385)		6,984
\$ 616,078	\$ 641,	,925 \$	639,810	\$	647,539	\$	682,108
\$ (12,561)	\$ (13,	,978) \$	(70)	\$	(21,745)	\$	(14,553)
64,083		,347	61,642		59,672		90,958
\$ 51,522	\$ 77,	,369 \$	61,572	\$	37,927	\$	76,405
\$ (9,225)	\$	- \$	-	\$	-	\$	(13,962)
						(cc	oncluded)

CITY OF FORT WORTH, TEXAS FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited) (modified accrual basis of accounting) (in 000's)

	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
General Fund					
Reserved	\$ 3,767	\$ 16,827	\$ 29,859	\$ 16,755	\$ 16,384
Unreserved	\$ 3,707 76,056	\$ 10,827 82,886	\$ 29,839 74,002	\$ 10,733 85,271	\$ 10,384 106,271
		82,880	74,002	85,271	106,271
Nonspendable Restricted	-	-	-	-	-
Committed	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-
Assigned	-	-	-	-	-
Unassigned	-		- 102.061	-	-
Total General Fund	79,823	99,713	103,861	102,026	122,655
All Other Governmental Funds					
Reserved	40,765	51,558	73,133	24,086	37,620
Unreserved, designated for authorized expenditures	122,129	122,491	113,271	286,250	252,744
Unreserved, undesignated special revenue funds	-	-	(29,445)	2,155	16,695
Nonspendable, reported in:					
Special Revenue	-	-	-	-	-
Capital projects	-	-	-	-	-
Restricted, reported in:					
Debt service	-	-	-	-	-
Special Revenue	-	-	-	-	-
Capital projects	-	-	-	-	-
Committed, reported in:					
Debt service	-	-	-	-	-
Special Revenue	-	-	-	-	-
Capital projects	-	-	-	-	-
Assigned, reported in:					
Debt service	-	-	-	-	-
Special Revenue	-	_	_	_	-
Capital projects	-	_	_	_	-
Unassigned					
Total all Other Governmental Funds	162,894	174.040	-	212.401	307,059
rotai an Ouler Governmentai Funds	102,894	174,049	156,959	312,491	507,039
Total all Governmental Funds	\$ 242.717	\$ 273,762	\$ 260,820	\$ 414,517	\$ 429,714
	φ 272,717	φ <i>213</i> ,102	φ 200,020	ψ τιτ,517	$\psi = \frac{1}{2}$, 117

Source: Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the respective years.

* In fiscal year 2011, the City implemented GASB 54. The amounts prior

to 2011 above have not been restated for the implementation of GASB 54.

TABLE 3

\$ 15,885	\$ 23,114	\$-	\$-	\$-	
127,656	139,779	-	-	-	
-	-	10,194	10,910	11,723	
-	-	646	2,735	9,047	
-	-	54,183	60,231	74,177	
-	-	45,447	38,789	8,005	
	-	53,137	55,760	58,383	
143,541	162,893	163,607	168,425	161,335	
44.071	51 405				
44,371	51,485	-	-	-	
443,043	422,310	-	-	-	
33,296	17,156	-	-	-	
-	-	11,119	2,854	1,671	
-	-	12,422	314	802	
-	-	10,599	16,890	9,701	
-	-	44,663	45,153	59,590	
-	-	189,432	336,582	323,970	
	_	6,393	6,106	7,694	
_	_	19,974	20,674	34,609	
-	-	127,787	126,653	130,655	
		,			
-	-	478	92	24	
-	-	51,999	48,497	41,060	
-	-	36,163	36,107	36,781	
-	-	(465)	-	(3,795)	
520,710	490,951	510,564	639,922	642,762	
\$ 664,251	\$ 653,844	\$ 674,171	\$808,347	\$ 804,097	

CITY OF FORT WORTH, TEXAS CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited) (modified accrual basis)

(in 000's)

	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
REVENUES:	¢ 222 111	* 225 542	¢ 250 402	¢ 200 177	• • • • • • • • • •
General Property Tax	\$ 222,111	\$ 235,643	\$ 259,483	\$ 289,177	\$ 317,920
Other Local Taxes	134,240	145,514	162,076	172,621	183,833
Franchise Fees	-	-	-	-	-
Assessments	357	426	10546	868	30
Charges for Services	19,471	22,765	19,546	20,231	22,323
Licenses and Permits Fines and Forfeitures	44,588	38,026 14,099	49,642	49,552	52,475
	14,894		11,690	12,512	15,513
Revenue from Use of Money and Property	11,928 8,372	13,805	16,088	14,784	14,319
Investment Income		7,488	12,108	19,902	18,449
Change in Fair Value Investments	(3,902)	(2,342)	51,167	-	22.204
Intergovernmental	27,375	53,845	5,142	53,854	32,204
Gas Leases and Royalties Other	- 2 022	- 7.015		12,150	28,658
Contributions	3,023	7,015	6,233	8,040	6,815
	16,527	23,356	25,436	24,513	12,213
Total Revenues	498,984	559,640	618,612	678,204	704,752
EXPENDITURES:					
Current					
General Administration	64,484	77,883	86,908	104,662	105,942
Public Safety	224,543	244,857	265,353	281,149	308,374
Transportation and Public Works	33,341	32,181	36,039	35,284	35,420
Parks and Community Services	29,089	30,886	36,690	38,090	41,507
Public Library	14,055	14,725	15,849	17,369	17,626
Public Health	9,436	11,180	10,164	10,837	10,706
Public Events and Facilities	15,379	16,466	17,764	19,529	22,806
Planning and Development	9,197	8,762	10,765	12,151	11,768
Finance	4,846	4,343	-	-	-
Housing and Economic Development	11,236	9,694	9,981	14,497	14,461
Capital Outlay	55,823	149,894	115,783	111,127	103,778
Debt Service:	24 201	21.466	26.054	05 400	20.260
Principal Retirement	34,281	31,466	36,954	85,409	38,368
Interest and Service Charges	17,723	15,063	16,477	20,329	24,542
Total Expenditures	523,433	647,400	658,727	750,433	735,298
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures	(24,449)	(87,760)	(40,115)	(72,229)	(30,546)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Long-Term Debt Issued	-	99,237	3,574	200,910	-
Proceeds from Capital Leases	988	615	1,781	6,409	26,241
Proceeds from Owner Advance	-	279	-	1,923	-
Proceeds from Disposal of Property	-	-	1,350	-	336
Refunding Bonds Issued	42,700	46,230	-	-	-
Premium on Issuance of Bonds	2,262	4,460	-	2,239	-
Refunded Bonds Redeemed	-	-	-	-	-
Payment to Bond Escrow Agent	(44,518)	(50,209)	-	-	-
Transfers In	80,027	92,413	113,815	120,646	117,591
Transfers Out	(73,386)	(74,220)	(93,347)	(106,201)	(98,425)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	8,073	118,805	27,173	225,926	45,743
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ (16,376)	\$ 31,045	\$ (12,942)	\$ 153,697	\$ 15,197
Dabt soming as a parageters of					
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	11 250/	9.43%	9.87%	16.54%	9.96%
	11.25%	7.43%	7.01%	10.34%	9.90%
Source: Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the	respective years.				

TABLE 4

2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
\$ 343,973	\$ 353,606	\$ 343,954	\$ 351,540	\$ 357,673
173,559	174,092	179,802	188,884	203,417
-	-	45,178	47,190	49,489
13	11	-	-	-
20,494	13,313	14,390	15,975	16,693
49,870	52,429	18,447	12,011	12,179
18,738	19,652	24,705	25,598	28,246
15,821	15,612	15,577	14,988	19,915
15,364	11,385	8,502	7,695	3,129
- 46,691	- 65,753	- 70,276	- 53,354	- 59,111
13,866	13,963	23,506	15,758	10,834
12,592	14,610	13,696	16,554	16,069
12,263	12,594	12,154	12,633	17,208
723,244	747,020	770,187	762,180	793,963
103,235	105,557	109,265	99,112	106,907
320,527	331,529	348,165	368,224	381,513
46,083	36,414	46,853	53,822	47,598
46,195	46,115	48,544	51,036	53,883
17,151	17,593	19,355	19,209	18,991
1,199	-	-	-	-
26,116	22,033	26,692	28,058	30,528
12,926	10,871	12,074	11,865	12,875
26,282	36,445	34,073	23,158	19,259
114,595	129,407	137,100	107,625	170,502
114,575	127,407	157,100	107,025	170,502
46,160	46,397	47,351	53,925	75,611
25,301	29,169	31,451	30,277	37,517
785,770	811,530	860,923	846,311	955,184
(62,526)	(64,510)	(90,736)	(84,131)	(161,221)
253,565	34,685	101,665	170,970	68,570
9,066	54,005	4,419	170,970	00,570
,000	_		-	18,443
1,049	386	4,444	286	9,090
1,047	500	46,680	50,305	25,795
9,792	_	12,554	32,956	5,150
-	-	(9,146)		5,150
_	-	(54,299)	(60,437)	(27,286)
87,407	86,864	161,129	470,463	109,939
(63,816)	(67,832)	(156,383)	(446,236)	(52,730)
297,063	54,103	111,063	218,307	156,971
\$ 234,537	\$ (10,407)	\$ 20,327	\$ 134,176	\$ (4,250)
	+ (10,107)		+ -0 .,170	- (.,200)
10.64%	11.10%	10.80%	11.38%	14.41%

CITY OF FORT WORTH, TEXAS ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited) (in 000's)

	Total Direct						
Fiscal Year	al Year Real ^(b)		Personal ^(c)		Total Taxable		 Tax Rate ^(d)
2004	\$	20,912,940	\$	4,051,797	\$	24,964,737	\$ 0.8650
2005		21,583,075		5,290,362		26,873,437	0.8650
2006		23,781,759		5,484,162		29,265,921	0.8650
2007		27,269,005		6,387,383		33,656,388	0.8600
2008		29,566,579		8,065,831		37,632,410	0.8550
2009		32,915,645		7,954,958		40,870,603	0.8550
2010		33,504,557		8,346,458		41,851,015	0.8550
2011		32,195,274		8,826,794		41,022,068	0.8550
2012		33,932,556		8,053,487		41,986,043	0.8550
2013		35,892,406		7,805,257		43,697,663	0.8550

(a) The Assessed Value is 100%. Valuation shown for 2004 to 2007 include Tarrant County only, for 2008 to 2013 valuation shown are from the Tarrant, Denton, Parker and Wise County.

(b) Includes real all properties: residential, commercial and industrial.

(c) Includes personal properties such as: billboards, oil, gas, minerals, utilities, aircraft/mobile home

(d) Tax rate per \$100 of valuation.

Source: Tarrant County Appraisal District, Denton County Appraisal District, Parker County Appraisal District and Wise County Appraisal District.

CITY OF FORT WORTH, TEXAS PROPERTY TAX RATES - ALL DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING TAX RATES (PER \$100 OF ASSESSED VALUE) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

	C	ity Direct Rate	es		Ov	verlapping Rates	(b)	
Fiscal Year Ended Sept. 30	Operating General Rates	General Debt Total		Fort Worth ISD ^(b)	Worth County		Junior College District	
2004	\$ 0.6799	\$ 0.1851	\$ 0.8650	\$ 1.6580	\$ 0.2730	\$ 0.2350	\$ 0.1390	
2005	0.7107	0.1543	0.8650	1.6540	0.2730	0.2350	0.1390	
2006	0.7107	0.1543	0.8650	1.6540	0.2730	0.2350	0.1390	
2007	0.7259	0.1341	0.8600	1.5140	0.2720	0.2350	0.1390	
2008	0.7209	0.1341	0.8550	1.1900	0.2665	0.2300	0.1390	
2009	0.7109	0.1441	0.8550	1.2570	0.2640	0.2279	0.1380	
2010	0.7109	0.1441	0.8550	1.3220	0.2640	0.2279	0.1376	
2011	0.7109	0.1441	0.8550	1.3220	0.2640	0.2279	0.1490	
2012	0.7009	0.1541	0.8550	1.3220	0.2640	0.2279	0.1490	
2013	0.6859	0.1691	0.8550	1.3220	0.2640	0.2279	0.1490	

(a) Includes rate for "right of way" (road & highway improvement).

(b) Source - Tarrant County Appraisal District.

CITY OF FORT WORTH, TEXAS PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited) (in 000's)

				Collection Within the		Co	llections							
	Taxes Levied			Fiscal Year of	f the Levy	_	in		Total Collecti	ons to Date				
Fiscal	í	for the	C	urrent tax	Percentage	Subsequent		Т	otal Tax	Percentage				
Year	Fis	cal Year	c	ollections	of Levy	Years		Years		Years		Years Collections		of Levy
2004	\$	221,999	\$	216,524	97.53%	\$	4,180	\$	220,704	99.42%				
2005		235,296		230,241	97.85%		3,714		233,955	99.43%				
2006		257,957		253,028	98.09%		3,233		256,261	99.34%				
2007		292,466		286,805	98.06%		3,096		289,901	99.12%				
2008		320,668		315,147	98.28%		3,791		318,938	99.46%				
2009		350,946		343,530	97.89%		4,489		348,019	99.17%				
2010		362,551		354,605	97.81%		2,763		357,368	97.81%				
2011		350,050		343,622	98.16%		2,756		346,378	98.95%				
2012		358,954		352,784	98.28%		2,152		354,936	98.88%				
2013		366,361		359,890	98.23%		-		359,890	98.23%				

Source: Tarrant County Tax Office

CITY OF FORT WORTH, TEXAS PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO (Unaudited) (in 000's)

		2013			2004		
Name of Taxpayer	Nature of Property	Taxable Assessed Valuation	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Valuation	Taxable Assessed Valuation	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Valuation
TU Elect./Oncor Elect. Deliv. Co, LLC	Electric Utility	\$ 365,328	1	0.87%	\$ 321,798	1	1.29%
DDR/DTC City Investments, LP	Real Estate	217,491	2	0.51%			
Bell Helicopter Inc.	Aircraft Manufacturing	210,091	3	0.50%	129,854	5	0.52%
XTO Energy Inc	Oil/Gas Producer	199,124	4	0.47%			
Chesapeake Operating (WI)	Natural Gas Producer	196,646	5	0.46%			
Alcon Laboratories, Inc.	Pharmaceuticals	175,993	6	0.41%	226,472	3	0.90%
AMR Corp/American Airlines, Inc.	Airline	172,481	7	0.41%	247,984	2	0.99%
Wal-Mart Real Estate Bus. Trust/Stores	Retailer	151,345	8	0.36%			
Mercantile Partners Lp	Land Subdividers and Devel.	141,525	9	0.34%			
Behringer Harvard Burnett PLZ	Investment Company	137,904	10	0.33%			
Southwestern Bell	Telephone Utility				190,860	4	0.76%
City Center Development	Developer				129,111	6	0.52%
Sprint Communications Co.	Telephone Utility				102,424	10	0.41%
Burlington Northern Santa Fe	Railroad Transportation				107,168	9	0.43%
Miller Brewing	Beer Brewing				119,323	7	0.48%
Albertson, Inc.	Grocery Retailer				110,437	8	0.44%
		\$ 1,967,928	_	4.66%	\$ 1,685,431	= =	6.74%

Source: Tarrant Appraisal District Supplemental Certification Report

CITY OF FORT WORTH, TEXAS **RATIO OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE** LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

(in 000's)

	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	
Governmental:						
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 246,271	\$ 235,486	\$ 212,909	\$ 322,296	\$ 295,925	
Certificates of Obligation	73,350	69,960	62,610	67,605	60,230	
Installment Obligation	8,050	7,605	7,135	6,645	6,130	
Equipment Notes Payable	6,070	7,150	5,030	3,160	26,600	
HUD Installment Obligation	8,600	15,560	14,656	9,449	8,808	
Service Center Obligation	-	22,725	22,315	21,890	21,450	
Helicopter Installment Obligation	895	706	512	312	105	
Fort Worth Housing Corp Obligation	-	9,588	9,528	9,464	9,395	
Fort Worth Housing Fannie Mae Loan	-	-	-	1,000	1,000	
Villas of Eastwood Terrace	-	894	-	-	-	
Fort Worth Sports Authority	-	9,265	8,077	16,359	15,903	
Lone Star Local Govt Corp Obligation	-	31,617	31,617	31,617	31,617	
Central City Local Govt Corp Obligation	-	-	3,074	2,933	2,596	
State Energy Conservation Loan Phase I & II	-	-	3,200	4,610	4,433	
State Energy Conservation Loan Phase III	-	-	-	3,794	5,000	
ESPC Phase IV	-	-	-	-	-	
ESPC Phase VII	-	-	-	-	-	
Wells Fargo Loan	-	-	306	296	269	
Beechwood Bridge Obligation	-	-	-	1,449	1,287	
Capital Leases	-	-	-	-	-	
Business-type:						
General Obligation Bonds	1,488	1,448	706	284	140	
Revenue Bonds	645,328	658,528	653,690	737,480	757,885	
Certificates of Obligation	4,760	3,800	10,940	31,165	30,905	
Municipal Golf Capital Lease	-	-	246	187	132	
Equipment Notes Payable	10,383	16,650	8,081	6,875	5,730	
Trinity River Authority	15,415	14,800	14,150	8,895	8,490	
ESPC Phase V	-	-	-	-	-	
Total Primary Government	\$ 1,020,610	\$ 1,105,782	\$ 1,068,782	\$ 1,287,765	\$ 1,294,030	
Personal Income (a)	\$ 11,334,992	\$ 11,834,034	\$ 12,577,390	\$ 13,008,252	\$ 13,311,276	
Debt as a Percentage of Personal Income	9%	9%	8%	10%	10%	
Population (b)	599	625	664	687	703	
Debt Per Capita	\$ 1,704	\$ 1,769	\$ 1,610	\$ 1,875	\$ 1,841	

(a) Personal Income calculated using the population and the per capita personal income (source: U. S. Bureau of Census 2000 and 2012)

(b) Estimate by North Central Texas Council of Governments, Arlington, Texas.

Source: Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the respective years and other sources listed above.

TABLE 9

 2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		
\$ 406,006	\$	380,125	\$	371,760	\$	458,800	\$	463,488		
166,215		188,655		202,880		247,600		302,985		
5,585	5,010							3,770		3,080
22,634		18,852		58,005		54,450		46,860		
8,147		7,465		6,761 6,034		6,034		5,282		
20,995		20,520		20,030		19,515		18,980		
-		-		-		-		-		
9,322		9,244		9,161		9,073		-		
-		-		-		-		-		
-		-		-		-		-		
15,903		15,442		15,337		8,476		8,386		
31,617		31,617		31,617		31,617		31,617		
2,219		1,809		1,376		872		347		
3,730		3,216		2,580		1,925		1,249		
4,397	4,397 4,080			3,598	3,102		2,59			
9,066		8,795		8,352		7,820		-		
-		-		-		-		18,443		
245		196		144		78		-		
1,127		724		333		-		-		
-		-		4,319		4,096		3,816		
65		-		-		-		-		
710,675		745,155		855,310		884,010		858,985		
57,240		54,195		57,560		56,035		55,238		
69		5		-		-		-		
4,545		3,319		2,049		750		-		
8,065		7,620		7,150		6,656		6,100		
-		15,365		15,365		15,365		14,691		
\$ 1,487,867	\$	1,521,409	\$	1,678,092	\$	1,820,044	\$	1,842,137		
\$ 13,640,815	\$	17,334,565	\$	20,399,090	\$	18,827,032	\$	18,934,769		
11%		9%		8%		10%		10%		
720		736		748		758		768		
\$ 2,066	\$	2,067	\$	2,249	\$	2,313	\$	2,399		



CITY OF FORT WORTH, TEXAS PERCENT OF TOTAL GENERAL DEBT OUTSTANDING TO ASSESSED VALUE AND TOTAL GENERAL DEBT OUTSTANDING PER CAPITA LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited) (in 000's)

General Bonded Debt Outstanding

		General	Ce	rtificates	_			Outsta	cent anding al Debt		G	standing eneral Debt
Fiscal		bligation		of			Assessed	to Ass	sessed	Estimated		Per
Year	I	Bonds ^(a)	Ob	ligation ^(a)		Total	 Value ^(b)	Va	lue	Population ^(c)		Capita
2004	\$	246,271	\$	73,350	\$	319,621	\$ 24,964,737		1.28%	599	\$	0.534
2005		235,486		69,960		305,446	26,873,437		1.14%	625		0.489
2006		212,909		62,610		275,519	29,265,921		0.94%	664		0.415
2007		322,296		67,605		389,901	33,656,388		1.16%	687		0.568
2008		295,925		60,230		356,155	37,632,410		0.95%	687		0.518
2009		406,006		166,215		572,221	40,870,603		1.40%	702		0.815
2010		380,125		188,655		568,780	41,851,015		1.36%	741		0.768
2011		371,760		202,880		574,640	41,022,067		1.40%	748		0.768
2012		458,800		247,600		706,400	41,986,043		1.68%	758		0.932
2013		463,488		302,985		766,473	43,697,663		1.75%	768		0.998

(a) The Business Type Activities debt is not General Bonded Debt and therefore is not included.

(b) Assessed value is 100%

(c) Source: North Central Texas Council of Governments, Arlington Texas.

CITY OF FORT WORTH, TEXAS LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION SEPTEMBER 30, 2013 (Unaudited) (in Million)

	 2004*	2005*		2006*		2007*		2008*	
Total Assessed Valuation	\$ 24,965	\$	26,873	\$	29,266	\$	33,656	\$	37,471
Overall Debt Limitation - 10% of Assessed Valuation									
Net Debt Subject to Limitation									
Legal Debt Margin Within 10% Limitation									

Legal Debt Margin as a Percentage of the Debt Limit

Notes:

*Article 835p of the State of Texas Civil Statutes limits cities with a population of six hundred thousand or more according to the last federal census to incur a total bonded indebtedness by the issuance of tax-supported bonds in an amount not exceeding ten (10%) percent of the total assessed valuation of property shown by the last assessment roll of the city. According to the 2000 Federal Census, the City of Fort Worth had a population of over 516 thousand; therefore the 10% limitation does not apply for 2010 and before. According to the 2010 Federal Census, the City of Fort Worth had a population of over 758 thousand; therefore, the 10% limitation does apply after 2010.

CITY OF FORT WORTH, TEXAS CITY TAX RATE DISTRIBUTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Per \$100 of Assessed Value) (Unaudited)

	2	2004		2005		2006		2007		2008	
General Fund	\$	0.680	\$	0.711	\$	0.711	\$	0.726	\$	0.721	
Debt Service Fund		0.185		0.154		0.154		0.134		0.134	
Total City Tax Rate	\$	0.865	\$	0.865	\$	0.865	\$	0.860	\$	0.855	

Source: Tarrant Appraisal District

 2009*	2010*		2011		 2012	 2013
\$ 38,357	\$	39,725	\$	39,836	\$ 41,986	\$ 43,698
				3,984	4,199	4,370
				575	 706	 727
			\$	3,409	\$ 3,493	\$ 3,643
				86%	83%	83%

 2009	 2010	2011		2012		 2013
\$ 0.711	\$ 0.711	\$	0.711	\$	0.701	\$ 0.686
 0.144	 0.144		0.144		0.154	0.169
\$ 0.855	\$ 0.855	\$	0.855	\$	0.855	\$ 0.855

Estimated

CITY OF FORT WORTH, TEXAS DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013 (in 000's) (Unaudited)

			Estimated
		Estimated	Share of
	Debt	Percentage	Overlapping
Governmental Unit	Outstanding	Applicable ^(b)	Debt
Aledo ISD	\$ 143,481	1.35%	\$ 1,937
Arlington Independent School District	445,145	0.04%	178
Azle Independent School District	18,750	2.39%	448
Birdville Independent School District	199,360	5.97%	11,902
Burleson Independent School District	307,662	15.10%	46,457
Castleberry Independent School District	47,600	42.15%	20,063
Crowley Independent School District	311,663	73.62%	229,446
Denton County	596,245	2.16%	12,879
Eagle Mountain-Saginaw Independent School District	569,718	62.12%	353,909
Everman Independent School District	87,845	64.76%	56,888
Fort Worth Independent School District	672,515	86.05%	578,699
Hurst-Euless-Bedford Independent School District	302,123	27.16%	82,057
Keller Independent School District	681,493	45.73%	311,647
Kennedale Independent School District	44,931	0.48%	216
Lake Worth Independent School District	72,762	48.01%	34,933
Mansfield Independent School District	740,530	0.01%	74
Northwest Independent School District	626,684	38.59%	241,837
Parker County	94,010	0.36%	338
Tarrant County	336,635	37.75%	127,080
Tarrant County College District	15,485	37.75%	5,846
Tarrant County Hospital District	25,375	37.75%	9,579
White Settlement Independent School District	165,653	51.62%	85,510
Wise County	3,180	0.04%	1
Subtotal, overlapping debt			2,211,925
City of Fort Worth Net Direct Debt	889,704	100.00 %	889,704
Total direct and overlapping debt			\$ 3,101,629

^(a) All debt figures of the overlapping subdivisions reflect the gross bonded debt of each entity, with the exception of the City of Fort Worth. Net direct debt is General Obligation Bonds plus Certificates of Obligation, Notes, Loans, and Capital Leases less amount available in the Debt Service Fund.

^(b) The estimated percentage is based on a formula using

Source: Municipal Advisory Council of Texas

CITY OF FORT WORTH, TEXAS PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited) (in 000's)

	Revenues			Debt			
Fiscal Year	Total Revenues ^(a)	Less: Operating Expense ^(b)	Net Revenue	Principal	Interest	Annual Requirement	Bond Coverage ^(c)
Water and	Sewer ^(d)						
2004	\$ 237,243	\$ 131,852	\$ 105,391	\$ 43,071	\$ 31,498	\$ 74,569	1.41
2005	265,569	124,389	141,180	43,472	31,344	74,816	1.89
2006	303,144	151,940	151,204	42,480	30,514	72,994	2.07
2007	276,263	151,982	124,281	43,395	29,865	73,260	1.70
2008	313,388	170,069	143,319	46,198	34,353	80,551	1.78
2009	310,122	183,311	126,811	51,831	32,018	83,849	1.51
2010	321,366	189,329	132,037	51,025	28,592	79,617	1.66
2011	351,712	196,478	155,234	57,195	30,702	87,897	1.77
2012	349,112	217,978	131,134	62,210	33,592	95,802	1.37
2013	353,223	211,493	141,730	68,610	31,226	99,836	1.42
Municipal	Parking ^(e)						
2004	795	227	568	103	284	387	1.47
2005	654	208	446	-	-	-	-
2006	3,728	225	3,503	88	199	287	12.21
2007	4,601	339	4,262	-	599	599	7.12
2008	5,404	445	4,959	-	1,150	1,150	4.31
2009	5,133	1,423	3,710	100	1,895	1,995	1.86
2010	6,543	2,189	4,354	300	2,651	2,951	1.48
2011	7,800	2,448	5,352	640	2,704	3,344	1.60
2012	7,808	2,775	5,033	955	2,667	3,622	1.39
2013	7,117	2,891	4,226	1,005	2,620	3,625	1.17
Solid Wast							
2004	29,897	30,138	(241)	1,099	361	1,460	(0.17)
2005	39,011	33,812	5,199	1,133	363	1,496	3.48
2006	41,019	35,578	5,441	1,169	601	1,770	3.07
2007	45,727	38,267	7,460	1,206	578	1,784	4.18
2008	52,243	40,343	11,900	1,145	535	1,680	7.08
2009	49,442	42,976	6,466	1,625	484	2,109	3.07
2010	52,787	37,966	14,821	1,661	491	2,152	6.89
2011	55,418	42,945	12,473	1,704	333	2,037	6.12
2012	54,449	45,023	9,426	1,734	285	2,019	4.67
2013	56,325	47,669	8,656	1,185	1,110	2,295	3.77
Stormwate		10.001	0.044	210		1 0 1 7	
2008	18,968	10,024	8,944	310	907	1,217	7.35
2009	21,675	12,711	8,964	520	1,158	1,678	5.34
2010	27,786	17,737	10,049	1,445	2,752	4,197	2.39
2011	30,340	16,522	13,818	1,515	2,858	4,373	3.16
2012	34,130	17,929	16,201	3,860	5,426	9,286	1.74
2013	35,244	17,446	17,798	3,715	5,663	9,378	1.90

^(a) Exclusive of other expenses and contributions and includes interest income.

^(b) Exclusive of depreciation charges.

^(c) Bond Coverage is computed by dividing Net Revenue by Annual Requirements.

^(d) Secured by revenues of the City's Water and Sewer System.

^(e) Secured by revenues of the City's Will Rogers Memorial Center Parking Facilities.

^(f) Secured by revenues of the City's Solid Waste Services Program.

^(g) Secured by revenue collected to maintain the stormwater system.

CITY OF FORT WORTH, TEXAS DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year	Population ^(a)	Personal Income	Per Capita Personal Income	Median Age	Unemployment ^(b)	Unemployment Rate ^(b)
2004	597,150	\$ 11,309,423,850	\$ 18,939 ^(c)	31.2 ^(c)	19,582	6.9%
2005	624,850	11,834,034,150	18,939 ^(c)	31.2 ^(c)	16,065	5.4%
2006	664,100	12,577,389,900	18,939 ^(c)	31.2 ^(c)	15,061	4.9%
2007	686,850	13,008,252,150	18,939 ^(c)	31.2 ^(c)	14,485	4.6%
2008	702,850	13,311,276,150	18,939 ^(c)	31.2 ^(c)	17,154	5.3%
2009	720,250	13,640,814,750	18,939 ^(c)	31.2 ^(c)	26,982	8.1%
2010	741,206	18,414,521,864	24,844 ^(d)	31.1 ^(d)	28,044	8.3%
2011	748,450	18,594,491,800	24,844 ^(d)	31.1 ^(d)	29,813	8.7%
2012	757,810	18,827,031,640	24,844 ^(d)	31.1 ^(d)	22,632	6.4%
2013	767,560	17,998,514,440	23,449 ^(e)	31.9 ^(e)	22,566	6.1%

(a) Estimate by North Central Texas Council of Governments, Arlington, Texas and City of Fort Worth Planning and Development Department.

(b) Source: BLS Local Area Unemployment Statistics.

(c) Source: U. S. Bureau of Census 2000

(d) Source: U. S. Bureau of Census 2010

(e) Source: U. S. Bureau of Census 2012

CITY OF FORT WORTH, TEXAS PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS FORT WORTH METROPOLITAN AREA CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO (Unaudited) (in 000's)

			2013			2004	
				Percentage of Total			Percentage of Total
Name of Employers	Employees		Rank	Employment (d)	Employees (e)	Rank	Employment (f)
AMR Corp./American Airlines	22.2	(b)	1	0.64%	17.0	2	0.64%
Lockheed Martin Tactical Aircraft Systems	15.0	(a)	2	0.43%	16.8	1	0.64%
NAS Fort Worth Joint Reserve Base	11.4	(a)	3	0.33%	3.9	7	0.15%
Fort Worth Independent School District	11.0	(a)	4	0.32%	10.4	3	0.39%
City of Fort Worth	7.0	(c)	5	0.20%	5.7	5	0.22%
JPS Health Network/John Peter Smith Hospital	4.9	(a)	6	0.14%	3.4	10	0.13%
Cook Children's Health Care System	4.8	(a)	7	0.14%	3.7	8	0.14%
Tarrant County Government	4.2	(a)	8	0.12%	4.2	6	0.16%
Texas Health Harris Methodist	4.0	(a)	9	0.12%	7.8	4	0.29%
Bell Helicopter-Textron, Inc.	3.8	(a)	10	0.11%	4.9	11	0.19%
	88.3			2.55%	77.8		2.95%

^(a) Source: Fort Worth Chamber of Commerce

^(b) Source: AMR Corporation

^(c) Source: City of Fort Worth Human Resources Department

^(d) Estimated total employment of 344,972 for 2013 per U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics

^(e) Source: City of Fort Worth, Texas CAFR For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2004.

^(f) Total employment in the year 2004 equals 264,428 per U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics

CITY OF FORT WORTH, TEXAS FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION / PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

Function/Program	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
General Government					
Mayor and Council ^(a)	25	25	29	28	28
City Manager	125	111	111	106	103
Budget and Management Services ^(b)	-	21	19	16	17
Housing and Community Development ^(c)	48	47	50	49	50
Development	88	89	119	151	136
Community Relations	29	24	24	35	29
Internal Audit	15	14	16	16	16
City Secretary	7	7	8	7	8
Legal	40	42	44	46	46
Finance	61	63	60	68	67
Human Resources	128	162	166	143	101
Economic and Community Development ^(c)	26	30	29	35	38
Transportation Public Works ^(d)	398	400	400	443	426
Planning	22	21	22	-	-
Code Compliance ^(e)	99	110	103	110	116
Public Events	132	135	132	135	126
Municipal Court	172	167	166	173	174
Public Health	129	137	144	149	130
Environmental Management ^(e)	118	113	124	123	115
Parks and Community Services	812	846	860	714	809
Zoo (Contract) ^(f)	4	3	2	-	-
Library	261	258	273	283	259
Retirement ^(g)	6	7	8	-	-
Subtotal	2,745	2,832	2,909	2,830	2,794
Enterprise Fund					
Water/Wastewater	766	807	805	833	812
Aviation	37	34	33	28	27
Subtotal	803	841	838	861	839
Internal Service Fund					
IT Solutions	102	115	114	123	118
Equipment Services	124	116	121	126	120
Engineering	153	168	170	161	171
Subtotal	379	399	405	410	409
Public Safety					
Police-Uniform	1,350	1,381	1,399	1,470	1521
Police-Civilian	581	625	653	647	658
Fire-Uniform			828		923
	812	799	020	892	923
Fire-Civilian	812 47	52	45	49	48
Fire-Civilian Subtotal					

^(a) Mayor and Council Office is included in City Manager's Office since 2011.

^(b) Budget and management Services estbalished in FY05, previously a division of City Manager office. In FY09

merged into Financial management Services. In FY11 moved to City Manager's office.

^(c) Economic and Community Development was combined with Housing in 2009.

^(d) Street services is a division of Transportation Public Works Department.

^(e) Environmental Management is combined with Code Compliance since 2011.

^(f) Fort Worth Zoo management is contracted out to Fort Worth Zoo Association since 2007.

^(g) Employee for Retirement Department is transferred to Fort Worth Retirement Systems (separate entity) since 2007.

Source: Approved Budgets 2004-2013

$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$					
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			-	-	-
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		52	90	89	58
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	9	8	-	-	-
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	83	85	75	57	71
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	140	137	135	147	155
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	72	45	-	-	-
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			14		
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$					
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				51	53
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$					
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	126	103	104	107	52
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	-	-	-	-	-
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	559	550	588	564	617
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	-	-	-	-	-
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	173	173	272	284	289
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	132	127	127	123	132
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	180	177	191	195	198
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	-	-	-	-	-
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	107	113	-	-	-
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	756	705	727	690	396
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	-	-	-	-	-
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	260	275	286	271	220
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	-	-	-	-	-
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2,810	2,725	2,737	2,695	2,356
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$					
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	880	891	892	901	934
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $					
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	904	913	916		958
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$					
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	00	00	100	111	127
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $					
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $		- 104	- 97		100
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		194	197		233
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			177		200
675 660 647 677 448 891 869 894 897 908 57 55 44 60 47 3,161 3,108 3,119 3,173 2,997	1538	1.524	1.534	1,539	1.594
891 869 894 897 908 57 55 44 60 47 3,161 3,108 3,119 3,173 2,997					
57 55 44 60 47 3,161 3,108 3,119 3,173 2,997					
3,161 3,108 3,119 3,173 2,997					

CITY OF FORT WORTH, TEXAS OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION / PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

Function/Program	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Public Safety					
Fire					
Calls for Service - Fire	2,723	3,825	2,906	2,287	3,486
Calls for Service - EMS	38,580	37,725	37,819	49,892	51,401
Police					
Calls for Service	303,159	310,056	317,446	314,132	312,219
Municipal Courts					
Citations Entered	410,161	382,280	404,393	439,393	447,949
Warrants Issued	254,992	244,714	55,030	177,729	198,000
Jail Cases Prepared	61,837	74,220	44,647	43,124	62,405
Transportation and Public Works					
Streets - Linear Miles Maintained Annually	6,638	6,830	7,000	7,173	7,218
Lane Miles - Resurfaced	269	274	219	152	177
Library					
Books and audio/visual materials (millions)	2.4	2.3	1.1	(a) 1.1	(a) 1.1
Average Monthly Circulation	286,317	302,096	311,050	320,791	337,768
Building Permits					
Permits issued (in thousands)	16.1	13.8	17.0	12.0	12.0
Estimated Value (in thousands)	\$ 1,778,279	\$ 1,809,740	\$ 2,444,399	\$ 2,216,067	\$ 2,186,348
Aviation					
Airport Operations (Takeoffs and Landings)	265,917	223,873	230,068	257,983	312,799
Total Fuel Flowage, gallons	N/A	N/A	8,156,853	7,917,256	7,674,724
Total Fuel Flowage, revenue	N/A	N/A	\$ 716,424	\$ 715,791	\$ 728,683
Water & Sewer					
Number of Water Accounts (in thousands)	166	176	186	212	216
Peak Day Water Consumption (million gallons)	266	304	344	271	335
Average Daily Water Consumption (million gallons)	159	174	208	172	183
Water System Storage Capacity (million gallons)	75	75	75	75	88
Actual Annual Water Pumpage (million gallons)	58,121	63,593	75,723	62,749	66,914
Number of Sewer Accounts (in thousands)	179	189	197	204	208
Average daily sewage treatment (million gallons)	108	109	94	122	107
Municipal Parking	<i></i>		10.005		
Parking tickets issued	61,327	55,103	40,287	56,368	61,130

N/A = Information not available

^(a) Number does not include approximately 1 million governmental documents.

_	2009	2010		2011	2012	2013	
	2,776	2,281		12,392	10,111	10,158	
	52,566	53,837		65,190	58,770	71,511	
	314,942	312,061		299,750	299,793	266,169	
	451,938	415,008		327,779	277,672	246,378	
	273,951	274,833		318,720	219,478	167,764	
	73,566	81,522		136,312	152,874	141,888	
	7,291	7,317		7,325	7,341	7,382	
	208	164		177	169	143	
(a)	1.1	(a) 1.1	(a)	1.1	(a) 1.1	1.1 ^(a)	
	349,247	342,697		375,965	369,450	355,877	
	9.7	10.0		9.8	10.0	1.10	
	\$ 1,487,296	\$ 1,678,179	\$	1,352,438	\$ 1,454,917	\$1,214,680	
	263,077	229,845		260,059	248,650	252,989	
	7,099,019	6,656,640		7,828,177	7,742,014	8,260,693	
	\$ 632,715	\$ 770,510	\$	910,116	\$ 908,212	\$926,437	
	220	221		223	225	228	
	323	313		368	346	324	
	178	170		205	265	186	
	92	93		93 74 007	93	90	
	64,984	62,131		74,997	69,469	67,929	
	210	212		214	216	219	
	106	135		105	110	95	
	64,061	61,715		52,261	47,211	60,354	

CITY OF FORT WORTH, TEXAS CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION / PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

Function/Program	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Library					
Library Facilities Owned	13	13	13	13	13
Library Facilities Leased	2	2	2	2	2
Parks and Recreation					
Parks and Public Spaces	223	227	231	236	243
Parks Acres	10,595	10,715	10,762	10,832	10,929
Miles of Trails (Jogging, Hiking & Biking) (paved trails)	58	59	60	58	60
Swimming Pools	7	7	7	7	7
Athletic Fields (Soccer, Football, Baseball & Rugby)	175	175	178	184	181
Tennis Centers	1	1	1	1	1
Number of Tennis Courts	16	16	16	16	16
Neighborhood Tennis Courts	82	82	82	82	82
Multi-use Courts	105	105	105	106	107
Golf Courses	5	5	5	5	5
Community and C.A.P. Centers	21	21	21	21	21
Public Safety					
Police Stations Owned	9	9	9	9	10
Police Stations Leased	10	10	10	10	11
Fire Stations	39	40	41	40	40
Public Works					
Streets - Linear Miles	6,638	6,830	7,000	7,173	7,218
Traffic Signals	628	653	696	603	(a) 588
Street Lights	55,300	56,592	58,565	60,026	60,950
Stormwater					
Miles of Channels - Improved	191	236	281	327	326
Miles of Storm Pipes	648	700	750	680	700
Water					
Water Mains (Miles)	2,767	2,837	3,177	3,292	3,395
Fire Hydrants	14,002	14,803	16,929	17,040	17,580
Wastewater					
Miles of Sanitary Sewers	2,726	2,804	3,218	3,315	3,380

(a) The City also maintains 97 Traffic Signals owned by TXDOT not included in the number noted above.

(b) The City also maintains 100 Traffic Signals owned by TXDOT not included in the number noted above. N/A= Information not available

Source: Respective City of Fort Worth departments.

_	2009		2010		2011		2012		2013	
	13		13		14		14		14	
	2		2		2		2		2	
	249		253		257		260		260	
	11,094		11,292		11,609		11,663		11,663	
	63		64		66		66		71	
	7		7		7		7		7	
	181		181		181		184		188	
	1		1		1		1		1	
	16		16		16		16		16	
	82		82		82		82		87	
	107		107		107		107		107	
	5		5		5		5		4	
	21		21		21		21		21	
	11		11		10		12		12	
	10		9		8		11		11	
	42		42		42		42		42	
	7,291		7,317		7,325		7,341		7,382	
)	620	(a)	635	(a)	644	(a)	649	(b)	667	
	61,593		62,075		63,007		64,175		64,721	
	333		327		330		212		212	
	714		800		900		930		1,163	
	3,449		3,469		3,480		3,513		3,553	
	17,947		18,275		18,388		18,616		18,879	
	3,421		3,454		3,527		3,569		3,610	







COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT CITY OF FORT WORTH FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT SERVICES DEPARTMENT 1000 THROCKMORTON STREET FORT WORTH, TEXAS 76102 WWW.fortworthtexas.gov